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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 29, 1993-SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHO LE No. 2525

FOUND LIGHTED BOMB AT CAMP **M'KINLEY**

Alleged Attempt to Blow Up Ar. They Speak From tillery Sergeant Whom the Soldiers Disliked.

Artilleramen at Camp McKinley are alleged to have attempted to blow up First Sergeant Kuntz of the Sixty-sixth company with a bomb midnight last Thursday, and as a result of the failure of the commanding officer to ascertain from members of the company the perpetrators of the deed, the entire company of artillery was cut off from all priv-ileges, and the men were compelled to remain in camp for several days.

An examination of the bomb which was found in close proximity to Sergeant Kuntz's quarters was made with a view to ascertaining whether it contained a dangerous explosive, but it was found to be composed of nothing more than gunpowder. Artillerymen of the company say that it was nothing but a Chinese bomb of the kind used for Fourth of July celebrations, which was intended simply as a harmless joke upon the hated first sergeant. Officers at Camp McKinley now believe the affair was intended for a joke but say it was a dangerous one, as the buildings might have caught fire had the bomb exploded.

The discovery of the bomb was accidental, and the fuse was extinguished when it had but a few more inches to burn to reach the powder. Sergeant Best, the sergeant of the guard on duty at the camp last Thursday night; happened to be going through the company quarters between twelve and one o'clock Thursday night. Passing the quarters of Sergeant Kuntz he discovered a bomb fastened by a wire, the fuse burning briskly to within about four inches of the deadly looking affair. Without a moment's hesitation, the sergeant seized the bomb and stamped out the fire with his foot. The officer of the guard, Lieutenant Davis, was summoned and the bomb turned over to him. First Sergeant Kuntz who had been awakened by the noise, hastily tumbled out of his bunk and became very much frightened when told of the finding of the bomb.

Captain Douglass, who is now commanding the Sixty-sixth company, started an immediate investigation with a view to ascertaining the men who are said to have attempted the life of the first sergeant and also endangered the lives and property of others. The next morning the company was called before the commanding officer, and an effort made to learn the names of the artillerymen who had placed the bomb in the and Captain Douglass ordered that all special privileges be cut off from the entire company. Only two men, who are detailed on special duty outside the company, were exempted from the order. The men were not allowed to leave camp for several days after the discovery of the bomb, and the passes were temporarily cut off.

Sergeant Kuntz has tendered his resignation to Captain Douglass but it has been refused, and he will have to remain in charge company, the commanding officers not wishing to give the impression. The Republican party, he said, was pines and this work having been practical that he duit through fear.

[like rich soll, but the Home Rule party the like rich soll p

Sergeant Kuntz is said to be cordially hated by the men of the Sergeant Kuntz is said to be cordially nated by the men of the be planted among the rocks. He told Sixty-sixth company; over whom he has command in the absence of of his connection with the Home Rule; the commissioned officers. They claim he is overbearing and constantly party in 1900, and he said that all pres-that flag which you always leved and hunting for trivial defections from the camp regulations in order to the that he was a hard worker to love so well, and for which my then for that party. In his experience heart, as yours, yet yearns. (Anhave punishment visited upon them.

LIEUTENANT DAVIS' STATEMENT.

"I was officer of the guard the night the bomb was discovered," was greeted with applause. Men like American government of, by and for said Lieutenant Davis of the Sixty-sixth Artillery last evening. "It the old time chiefs seemed to be what the people. I have been on the main-certainly was a very formidable looking thing, although I do not believe fice, but they were not the men nicked." it could have done any serious damage. The bomb, or rather large out firecracker, was found by Sergeant Best, fastened by a wire to the Hawaii was gone forever and before send the Republican candidates screen in the first sergeant's quarters. The first sergeant could have been in no danger, as he was sleeping in his bunk, which was separated from the screen by the small office room. At the time it was discovered, the fuse was burning and Sergeant Best extinguished it. The bomb vember would be the officers, and the new there are two candidates, both with was then brought to me and later turned over to the officer of the day.

"The bomb was a dangerous looking affair, although I believe it was nothing more than a large Chinese firecracker. It was probably the voters to elect the right men, and my life. I was born in this same Fifth six inches long and two inches in diameter. It was covered with a fibre substance, or something of the kind. I do not believe it could have done for all the Republican nominees," he how he stood by the Hawaiians and I any damage as it contained only gunpowder. It might have been enough said, "you will find you have elected ask you to support me now. to set the building on fire, but not sufficient to blow anyone up. It is men fit for the offices." my impression that it was intended as a joke, and the only punishment I know of that was meted out to the men, was the curtailment of their liberties for one day.'

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

SOFIA, Sept. 29.—The situation in the Balkans is growing brighter and war seems unlikely. A Bulgarian diplomat is about to leave for Constantinople to attend a conference.

SALONICA, Sept. 29.—The Sultan has decorated Baklizar Pasha, author of the Krushevo massacres.

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—It is reported that prominent Macedonians there are seven white men to 250 Haare urging the insurgent leaders to discontinue the uprisings.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Times says that orders have been issued by the Sultan that in future all Bulgarians captured shall immediately

TIENTSIN, Sept. 29.—The Russian forces in China comprise laboring man and worked for five years 50,000 in Manchuria and 200,000 around Port Arthur. At the latter publican party to be the friend of the place there are now eighty forts and eighty warships.

PORTO RICO, Sept. 29.—Twelve hundred schools have opened here with an attendance of 50,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—President Roosevelt has returned from his summer vacation.

MANILA, Sept. 20.—Gomez, the ladrone, has been sentenced to es' imprisonment,

CAMPAIGN

Waikiki to Kalihi.

To c Diamond Head to Kalihi, spellbinders of the Republican party openand were everywhere received with enthusiasm. At Waikiki meer Righ Sheriff Brown's residence, in the sand lot back of the Honolulu Iron Works in Kaksako, and at the Detention Camp in Kalihi, rousing railies were said at which nearly all of the candidates were present.

Several of the candidates appeared for the first time on the political rostrum and acquitted themselves in a oreditable way, presenting reasons for their candidacy on the Republican ticket, and reasons why the Hawaiians should cast their ballots for the grand

The candidates after speaking at one place, repaired to one of the other of the remaining gathering places, it being

The Kalihi Camp had the tionor of Ilstening to four candidates make their pointed major and inspector general maiden speeches. Geo, F. Renton, for supervisor, Wm. T. Rawlins, for district attorney. Harry E. Murray for clerk and Frank Panis for supervisor war General Sanger was appointed and Frank Panis for supervisor indicated. Their speeches that they were familiar with Republical princi-

R. N. BOYD'S ADDRESS.

candidate for surveyor, who hoped that Philippines as the chief aid of General the pallots for the entire Republican Davis, whom he succeeded as inspector. ticket would fall into the ballot boxes general. In October last he was design. November third like drops of rain, nated to take a census of the Philipwas only rocky soil, and nothing could now returning home. then for that party. In his experience heart, as yours, yet yearns. (Apwith Home Rulers he had found that plause.) I come before you as a can-"anti-haole" was the foundation of all didate. In county government we Home Rule doctrine. This statement have what is dear to the heart of every was greeted with applause. Men like American government of, by and for fice, but they were not the men picked found out and say to you that the Retheir eyes there was now a new flag to office and I assure you they will be be followed. He likened county gov- guided by Kamehameha's proverb that eriment to a hui or corporation of the land shall be governed in righteouswhich the men elected in office in No-ness. For this office of district attorpeople stockholders. They should sup- white skins, but who would you go to port the best men for the officers of in your troubles? To the man who the county government hui. He urged knows you, as I have known you, all not vote for men simply because they district and lived here for eighteen

CANDIDATE MURRAY TALKS, his initial political speech, talked like a veteran in politics. "This is my first with you." (Applause.) political speech," he announced. stand before you as a nominee of the Republican party. I was not forced to be a Republican, but I am one because I know it is the best party for the Hawaiians and because I know it is the only party that can do anything for the Hawalians. I am a Hawalian, should appeal to Hawailan voters as and I am proud of it. I am as good and true a Hawaiian as any of you. Now here's some facts. I hear it said that the government does not employ Fifth." announced his first political wallans and a number of Portuguese. It's the same way throughout all the departments. I have been raised among the Hawalians. Ask all my Hawaiian schoolmates who and what I am, and they will-tell you I'm a good Hawaiian. I have not always been in a clerical position. I have been a at my trade. I have found the Re-

"How many Hawalians can the Home Rulers employ if they should. win the election. About 500 and that's not all of you. in it? If the Republican party wins 500 will get good work and the business community will employ all the rest. Peck & Co., Hackfeld & Co., Davies & Co., and the Oceanic company all employ Hawaiians. They are the ones-Republicans -who help you." (Applause)

NOMINEE BAWLING TALKS.

GEN. SANGER GEAR MAKES NAMES ARE A VISITOR STARTED Noted Army Man Insists on Letters Maui Home Rulers Is Passenger

General Jos. P. Sanger, the man who in the Philippines, and who super-Fised the census in Cuba and Porto Ricel is a through passenger on the Nipped Maru. General Sanger has been on duty in the Philippines since binders of the Republican party open. March, 1901, in connection with the in-ed up the county campaign last night, species general's department and last October started taking the census of

on Maru.

Geheral Sanger is an old Civil war veteran, although still quite a young man. He was born in Michigan and appointed a second lieutenant from that State in the Michigan volunteers. He served during the Civil war and was engaged in the occupation of Alexandrie and the battle of Bull Run. Later he was appointed an artillery lieuten-ant, and during the last few years of the war lie was acting inspector general for the department of the South He was brevetted twice for gallant and meritorious services, once as captain andagain as major.

He served as adjutant in the artillery school from 1868 to 1870, was later rethe purpose of the committee to have lery tactics and then professor of milieach one speak twice during the even-tary science at Bowdoin College. In ing. Busses between the Kalihi Camp 1872 he was appointed a member of the and the King street car line facilitated military commission which visited Japan China, Germany, India and other foreign countries and spent three years in the tour. Later he was anwere familiar with Republican princi-ples and knew h w to explain them to from the volunteer service and made director of the Cuban and Porto Rican consus, which position be held until The first speaker was R. Nr Boyd March, 1961. Sanger then went to the

All knew that the beloved flag of publican party stands by the people. Diause.)

"I have no home across the seas to Harry E. Murray, although making so to if you turn me down. My home is here, and I will always stay here

FRANK PAHIA SPEAKS. Frank Pahia spoke in Hawaiian and aroused the audience to enthusiastic applause. He said that the true principles of Bome Bullam rested in the Republican party, and therefore it

the party of the people. ROOSEVELT RENTON.

Geo, F. Renton, the "Roosevelt of the speech. He said his way was in doing and not talking. He had been in the Islands for forty years and if he lived forty years more he would still be here and a Republican. His interests and work were here, and so was everything that made life dear to him." am not a Hawaiian," said he, "I would like to know who is one." He said he stood squarely on the county platform of the Republican party. Republican party in the last legislature gave us county government, and it gave the people everything connected with local self-government. Mr. Renion thought the people should give the Republican party nominees the opportunity to put the machinery into motion. Upon the Hawalians rested the responsibility of electing bonest men, capable of administering coputy affairs, and these men were in the Republican party. Mr. Renton's speech was frequently punctuated by tylantee.

Benater McCandless and others spoke, Wm. T. Rawlins, candidate for dis- speakers from other meetings appeartrict attorney said: "I was born under ing late in the evening.

Being Produced in Court.

Bales, Carlton and Watson, the three soldiers allowed to leave the Territory while under indictment for burgiary, had their case again called by Judge Gear yesterday. Attorney-General Andrews had filed an additional letter of the correspondence relative to the failure of the United States military authorities to return the men for trial. wailan: This was his own letter to Adjutant-General Corbin dated June 6 last. Judge Gear refused to pass upon the nolle prosequi entered by the Attorney General until all of the correspondence produced in a conference with the Governor on the matter was filed. He continued the case until this morning, saying if the missing letters were not produced the court would make a statement of the matter for itself.

TRIAL DRAGS SLOWLY.

Maggie Place yesterday morning estimed the witness stand from Friday afternoon in the trial of Mrs. Josephine Chilton for harboring a stolen child, to wit: Maggie Place. She was on the stand most of the day, being succeeded by her father, W. H. Place. Her evidence went to show that the defendant White, sheriff and coroner; John Richaided in concealing her in the Chilton home and save her clothing, food and comfort generally, while the police were searching for her. Maggie laughed at one incident while relating it. After Mrs. Chilton and her son Harry, who is serving sentence for abducting the girl, had called her out of the cellar and hid her in a closet one day, Harry went away saying he was going to sue High-Sheris Brown for dameres to stuse he had grabbed and shaken him. This was a funny recollection for Mag- supervisor.

At the close of the day's proceedings in the courtroom, the court, coursel | East Hawaii-Norman K. Lyman, and jury drove to the Chilton home in | clerk; Rufus A. Lyman, auditor; Thos the police patrol wagon to view the E. Cook, surveyor; Joseph Vierra and Dremises.

EJECTMENT TRIAL CLOSING. The trial of the ejectment suit of

Frank Godfrey et al. vs. Helen Rowland et al., for valuable property at Beretania and Alapai streets, was subject to hold-ups yesterday without which it would probably have gone to the jury. All forenoon the court waited for J. H. Love, one of the jurymen trying the case, but he did not appear. When the court opened again at 1:80 p. m., Judge De Bolt said the juror had squared himself with the court by an explanation. . The loss of time was unfortunate, but could not be helped. It appears that Mr. Love thought the jurors were excused until Tuesday the same as last week, when Judge De Bolt was presiding at chambers in his

The wait for a juror was followed by a wait of less duration for a witness. Manuel de Mello, a lad of sixteen, had to be sent for by counsel for defendants and fifteen or twenty minutes elapsed before he was fetched. Then, after as much longer time in a dispute over its admission, the boy's evidence was rejected as not proper surrebuttal."

Mr. McClanahan then began his closing address to the jury but had not concluded at 4 o'clock. A night session was discussed only to be decided as inexpedient.

SPRECKELS CASE SENSATION. Claus Spreckels is attacking the legality of his daughter's marriage to Thomas Watson, as part of his line of defense in the ejectment suit for property in Honolulu and \$100,000 damages brought against him by Emma Claudina Spreckels Watson. Kinney & McClanshan and Hatch & Ballou, attorners for defendant, give notice to Robertson & Wilder, attorneys for plaintiff, "that defendant purposes to prove by depositions the several facts; hereinafter stated and plaintiff to hereby required, within 48 hours, to admit the said facts, saving all just exceptions to the admissibility of such facts as evidence in this cause:

"L That the Thomas Watson menfile berein and in the affidavit of A. B. Humphreys on file berein married a woman whose given or Christian name was Catherine, known after the said

Put on Some Style.

Registrar C. R. Buckland received a large batch of county nominations yesterday. The Home Rulers of the County of Maui were the first to file an entire ticket, at once. This they did in the following form for each nominee, typewritten in both English and Ha-

the United States of America and of the Territory of Hawaii, residing in the Third Representative District of said Territory, and who are duly qualifled electors in the said Third Representative District, do hereby nominate you, a man in whom we have abiding confidence, to be the Supervisor for the County of Mant, to be voted for by the duly qualified electors of the Third Representative District socressid at the coming County Election to be held on the 3rd day of Naramber, 1983, as provided by law, and we respectfully request you to run as such candidate." The Home Rule ticket for Maui thus

nominated is as follows: C. L. Kookoo, J. K. Hihio, W. H. Cornwell, Jr., G. P. Kauimakaole and T. B. Lyons, supervisors (William ardson, attorney; D. H. Kahaulelio, clerk and recorder: Patrick Cockett, treasurer; L. R. Crook, auditor; D. R. Kabaulello, tax assessor and collector:

J. K. Kahookele, surveyor. Republican nominations for Maui were duly filed as follows, leaving seven nominees to come:

Noe W. Aluli, attorney: W. A. Me-Ray, anditor; F. Wittfock, iredspire High Howell, surveyor; W. F. Posne

Nominations for other counties came in as follows:

W. G. Walker, supervisors (Republican). T. J. Ryan, auditor (Home Rule).

West Hawaii D. W. Pae Nahea, supervisor (Home Rule).

Kauai-W. H. Rice, Francis Gay and George E. Fairchild, supervisors; C. A. Rice, assessor; Edward Palmer, clerk; John A. Palmer, treasurer: J. H.

Coney, sheriff; J. K. Farley, auditor. The nomination of Mr. Fairchild for supervisor of Kauai was referred to the Attorney-General, as the candidate's qualification as an elector is pending in the Supreme Court on the Board of Registration's appeal from Judge Hardy's decision commanding it to convene for the purpose of registering Mr. Fairchild.

David Kalauokalani, the Home Rule leader, was an early caller at the Registrar's office vesterday. Part of his errand was to see if the Maui nominations of the party were in due form, and the rest to suggest names of Home Rulers for vacancies in the party's representation on boards of inspectors.

NO FAULT FOUND WITH GRAND JURY

Editor Advertiser: The matter having been called to my attention by members of the grand jury, I wish to state through your columns that, in nolle prossing the case of the Kahana fishermen, I had no intention of criticizing the grand jury for their action therein. I believe they acted on the evidence as they found it and in perfect good faith in finding said indictment.

The responsibility for nolle prossing the same rests entirely with me. Yours truly,

> LORRIN ANDREWS, Attorney General.

Honolulu, September 23, 1903.

As previously reported, the Attorney General stated in court that facts had come to his knowledge, which, had he known them sooner, would have caused him to intervene and stop the prosetioned in the warrants of attorney on cution before the grand jury. Complaining members of that body must have misread the published reports to have discovered any reflection upon themselves in the remarks attributed to the Attorney General.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.

ARRIVED.

Friday, September 25, Stmr. Iwalani, Mosher, from Kausi ports, at 7:05 a. m., with 529 begs paddy, 582 bags rice, 1 mule, 41 pkgs. sun-

S. S. Hongkong Maru, Filmer, from San Francisco, at 6 p. m. Am. sp. James Nesmith, Warner, 61

days from Newcastle, at 6 p. m. Simr. Nocau, Pederson, from Hono-Eas and Kukuihaele at noon, with 3,280 bags of sugar.

Saturday, Sept. 26. S. S. Nevadan, Weedon, from Kahu-Mi at 5:30 a. m.

S. S. Moana, Carey, from Vancouver and Victoria, at 8 a. m.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, from Hilo and way ports, at 8:40 a. m., with 30 cords wood, 197 sacks coffee, 22 bundles hides. I horse and 227 pkgs. sundries. Schr. Lady, from Kooku ports, at

a. m., with \$80 sacks of rice. Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Molokai

Sunday, September 27. Am. bkn. S. G. Wilder, Jackson, from San Francisco. Stmr. Maui, Bennett, from Kahului,

215 a. m. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, from

Stmr. Walaleale, Cooke, from Kau-≇i ports. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, from Anahola. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, from Oahu

Monday, September 28. S. S. Nippon Maru, Greene, from the Orient at 6 p. m.

Schr. Kawaiiani, Ulunahaele, from Roolau ports at 3 a. m. with 900 bags

DEPARTED.

Friday, September 25. Stmr. Iwalani, Mosher, for Punaluu,

at 5 p. m. Stmr. Niihau, W. Thompson, for Anahola, at 5 p. m. Am. schr. Koma, Dinsmere,

pitrate ports, at 5:30 p. m. Saturday, Sept. 26. S. S. Hongkong Maru, Filmer, for the

Orient and Manila, at 12:30. S. S. Moana, Carey, for Suva, Bris bane and Sydney, at 1 p. m.

S. S. Nevadan, Weedon, for San Francisco, at 5:25 p. m. Sunday, September 27.

Am. bk. Albert, Turner, for San Francisco, 10:45 a. m. Monday, September 28.

Stmr. Lehua, Napala, for Molokal ports at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Waisleale, Cooke, for Maul ports at 5 p. m. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Hono-

for Anahola, Kanaa, Kilauea, Hanalej and Kalihiwar at 5 p. m. Schr. Lady, for Koolau ports at 3

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, D. Bennett, for

Koolau ports at 10 a. m.

PASSENGERS. Arrived.

Per stmr. Maui, from Kahului, Sept. 27.—Chang Chow, Mr. Kubo, H. A. Baldwin, A. A. Braymer and wife, Miss J. Lua, Miss A. Reuter, Mrs. D. F. Nicholson, F. Wittrock, Miss Wittrock, Wm. G. Irwin, Masuda, Ninomeya, D. H. Kahaulello, S. B. Fuji-

yama, W. Frear, H. J. Harrison. Per stmr. W. G. Hall, from Nawiliwili, Sept. 27.—O. M. Atwood, T. How Toy. H. K. Hee. Miss M. Sturtevant E. Holi, H. P. Baldwin, C. W. Ashford Mrs. J. A. Victor, J. L. Victor, Mrs. Chun See, T. Sakai, H. Schultz, G. H. Pecht, C. B. Hoffgaard, T. J. King, F. Reidel, Miss S. Victor, G. R. Gray, A. Lee, C. V. Sturtevant, Mrs. F. T. Sanders, Mrs. E. H. Broadbent, D. B. Murdock, Miss L. Victor, J. A. Victor, and 32 deck,

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per etmr. Lehua, September 28, for Kalaupapa: Rt. Rev. Father Libert, for Pelekunu, J. H. Wilson.

Shipping Motor.

The Waisleale returned from Kausi yesterday without freight or passen-

The Ke Au Hou returned from Anayesterday carrying no passen-Kers. She brought four packages of merchandise.

The Nippon Maru from the Orient is due late this afternoon. She will probably leave for San Francisco Tuesday forenoon. The steamer Maul brought the fol-

lowing freight to Honolulu: 10 sacks beans, 59 sacks potatoes, 98 sacks corn, 48 hogs, 162 packages sundries. Purser Friel of the W. G. Hall re-

ports the barkentine Lahaina at Elewith 1000 tons of coal discharged. He also reports fine weather on the Struen Die.

The Alameda sailed Saturday from

The bark Annie Johnson has arrived at San Francisco from Honolulu.

The Erskine M. Phelps is getting ready to take on a cargo of sugar. The Lehua wailed for Molokal ports

3 sterday afternoon at three o'clock. The Inter Island Co. is/said to be nerollating for the purchase of the gasoline schooner Eclipse with a view to mying her up.

National Veteran Tells of the Local Campaigners,

The initial issue of the "National Veteran," a new monthly journal identified with G. A. R. and Spanish War Veteran interests, contains the following news relative to Theodore Roose velt Command, No. 249, Spanish War Veterans of Honolulu, and sent by one

of the members: In February, 1902, a number of the veterans of the Spanish-American war came together at the call of Captain Otis of this city with a view of organization, and filed application with the Spanish-American War Veterans for charter, etc. After several months delay and the expenditure of some lit tle money in supplies and correspondence, the charter was secured, and what promised to be a thriving camp was instituted. After waiting nearly one year from our initial application we found that it was next to a mat ter of impossibility to secure from the national headquarters either recognition to our correspondence or supplies for the camp. Feeling that we were in a position to have a strong and per manent command in this city, the members of the same decided that it was edvisable to abandon their relations with the Spanish-American War Veterans, and transfer our allegiance to the Spanish War Veterans. After some little correspondence, this end was finally accomplished and the command was duly mustered in by the undersigned, as mustering officers.

The officers of the new organization consist of J. K. Brown, Jr., commander, formerly corporal in the Ohio Volunteers Light Artillery; J. H. Flynn, first lieutenant, formerly of the Second United States Volunteer Engineers; J. W. F. Miller, second lieutenant, formerly of the Second Oregon Volunteer Infaptry; H. M. Tucker, adjutant, formerly ant Second United States Volunteer Engineers; W. B. Dods, quartermaster, formerly of the First Troop Utah Cavalry; J. L. Benolt, sergeant of the guard, formerly of the California Volunteer Infantry.

Under the efficient services of the courteous treatment given by the officers of the national army, the command has steadily advanced, both in the interest of the members and in the strength of numbers. One of the downs, which we regret to record and at the same time feel it our duty to do so, is the unfortunate loss of a very large proportion of the members by their permanent removal to the states Although the strength of the command has increased, at the same time the loss through this cause has not only been serious, but has dampened the arder of those who remain behind. The number of recruits mustered in at the regular meetings has averaged even beyond our most sanguine expecta-tions; at the same time the loss from the above cause has fully, if not more, than equaled the gain in new recruits. We, however, trust that, as time goes Ras and stmr. Ke Au Hou. Tullett, on and the country adapts itself to the American ways and methods that this difficulty will be removed and that we may see it a possibility for a very large number of the veterans to make their homes with us.

At the present time the command has a hall furnished and devoted entirely to the use of the comrades.

At the last meeting of the command the undersigned was appointed historian of the command.

(Continued from page 1.)

marriage as Catherine Watson, which said marriage was prior to the marriage between the said Thomas Watson and the plaintiff in this cause.

That the said Thomas Watson and the said woman, whose given or Christian name was Catherine, were married in Liverpool, England, on or about the 14th day of January, A. D.

"3. That the said Catherine Watson was living at the time of the marriage between Thomas Watson and the plaintiff in this action. "4. That the said Thomas Watson

was never a resident of or domiciled in the Territory of Utah in the United States of America "5. That the said Catherine Watson

was never a resident of or domiciled in the Territory of Utah in the United States of America.

"6. That the said Catherine Watson and the said Thomas Watson were never legally divorced.

"7. That the only divorce claimed to have taken place between the .: said parties was based on a petition or purported petition for divorce of the said Catherine Watson brought in the Probate Court of the County of Beaver in the Territory of Utah, in the summer of the year A. D. 1876.

Since this paper was filed the case has been discontinued in the territorial court and entered in the federal court, as elsewhere reported.

FORECLOSURE DECREE.

Judge De Bolt granted a decree of foreclosure of mortgage in the suit of John M. Dowsett, trustee, vs. Grace A. Brown. The mortgage is on two Young street lots, 7345 and 7140 square feet respectively, to secure a promismory note for \$2500 with interest at 8 per cent per annum dated May 11, 1991 Rulers. He raised his hand toward J. L. Kaulukou, Jr., recently of St. An attorney's fee of \$175 was allowed the skies and thanked the Almighty Mary's College, Cakland. by the court to Holmes & Stanley for that a Kumalae had gone into the The dollar stakets are for the afterpetitioner. The property is to be sold Home Rule ranks. by a commissioner.

COMMISSION DENIED.

Judge Robinson denied the motion to issue a commission to take the testimony of W. R. Castle, Jr., in Boston, al. vs. H. W. Schmidt, et al.

CONQUERORS THE NIPPON MARU IS THE FAIR AT OF SPAIN PLACED IN QUARANTINE

Vessel Arrives With Plague Case Aboard and is Not Allowed to Dock---Freight is Being Lightered Ashore.

The steamship Nippon Maru arrived Rt six o'clock last evening and was im- passengers may come off in launches mediately placed in quarantine. She in the morning. The steerage passen- from here to the exposition. has a suspected case of walking plague aboard and the vessel will not be allowed to dock. The Maru was sighted at three o'clock yesterday afternoon and arrived off the harbor a little after five, when the doctors boarded her. When the illness of a Japanese machinist was examined into, the boarding officer thought the case suspicious, and the patient was removed to the Quarantine Island hospital. The vessel was kept in quarantine, and Dr. Cofer and his assistants made a close examination of the man taken from the vessel. It was the diagnosis of the medical men that the Jap had a case of what is suspiciously like the walking plague, and rather than take any chances it was decided not to allow the vessel to dock. The steerage passengers are to be placed in quarantine this morning and the cabin passengers will be allowed to come ashore in launches. There are about 150 steerage passengers on the vessel and they will be taken to Quarantine Island today and kept

there for seven days.

quarantine," said Dr. Cofer. "She will Whelpley, E. Wolff.

The meeting in Kakaako was called

didates, and told what each one

would do in office, and he made (a

strong plea for High Sheriff Brown.

Chas. Lake made some remarks in Ha-

wailan and then interpreted for Joe

Gilman who made the hit of the even-

ing. Gilman told of his thirty years

residence in the Islands, told how he

had worked with the wharf laborers,

how it had been the policy of Castle

& Cooke of which firm he was a mem-

ber, to employ none but Hawaiians on

the wharves. He said the Republican

candidates were sil kamasinas and

stood for honest and good government;

that the Republican party was the workingman's party, and if the people

ments he generally made the rich man

Jack Lucas met with a good reception

Mr. Hocking said he was the man

who gave cheap beer to Honolulu and

for the whole Republican ticket. At

this time he was stricken with stage

Paul Hokii spoke in Hawaiian, Chas.

Wilcox, Kumalae and other hoodlums

tried to interrupt the meeting with

calls for Home Rulers, but were si-

R. N. Boyd spoke next and asked for

the support of the straight ticket with-

out scratches. He said that Republi-

canism meant prosperity, and Home

H. P. Hajola was a former Home

Ruler, but had become a Republican

Rullsm meant financial disaster.

was followed by H. E. Murray.

that could benefit his race.

fright, but said he would, like beer,

improve with age.

lenced by the crowd.

pay and let the poor man off.

and spoke in the native language.

and was frequently applauded. ,

out fires.

not be allowed to dock but the cabin gers for this port will be placed in quarantine on the island. There was a yeshel, and the regulations are being followed in the precautions taken to prevent any danger to the community. The patient is now getting along very nicely, and will no doubt recover."

The Maru will probably sail some time this afternoon. She has a number of prominent passengers aboard her. among whom is General Sanger of the United States Army, and Commander Staunton of the United States Navy. Captain H. B. Chamberlain, former quartermester on the transport Seward, who was mixed up in a smuggling case at Manila, is also a passenger. Professor T. Rinne is also going through.

There are six passengers for Honolulu, among them being the Higginbotham family. Mrs. M. E. Doyle, mother of Chester Doyle, is a through

The following is the Nippon Maru's passenger list:

For Honolulu-J. M. Higginbotham, Mrs. J. M. Higginbotham and two children, Mrs. K. Okamoto, Ad. G. Schetzel. It was decided last night to lighter Through J. F. Arondez, Dr. M. O. the freight ashore and the work was Basualdo, Miss Basualdo, H. C. Bowie, commenced immediately in the rain. B. Brust, Capt. H. B. Chamberlain, The vessel will not be brought up to Mrs. M. E. Doyle, W. Empson, Mrs. the dock at all, but will probably sail Empson, Miss Empson, Maj. J. B. this afternoon some time. The cuar- Houston, S. Imat, Z. M. P. King, B. P. ters of the steerage passengers are to Middleton, Mrs. D. Morton, C. B. new officers and the assistance and be furnigated this morning. It was re- Palmer, Prof. T. Rinne, Mrs. T. Rinne, ported last night from the Quarantine Rev. Father Robert, J. B. Rogers, Mrs. Hospital that the Jap was on the road J. B. Rogers, Gen. J. P. Sanger, U. S. A., S. Sasano, Kingland Smith, Mrs. M. The Marine Hospital officials came off L. Stanford, Commander S. A. Staunthe steamer at ten o'clock last evening. ton, U. S. N., Lieut, Thos. B. Taylor, The Nippon Maru has been placed in U. S. A., Miss Clara Thatcher, Art.

> to a close by the singing of Hawati KAKAAKO MEETING Ponol by the crowd. The Company P quintette club rendered music between WAS GOOD ONE

> > clated:

There were between 350 and 400 presto order in front of W. H. Kanima's ent. The meeting throughout was enhouse, and the first speaker was Ed-thusiastic.

ward K. Lilikalani. He made a long MEETING AT WAIKIRE. speech in favor of the Republican can-The meeting at Walkiki was well atcrowd made the gathering an especially pleasant one. Among the speakers were High Sheriff Brown, Mark Robinson, R. N. Boyd, S. E. Damon, Wm.

T. Rawlins and Geo. F. Renton. WAIALUA MEETING.

A Republican meeting will be held hia, Geo. F. Renton, Harry Murray and others will speak.

FENCING WILL BE A FEATURE A PRINCE AMONG

elected a Republican board of supervisors, he guaranteed they would all have good streets in Kakaako for the The gymnasium and field work of the Young Women's Christian Assofire engines and plenty of water to put clation will begin next Tuesday when J. W. Pratt said he had been here for the ladies', or adult class meets for twenty years and had been but three instruction. Miss Lilian Bacon, who weeks "off the beat" and expected to spent the summer months at Harvard die here. His wife was a Hawalian studying the newest methods of physiand consequently he could not be excal instruction, will have charge of the pected to go back on the Hawaiians. The majority of employes in his office physical department, and will add were Hawalians, and in making assess-

many new and interesting features. Fencing lessons will be associated with the adult class work. Miss Bacon is a capable rapier wielder, and told of his experiences in the falands this innovation has appealed to members of the association. Fencing is still the athletic indoor fad in the east, that he had been a working men all and the effort will be made to have his life, and asked his friends to vote it become the fad here. Among the attractive features of the symnasium work will be dumb bells, bar bells, Indian clubs, wands, punching bag, flying rings, jumping standard, rounding ball, medicine ball, and a large variety of gymnasium games. Basket ball

A Feast of Minnie.

The Maternity Home itsau and basear next Saturday is attracting much attention. Governor Dole has consented to have the government band play on the grounds both afternoon and because that party was the only one evening. Two quintette clubs may also Wm. Ay- be in attendance during the evening lett roasted Kumalae, and told of the to play for the dancing. Mrs. Annis laws passed by the legislature and Montague Turner is to sing, as will also

noon admission, entitling the holders Mark Robinson spoke next, telling the voters that the Republicana gave also to partaking of the usen and the them the county law and should be giv- foreign lunch. The gates will be open en a chance to put it into execution. in the afternoon from ucon unto 5. There was a heavy downpoor of rain. In the evening the grounds will again to the end and cheered him to the echo. be opened up for the dance and ba-Mass., in the suit of S. M. Damon et like Sherwood asked for the support of saar, for which a fee of fifty cents will the whole ticket. The meeting came be charged.

Co. Would Make Splendid Showing.

Supt. Henry E. Cooper, under whom supervision expenditures for the St. Louis Fair are being made, favors the plan of sending a militia company

"If we are unable to get a building and make a proper exhibit, I believe it would be a very good plan for the suspicious case of plague aboard the Tarritory to send a company of the National Guard to St . Louis." said Mr. Cooper.

"Captain Johnson's company certain ly need not fear to enter any competition, no matter how great the number of organisations that will contest for the prizes to be offered at the executtion. Co. F has made a report of which Hawaii may well be proud. The marking of regular army officers shows this. While the matter has been discussed to some extent, no details have been worked out. It may be possible to get the War Department to take the company to the coast on a transport, which would do away with one of the principal items of expense. A Hawaiian company would certainly be s good advertisement for the islands and I would like to see the Territory represented in such a manner.
"It seems now as if Hawali will not

be able to locate her exhibit in one place, and unless we scatter the difterent displays through half a dozen buildings, where they will be lost we will have to put up our own structure. It has never been my intention to use the money appropriated by the Legislature for such a building, and if the money cannot be raised in some other way the scheme will have to be abandoned. But I believe that if we are not able to construct a building on the plans prepared, one to costsay \$5,000 could be erected which would answer all practical purposes even though it will not attract as much attention as the structure for which the plans have already been drawn. believe that it would be better not to make an exhibit at all than to have it scattered in a dozen different buildings, where it could not be seen. The exhibit that is now being prepared is assuming large proportions and it will be a credit to the Territory of Ha-

OLD MAN KILLED BY ELECTRIC CAR

Kalawai, an aged native man, was the speeches, which was highly apprestrock by an electric car at Richards street on the Hotel street line yesterday. His clothes caught in the fender and he was carried some distance bumping on the ground. When picked up he was unconscious and in that condition was sent in the patrol wagon to tended and refreshments served for the the Queen's Hospital. Kalawai lingered until 9 o'clock last night, when be died without having recovered consciousness.

Motorman Dalton and Conductor John M. Bright were in charge of the car that struck the man. It is supposed at Waislus on Thursday evening at that the victim was deaf and did not which High Sheriff Brown, Frank Pahear the gong. There was no external fracture found on Kalawai and the beflef at the hospital was that death was caused by hemorrhage of the brain. ..

US UNAWARES

Something less than twelve months ago Hilo had the honor of entertaining, unawares, en route to the volcano, a representative of one of the strongest from his last customer. Let us have European powers now interested in the Oriental trade.

This prince's mission was to visit all countries and examine so far as possible, incog., the fortifications, naval and supply stations.

and Vancouver, and again in Honolu- report cases of contagious diseases. It lus and who was aware of his true po. is a duty to interfere and command, for sition with his home government, asked him to express his opinion of the Islands commercially. He said that there was no question but what Hawall's planters had the art of sugar making down finer than any sugar producing country, and that they with their superior machinery, labor and methods should be able to compete with any country, but that the time would come when the Islands would require other industries. The Islands factories of all kinds, public buildhad a great future before them; If the Panama canal project matured, as it undoubtedly would, their value in maritime channels of the Pacific ocean was hard to estimate.—Side Lights.

LOGICAL

An Irishman entered a country ins and called for a glass of the best Irish whisky. After being supplied he drank it, and was about to walk out when the following conversation took place: "Here, sir, you haven't paid for that whisky you ordered." Irishman: "What's that you say?" Landford: "I said you haven't paid for that whisky you ordered."

Irishman: "Did you pay for fer" Landlord: "Of course I did." Irishman: "Well, thin, what's the good of both of as paying for Mri-TitBY AUTHORITY.

CANDIDATES FOR COUNTY

Every Candidate for a County of in the Counties of East Hawaii, W Hawaii, Maui and Kauai must file nomination paper at the office of Secretary of the Territory, in Honoli not later than five o'clock on the rnoon of Tuesday, October 13th, 1 accompanied by a deposit of Twen five Dollars.

Nomination papers must be signed not less than twenty-five (25) ed qualified electors of the County. which such election is to be held. G. R. CARTER Secretary of the Territor:

C. R. BUCKLAND, Electoral Registrar. Honolulu, Sept. 12, 1903.

FORECLOSURES. MORTGAGER'S NOTICE OF INTE

TION OF FORECLOSURE A

Notice is hereby given that, pursus

to the power of sale contained in th certain mortgage dated April 28 1901, made by J. M. Monsarrat of P. nolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory Hawaii, as mortgagor, and Annie Parke, of said Honolulu, as morts sec; and recorded in the Registry Deeds in said Honolulu in Liber 2 on pages 229, 230 and 231, the more range intends to foreclose the se mortgage for condition broken, to w the non-payment of principal and terest when due. Notice is likewi given that the property conveyed the said mortgage will be sold at you lic auction at the auction rooms James F. Morgan, 847 Kashuma street, Honolulu aforesald, on Satu day, the 3rd day of October, 1903, 12 o'clock noon.

The property covered by said more age is described as follows: All those certain pieces or parcels land situate at Kalalau District Napali, Island of Kanal, Territory Hawaii aforesaid, containing in all

area of 16 95-100 acres, and more pa ticularly described in H. P. (Gran No. 2170, B. P. (Grant) No. 2418, av R. P. (Grant) No. 1954 and being th same premises that were conveyed the said mortgagor by Kaoliho (w and Kealoha (k), her husband, h deed of date of said mortgage. To gether with all the improvement privileges and appurtenances there unto belonging.

ANNIE S. PARKE

By her attorney in fact, Terms: Cash, U. S. Gold Coin. Deed at expense of purchaser. For further particulars apply to W. Parke, 809 Judd Building.

Dated Honolulu, August 21st, 1903.

The Sterlined Barber.

The rules of the Board of Health fe the conduct of barber shops are wis and necessary. Barbers who are up t date, and have an eye to husiness, wi obey them to the letter. It is a mis ake for them to attempt to oppose th conclusions of medical and sanitar

In some respects, going to a barber i a good deal like going to a doctor. You have got to trust him. He can floor you with germs if he wishes to. If you ish or so helpless as to de pend on a barber for your shaving, in stead of shaving yourself, the cup and brush that you keep in a niche of his cupboard are merely a pledge of your confidence in him. You do not know what he does with them when you are

Yet though you must trust in the barber even though he slay you with microbes, there is no reason why you should trust him over-much. His use of implements which may be the vehicles of infection should be regulated. If he has any instruments which, like the clipper, are apparently incapable of being sterilized, they should be disused. Men's heads were made quite presentable before there were clippers. Away, therefore, with unsterilized barbers' implements. Away with germladen alum sticks, powder puffs and sponges. Away with the barber who comes to you with unwashed hands

or let us have none af all. The duty of the Board of Health toward barbers who do not want to adopt their regulations is exactly their duty toward people who do not want to keep domestic premises, in a sanitary condition, or toward physicians A traveler who met him in Seattle or private persons who do not wan: to the general safety.-New York Mail and Express.

the cleanly and sterlised barber shop,



Berekent's Metal "Spanish" Tiles Ornamental, Storm-Proof. Easily Laid

These tiles are recommended by leading architects, a mare end builders of first class by Merchant's "Gothic" Sureles opper, galvanized size screw plates. Send for illustrate, by a let of our specialties, mailed '- n,-m appear cation. MERCHAN A 14). In-Bine Manufacturem. 517 Arch St., Philada, bea Pa

ABUNDANT MY TO F CAR No produced that (Baim will positive or a softe make Pales as well as to is quescent? cuts, bruless and } --- For se - -all Dealers and Trugg et a De a Smith & Co., Lid., Agents for Hawa.

 $ar{oldsymbol{\mathsf{V}}}_{ extsf{EWSPAPER}}oldsymbol{\mathsf{RRCHIVE}}^{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{\mathsf{R}}}}$

NEWSPAPER HRCHIVE®

CAMPAIGN TO START

Republicans Will Hold Three Meetings.

The Republican County and Executive Committee and candidates recently nominated on the ticket held a meeting last night at headquarters. One of the most important of its joint acts was the decision to commence the campaign on Monday evening when meetings will be held at Watkiki, Kakaako and one in the Fifth district. Another result of the meeting was the appointment of a committee to select an auxiliary committee of seven members to ald the county committees, although those present who are veterans in local politics did not believe in such a com-The meeting was well attended, and was presided over by Chairman Wm. Henry.

J. A. Gilman said that every man should take his coat off and work hard with the candidates. There was no need of a barrel of money to go into the election, but it was the duty of every individual to give his time and efforts gratis, and he felt with this assistance the party would win out in the end.

Jack Lucas said he intended to get out and do his own work and if he couldn't win he would "kick the

Frank Pahia said the coming election was to be as difficult in some respects as former ones, owing to the habit of many Hawalians to say yes today and Speakers should be sent out from headquarters to visit all Hawaiians in outside districts and explain the situation to them.

Mark Robinson thought the business community would back the campaign liberally. As soon as the fund was ready, the committees should all put their shoulders to the wheel and work.

E. C. Peters thought it would be wise to have members of the executive committee work with the county committees as many of the members of the latter were without experience in polities. With relation to finances, he said the rule in portions of the United States was to have the candidates put forward sums of money for use in the campaign. The candidates expect to have help from the business men, but the business men also ask, "What are the candidates doing themselves?" There were fourteen candidates and if each put up \$100 there would be \$1400

to start with. J. A. Gliman did not agree with the preceding speaker, arguing that all the candidates would not be able financially to meet this obligation.

W. W. Harris gave a suggestion as to the collection of campaign funds. The suggestion had been made to him by a business man that the business houses should be rated, for the larger business houses would give more liberally and cheerfully, if the smaller houses were pro-rated. The latter were almost as vitally interested as

J. W. Pratt was opposed to having

A motion was finally put through W. F. Fleming and Wm. Henry, a special committee to appoint an auxillary committee of seven to act in con junction with the executive committee.

The auxiliary committee will be annonnced in a day or two. A meeting of the executive and county committees was held after the adjournment of the general meeting, at which wave and means were discussed as to the methods of conducting the campaign all over the issued. It was generally conceded that present workers should be sent out immediately to feel the pulse of the various pre-

cincts, and ascertain as soon as possible the Republican and opposition strength. Geo. Renton advocated getting the machinery of the election oiled and started and the sooner the better.

A. L. C. Atkinson talked practical politics. The keynote was organization-knowing just the men who could be relied upon in each precinct to get out among the voters and bring in reliable reports. He did not believe in auxiliary committees. The fewer the men in these committees the better. Big committees were unwieldy.

Chairman Henry suggested that men in the different precincts present him with the lists of the men in the precincts who could be relied upon to work to obtain as nearly exact information as possible. He suggested these be in

A motion was presented to have the ecretary of the executive committee notify the chairmen of the precinct committees to send in three names each of good workers, the chairman to appoint others to proceed with the gathering of data.

Charence Crabbe advised the committee to tackle the election problem at The funds would come in later. The campaign was not going to be a soft snap. There were fourteen candidates and they should be sent out into the field at once. There were to be tours of the island. He felt sure of the election of almost every man on the Republican ticket, but it would only be accomplished by hard work. There were weak places to be bolstered up. The Young Men's Republican club

could be counted upon to assist. J. A. Gilman, Sam Johnson, Major Zeigler and others spoke against the motion, and it withdrawn, and a substitute was offered giving the chairman full power to appoint when and how many persons he wanted to work In the precincis, and this carried.

R. N. Boyd was appointed a commit tee of one to arrange for public meetings next week, when the campaign of oratory and persuasion will beactually

Benator Crabbe created enthusiasm by making a rousing speech, calling cluded.

CONGRESS WILL SOON **ASSEMBLE**

Important Matters Concerning Hawaii Will Be Acted Upon by the National Legislators.

(MAIL SPECIAL TO THE ADVERTISER)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—The extra session of Congress, which President Roosevelt has just stated anew he intends to call November 9, is now only six weeks distant. The national capitol is already putting itself in readiness for that event. The President will himself be railed. back in the White House from his long vacation about the time this The strike it was said by some was reaches Honolulu and his office in the little white walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little white walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on a profit splanting on the little walled building under ing on the little walled b the shadow of the state, war, and navy building will again become the Mecca of thousands of politicians and office seekers. The trend of travel will again set in towards the city by the Potomac. The various departments will accordingly soon be tackling new questions affecting administration. Consultations about prospective legislation, which have been carried on only spasmodically at Oyster Bay, will be taken up anew and more earnestly. There is an outlook all in all for the greatest. activity Washington has known in the last four years.

Of course, there are two matters which may come before the extrasession of concern to Hawaii. One is the Cuban treaty, which, as has been stated in previous letters, will apparently become the law of the land by the passage of the resolution to be offered in the Senate and House. There has been nothing new regarding that treaty of late. Some resistance is anticipated and prolonged debate, but such things from all one can judge, will not affect the result. The other is the Isthmian canal question. However, it is not at all certain the extra session will consider that. Official Washington now believes the canal treaty with Colombia is dead and that the Congress at Bogota will adjourn without ratifying it. That may prove not to be the fact before two weeks have passed, but all indications now point to the defeat of the treaty. It is well understood here that the mercenary motives of the Colombian Congress are chiefly the cause of delay in ratification, some of them leaving to attempt to in- for their cane but want us to guarantee have a higher price for the concession and the Colombian Congress has the strike. Finally along about noon twenty dollars per month, although gotten itself in such a tangle from that mistaken notion that it probably will not be able to set itself straight and accept the big price already

C. R. BISHOP'S GIFT TO THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL JUDGE LITTLE MAY

Charles R. Bishop has made a gift of \$35,000 to the Queen's Hospital and the substantial donation is to be used in the extensive improvements planned for the hospital. The gift was made by Mr. Bishop some time ago, but was only paid over to the trustees of the Hospital in July last, at the time that Oahu College was enriched by a gift of \$50,000 from the same source.

The trustees have decided to add a new wing to the hospital, with the money so generously placed at their disposal. The contemplated improvements will cost about \$45,000 and Mr. Bishop's gift will be used to pay nearly all of this expense. The remaining money is to

an auxiliary committee on the ground that it would be a slap in the face of

The new wing will be built on the Ewa side of the hospital building, the present wing being torn down to make way for the improveappointing Mark Robinson, J. W. Pratt, ment. The new wing will be between sixty and seventy feet long and about forty feet wide. It is to be three stories in height and will be built of brick and concrete. There are to be thirty-six private rooms in the new building and an operating room at the top. There will be no wards in the wing.

TARS ARE LEARNING TO HIT WITH RAPID FIRE GUNS

Mimic warfare is being carried on daily at the Naval Station by the sailors of the United States Tug Iroquois. The two rapid-fire guins of the saluting Battery which point seaward from the town on the Waikiki side of the Commandant's office-building, are being used in the estates of Muriel Campbell and this little behind-the-scenes war and the supposed hostile war vessel the trustees under the will of James on which the guns are being trained is only an 8x8 inch end of a Campbell, deceased, to set aside the

one definite purpose. The Navy wants every man who treads a war- Friday, thus ending the litigation conship's deck to be able to handle its modern guns, large and small, and cerning that estate in this county. The better and faster than the jackies under any other flag.

The effort to cultivate accuracy in sighting these guns at such movable objects as war vessels, has developed a novel method for doing this work on terra firma. First of all the guns were swung around until their muzzles pointed toward Punchbowl. Then two tall posts were erected, one at each outer side of the guns. Cords received through pulleys attached to the top of the posts hold an 8x8 inch board suspended before the muzzle of one of the guns. On the right hand side are two crude windlass drums of wood, about which are wound two JARED SMITH TO ropes leading from the wooden target. One drum operates a cord which lifts the target up and down. The other causes the target to move from side to side. The gun is loaded with a sub-caliber shot, discharging a leaden pellet. A jackie puts his shoulder behind the shoulder-piece of the gun and squints his eye along the barrel. Two sailors operating the drums, begin moving the target upwards and downwards and side charge of the United States Agriculways, the idea being to imitate the motions of a vessel at sea. The man-behind-the-gun makes a bold effort to follow the target's elusive movements with the evenly balanced and pivoted gun and when he thinks spect the tobacco growing experiment rest. he has a bead on the target, he fires.

It is in this manner that Uncle Sam labors to make his sailors the

best fighters on the high seas.

upon the candidates to begin at once with their campaign. It was then decided to bold a meeting on Monday evening in "Sam Johnson's district" in Kakaako, and another in Waikiki. A meeting will also be held in the Pifth

James Shaw knew where there were

Called to Japan University.

SANTA ROSA, September 18 .- Rev. A. MacKenzie and his wife and family left here yesterday morning for Japan, where Mr. MacKenzie goes to 20cept an important position in the Imperial University. He has been rector of Emmanuel Episcopal church in this weak spots in the Home Rule ranks city for some time and only after urand these should be attacked and made gent requests resigned to go to Japan weaker-"Bust 'em all up," he con- and take a professorable in the Uni-

JAPANESE STRIKE ON JUDGMENT HONOLULU PLANTATION IS SETTLED

Nearly Five Hundred Men on Profit Sharing Basis Quit Work When Demand for Big Guarantee Is Refused.

Five hundred Japanese, working for | ed with carbines. The ride down was ing when their demand for increased ing when their demand for increased Discussion continued between the la-pay was refused by Manager Low. The borers and plantation men for an hour men refused to go to work in their or more until finally the Japanese fields until their demands for a guar. Vice-Consul, Yamanaka, arrived, to antee of \$20 monthly had been complled gether with Interpreter Katsamura of with, but the attempt to start a sympathetic strike among the day laborers

ing on a profit-sharing basis for their cane, but this Manager Low says is not true. The strike is due to what Mr. Low says are unreasonable demands, in brief the Japanese demanded a ser Low and the Japanese Committee be selected from each camp to discuse with Manager Low and the Japanese Committee of twenty dollars per month, their grievances. upon their contracts. Under the present system the Japanese farmers are paid so much per month, about twelve dollars, as an advance upon what will sness want the plantation to guarantee become due them when the cane is harvested and sold to the plantation.

Instead of going to work in the fields yesterday morning, about five hundred Japanese gathered in front of the plantation office and voiced their demands for more money. They insisted upon an additional clause to the contract guaranteeing them an average of twen- ers to join with them, but did not sucy dollars per month, the reason for the ceed. demand being the small returns they! "These Japanese have signed a conhave received from the cane already tract at a certain figure and now they harvested. Manager Low, through in-, want a guarantee that they shall each terpreters, informed the Japs that he receive at least twenty dollars per could not agree to their requests. The month, which is four dollars higher Japs insisted and remained gathered than the regular wage schedule. The they became threatening in their at- they don't want the agreement to work titude, and in the afternoon Munager both ways, and have the plantation get Low telephoned to the police in Hono- all in excess of that amount. The new lulu for assistance. Deputy Sheriff agreements have been in force now for Chillingworth dispatched Lieutenant two or three months, and naturally Leslie with five men to the scene of the plantation can't make any guaran-

Hopolulu Plantation on the profit-shar- made in about three-quarters of an ing basis, quit work yesterday morn- hour and the Japs were at once quieted by the sight of the armed police.

the Immigration office.

Katsumura addressed the assembled Japa at some length and he was followed by the Japanese Vice-Consul.

The laborers aired their selevances against the management and finally.

MANAGER LOW'S STATEMENT.

"The whole trouble is that the Japthem more than can be paid," said Manager J. A. Low to an Advertiser reporter at the plantation last evening. "About 450 or 500, Japanese who are working on the profit-sharing basis refused to go to work this morning until their demands had been complied with. They also tried to induce the day labor-

trouble. They were mounted and arm- tee of the kind asked by the Japanese.

In Mililani Street Widening Case.

Satisfaction of decision and judgment n the matter of the extension of Mililani street, with relation to the appeal of the trustees of the B. P. Bishoo Estate, was filed by Attorney General Andrews yesterday. The ludgment of the commissioners ass. ed a total in three cases of \$3933 ag st the Bishop Estate for betterments. The consideration of compromise consists of one dollar and an exchange of land which the Government acknowledges from the Bishop Estate trustees.

INJUSTICE PREVENTED.

No sooner were seven Koolau fisher-men ambigued sinder indictment for malicious injury yesterday morning than Attorney General Andrews asked that a nolle prosequi be entered for all of them. He stated that he would have advised the grand jury against bringing in a true bill had he known the facts sooner and been aware that an indictment was being considered. According to his information the prosecution arose out of a tanging together of the fishing nets of defendants and those of the prosecuting witnesses while the nets were being hauled anhore.

Judge Gear, in granting the request, remarked that a mistake had evidently been made by the Attorney General's department in allowing the indictment.

John Ah Sing, David Ah Sing, Moke Kaanaana, Kalihi, Kainalillii, David Pake and Kaulahea were the defendants thus sent away rejoicing. The prosecuting witnesses were Thomas W. and James Watson.

MAGGIE PLACE TESTIFIES.

The Chilton trial was resumed hefore Judge Gear and, at 1 p. m., continued until Monday morning. Maggie Place, the child alleged to have been harbored. by defendant after having been stolen by her son Harry, was giving evidence when the court adjourned. There was nothing new eligited beyond what was published at the trials of former cases about the same subject. Objections and exceptions fell upon the record all day almost as thickly as questions and

QUESTION OF HEIRSHIP.

The Godrey-Rowland ejectment trial occupied Judge De Bolt throughout the day. Dr. Wood gave expert evidence upon a material point. Rev. Mr. Flig. custodian of the register of births and marriages of St. Andrew's Cathedral, was called but the record he onered of the baptism of Thomas Metcalf, one of the plaintiffs, was refused by the court. The evidence of F. J. Tests, who stood as godfather for four Metcalf children in 1881, was also ruled out because witness admitted that he could not fix the date and had refreshed his memory from the register. This testimony was offered to rebut that of women who testified of the death of a child, a year or two before the alleged. baptism of the young man in court, who, had he lived, would have been the heir that this young man claimed to be. Mr. Testa confessed, to the amusement of bench; bar and jury, that he had been remiss in looking after his godehildren, "like too many church-

COMMISSIONS.

Defendants in the suit of S. M. Damon, H. E. Wally and E. E. Damon, copartners under the name and style of Bishop & Co., vs. H. W. Schmidt, E. H. Paris and W. R. Castle, Jr., move for a commission to take the testimony of defendant Castle in Boston, Mass.

In the assumpsit suit of Scott & Magner vs. W. C. Achi & Co., Judge De Bolt has issued a commission to A. A. Sanderson of San Francisco for taking the testimony of Joseph Magner.

MOTIONS. Lucy Peabody by her attorneys, Frank Andrade and J. J. Dunne, moves to amend the complaint in her action to quiet title against Emily P. Judd, Julia Swanzy, F. M. Swanzy and Helen Far-

Defendant's motion for a new trial of the ejectment case of Kapiolani Estate, Ltd., vs. L. A. Thurston was continued by Judge Robinson until Saturday, October &

HEIRS MAKE ELECTION.

In the matter of the estate of August Kraft, deceased, the legatees by their attorney in fact, Hawaiian Trust Co., Ltd., elect to take the real property, which the will directs to be sold in lieu of the proceeds of a sale thereof. Their names are Fritze Pardon, Ernest Pardon, Herman Kraft, Ferdinand Kraft, Otilie Hoerle and Emily Schultheis.

EXCEPTIONS ALLOWED.

Judge Robinson has allowed defendant's bill of exceptions, in the case of F. H. Redward va. J. O. Lutted, to judgment for plaintiff in the total sum of \$332.78 rendered on November 26,

NOTHING LIKE EXPERIENCE -One truth learned by actual experience does more good than ten experiences one bears about." Tell a man that Chamberlain's Colfe, Cholera and Diarrhoea Bernedy will cure cholera morbus and he will most likely forget it before the end of the day. Let him have a mevere attack of that disease, feel that he is about to die, one this remedy, and learn from his own experience how quickly it gives relief. and he will remember it all his life, Por sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for

ORDER REGISTRATION

(WIRELESS TELEGRAM TO THE ADVERTISERY)

HILO, September 25.- A writ of mandamus will be sued out here asking Judge Gilbert F. Little to compel the Board of Registration to register citizens entitled to vote at the county election, but who are not now on the lists. This is in line with the action of the Kauai Republicans, Judge Hardy having granted the mandamus as requested. It is belived that Judge Little will follow the ruling of Judge Hardy and order the Board of Registration to sit.

ADVERTISER STORY FULLY VERIFIED

The following is from the San Jose Mercury of Sept. 13:

The proceedings brought by George A. Davis of Honolulu as guardian of cracker box, suspended in air by cords attached to pulleys.

This opera-bouffe war of the Iroquois sailors is being waged with fate, was dismissed by Judge Hyland defendants in the case were Abigail Campbell-Parker, mother of the minors, and the parties in interest were the trustees under the will of James Campbell, deceased. The trustees are Abbie Campbell-Parker, Joseph O. Carter and Cecil Brown of Honolulu.

Jared G. Smith, Special Agent in tural Station, leaves tomorrow for a visit to the Hamakua district to in- favor, it was decided to let the matter now under way there.

The experiment in the Hamakua district has now been under way for nearly a month, Mr. Frank Conter being in charge of the work. Bo far, the reports from the Mr. Conter have been very encouraging, and the experiment in tobacco growing promises to be a success.

Mr. Smith returned last week from a visit to Kausi, where he inspected the four plantations about Libue. This Was Mr. Smith's first visit to Kauai and he was much impressed with the beauties of the Garden Inc.

While on Hawaii Mr. Smith will also attend a meeting of the Hilo Agricul-

SMALL BAIL FOR GAMBLERS

Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth, raided a gambling joint yesterday and captured a number of Chinese, who were booked at the station on charges of gambling. Each was released on depositing \$6 cash bail. This is about the lowest sum asked for ball, and as it is lower than some fines imposed, the greater number may fail to respond to their names in police court, and the island treasury will be the gainer from the new method.

GRADUATES FAILED TO ORGANIZE

A meeting of St. Louis /College graduates was held yesterday morning for the purpose of organizing an alumni association, but action was de-INSPECT TOBACCO ferred to a meeting to be held later. The organization was to have been effected yesterday, but owing to a difference of opinion over the constitution proposed by a graduate, which did not seem to meet with general

The Mational Anthem.

The Navy Department has issued an order declaring "The Star Spangled Banner" the national anthem. and directing whenever that composition is played that all officers and men shall stand at attention unless they are engaged in duty that will not permit them to do so. It is required that the same respect shall be observed toward the national air of any other country when played in the presence tural Society and will make an ad- of official representatives of such coun-

Americans have few holidays, and the commemoration on one day in the year of the mightiest power on earth is appropriate and com-mendable. Thoughtful men, however, constantly seek for some definition or adequate description of labor, and very few who take part in the annual celebration have a true and definite comprehension of its

Labor is a force that produces, that consumes, that capitalizes. For nourishment and accumulation it works up the original contributions of creative power for the use of man in all his parts, body, mind and soul. At the bottom, the distinction between capital and labor is a conventional fallacy, a purely assumed basis for argument or for antagonism. The primitive capital of the world represented the labor of the Almighty and consisted of its various substances and surroundings, solid, fluid and gaseous. Capital, as it exists today, is the product of these free gifts, as tranformed by labor and stored essentially in the same way that the squirrel stores its winter food.

And, within itself, labor is almost infinite in its varieties. In no case is it purely muscular or purely intellectual, and the relative proportions of each sort of energy are as numerous and as different as pursuits and employments. The humblest peasant, the hardest toiler in the fields or in the marts of trade, commerce or manufacture, carnot be merely automatic, but must exert some degree of intelligence. The greatest ruler or statesman, even the abstracted philosopher, by whom the roar of superficial life is unheard, must employ his physical organs or he could not exist. The function of digestion is common to all men and hearing, smell, sight, taste and touch were as essential to lished in Friday's Advertiser. Mr. Shakespeare or Dante as they are to the stevedore on the wharves of Smith objected to the fees of the com-

Not only is the assumption of a radical or fundamental difference between labor and capital a fallacy, but the inordinate and exclusive by W. M. Minton, real estate dealer, pretensions of structurally different phases of labor are equally who said that he thought the property was worth \$40,000 but, at the date of sale and since, under the present conhe worse than an aristocracy of birth or money. Labor rises in dignity, ditions of depression, would not bring precisely as it exerts the brain and widens its/horizon. Among the more than \$25,000 at an auction sale false sayings of Poor Richard, the most obvious was when, referring for cash, nor would it bring any highto a property qualification of five hundred dollars annexed to the exercise of the elective franchise, he propounded the conundrum, when a man deposited his ballot on account of his ownership of a jackass confirming the sale and fixing the comworth five hundred dollars, whether the man or the jackass voted. The plain answer was that the man with the jackass voted because he had acquired it through an intelligent industry that a man without

a jackass or its equivalent did not possess.

There is not, and under American institutions there cannot be, an oligarchy either of muscular or intellectual labor. All labor produces, whether its fruits are material and visible or, except to the discerning the case of Mrs. Thomas Lack vs. S. mind, invisible. The President of the United States, the Professors K Kane. in Colleges and Universities, members of the learned or segregated classed wage-earners, are alike laborers, and exactly equal before the law, although, according to the quality and products of their work, differentiated socially and in power and influence.

Lawful combinations of every character that do not infringe the rights of individuals or of the public, which are essential to the main-tenance of the social bond and of political organization, are the prerogatives of labor in all its forms, of which capital is one. But of late years, self-asserted discriminations in favor of particular and usually Peabody vs. Emily P. Judd et al., was inferior kinds of labor, as in the San Francisco strikes of 1901, have also continued until Monday. disturbed the peace and orderly progression of civilized nations, and, Judge Gear appointed John K. Pren-in the United States the people at large more than nineteen-twentietis dergast executor of the will of Eleanor in the United States, the people at large, more than nineteen-twentieths of the entire population, have been compelled to seek for and are rapidly finding an effective remedy. There was no excuse or even palliation for vicious, oppressive and violent monopolies, whether of brawn or of PUBLIC WORKS MEN money, in a country which can almost supply the food deficiencies of the world, and where the most inferior laborer can have a comfortable home. plenty to eat and drink and free education for his children, and can sport valuable jewelry and smoke good cigars.

The efforts to reduce the hours of labor, which have met with considerable success, and which, in principle at least are in the line of Charlie Clark, who draws a good of developing citizenship, nevertheless present many practical diffi- salary from the Public Works departculties, which are hard to adjust, and which will not be settled on ment, but is said to be a hard worker boycotting or other coercive lines. No thoroughbred American will in the interests of James 11, Boyd, a Home Rule nominee. Hard upon this dispute the proposition that eight hours in each secular day, with a information comes also the announce reasonable intermission, is long enough for any man to work. But there ment that C. B. Wilson, the Road Sureasonable intermission, is long enough for any man to work. But there ment that C. B. Wilson, the Road Su- Delegate Kuhlo's secretary is "\$100 per are few men who actually labor eight hours per day. Apart from pervisor, will undergo a similar inportant being all that is prescribed by "soldiering" or "sparring for time," which is too common for the good of industry and individual character, there is scarcely a known occurrence of industry and individual character, there is scarcely a known occurrence of the positions the bostilons they hold the delegate's clerk. pation without frequent breaks, that mean rest and change, and this under the Republican administration. He is provided for under the general is especially true since the ruder strains on human endurance have ed his determination to work for Boyd. \$100 per month for clerical hire. been virtually obliterated by machinery. In this age, it is not easy the Home Ruler. to conceive of even one hour's unintermittent labor being performed of leading men in the Republican count of the around the island yacht race. anywhere. In this respect, the differences between occupations are clis, the following conversation is said The Gladys and not the La Paloma so great, that it sometimes appears impracticable to find an equitable rule, just both to employers and employed.

But the twentieth century has commenced with a general impulse asked. on moral lines, and the problems which affect industry, accumulation, and above all character, are being probed to the centre by trained, educated and impartial minds. For the incongruities and clashes in this throbbing and aspiring age, remedies can be found through American brotherhood, entrenched by the Constitution and the laws. But, now and ever in enlightened nations, preeminently in the United States and in Great Britain, charlatanism, ignorance and violence must fail. There are many labor unions in this country, which deserve and receive of prominent Republican committeegeneral respect. Clap-trap demands, however, chiefly inspired by foreigners, and held by walking delegates in the inelastic grasp of selfishness, will speedily be denied and their narrow-headed advocates ground into was appointed Road Supervisor, that

GLADYS WINS ROUND THE ISLAND RACE

dust under the resistless tread of American civilization.

The sloop Gladys, T. W. Hobron skip- , wind and start at the word. None of per and owner, arrived first at the spar the yachtsmen knowing. Walalus harbuoy, the finish of the Around-Oahu bor or having visited it before, it was race, passing that point at forty-one agreed that the yachts should stand up minutes and thirty-three seconds past until a Washington light placed in the seven, having made sixty-two knots in thotel grounds, was abeam at a distwelve hours. The La Paloma was sig- tance not greater than two miles. Time nailed off Diamond Head at 8:45. The was then to be taken and for that pur-Helene was forced to put back into pose a member of the regatta commit-Waisius with a split jib yesterday tee accompanied each boat. The promorning. Captain Fred Whitney fessional island skippers on the La brought the sail up to town for repairs Paloma were thoroughly acquainted and will bring up his yacht later.

The race was one of 162 miles; sailed amateur crews or owners werefrom Pearl Harbor to Walshua and ney, 14 tonk Frank Hatch; Mark Robregular yacht attendant. Gladys, Captain T. W. Hobron, 8 tons, with Oscar mittent winds. All three bosts made White and Regatta Committeeman Raena Point hard on midnight. Allan Dunn abourd, joined later at Wainius by George Renton.

Arrangements were made for a start off Pearl Harbor on Friday in the early evening, all rachts to be abreast in the with Waislus harbor but none of the

An even start was made at 6:5:40 off thence, after a day's stop at Haleiwa, Pearl Harbor. At the word the crews around on the windward side to the started to set spinnakers succeeding in spar buoy off Honolulu. The vachts the following order: Helene, La Paloand crews competing were as follows: ma, Gladys. All three then stood away La Paloma, Commodore C. W. Macfar- for the sunset, the La Paloma before lane, 22 tons, with Delegate Kuhlo, the wind soon getting a lead. The Cushman Carter, Regatta Committee- Helene and Gladya kept well together, man Frank Halstead, one regular help the Helepe getting the better of it as and Captain Lewis and another island long as spinnakers were set. At 10 the skipper. Helene, Captain Fred Whit- La Paloma was ahead and the Helene abreast of and to beward of the inson, Jr., George Jorgensen, Regatta Gladys. They succeeded a series of Committeeman George Turner, and the battling calms to Kaena Point, in which

the Giadra got the better of the inter-

The Gladra, steering laid out company courses, picked up the lights of Wal-

(Continued on page 4.)

Property Confirmed By the Court.

sale of the Beretania street property of H. W. Schmidt was decided yesterday after two hearings by Judge De Bolt. Smith & Lewis appeared for the Lunalilo Estato trustees, mortgagees; Robertson & Wilder for the respondent. and C. F. Peterson, commissioner of

Mr. Robertson read the exceptions to the commissioner's report, as pubmissioner and the auctioneer as being too high. Mr. Peterson called several witnesses and produced an affidavit sale and since, under the present coner price if offered again for cash within the next few weeks.

The court rendered an oral decision missioner's fee at \$625, over all expenses of sale, he to pay the auctioneer out of that amount. Mr. Peterson had asked for \$600 as his own fee and \$250, as the auctioneer's. mortgagees were the purchasers at the

Judge Robinson heard and adjudged W. A. Whiting appeared for plaintiff, while defendant made no earance. Judgment was given for plaintiff, as prayed for in complaint, for \$355 and possession of the premises. In Damon et al. vs. Schmidt et al., Judge Robinson continued until Mon-

day morning the motion for a com-The motion to amend the complaint in the action to quiet title of Lucy K.

Prendergast, without bonds.

ARE HOME RULERS

The Republican Executive Committee may begin shortly an investigation

to have taken place a day or two ago: was the first of the yachts to arrive at "Wilson, who are you going to work | Waislus." for, on the Supervisors' ticket?" was

"Well, I'm going to work for Ren-

Republican workers are indignant over a situation where a supposed Re-Bulletin. She was only to Lahaina. publican has ben given one of the most lucrative positions in the Public Works department, upon the recommendation men, and has declared himself in fa-

vor of a Home Ruler, It was reported at the time Wilson he was required to hand in a signed but undated resignation, the date to be filled in whenever it needed a date.

Col. McFariane May Go to Cuba.

As will be seen in our advertising columns, Mr. G. W. Macfarlane, has disposed of his interests in the John Fowler & Co. Steam Plow Agency to The Honolulu Iron Works Co.

It is reported, that Col. Macfarlane, will denote himself in the future to Fowler & Co.'s interests in California and Cuba, where Steam Plows have lately been successfully introduced.

With a permanent guard of marines, and a squadron already coming our way, Hawaii will be more than ever disposed towards self congratulations over the assignment of Admiral Terry to command in Honolulu.

factions here have been marked by sound discretion as well as a charitable

Miss Ethel Barr, who accompanied Mrs. Braymer to Maul a couple of weeks ago, was seriously injured on Monday afternoon last near Waikapu by being thrown from one of Col. Cornwell's horses. Miss Barr was riding "Creeper," an old and well known horse in the Cornwell stables, when the animal boiled on the road from Lahaina to Walikapa. The rider struck upon the back of her head, and was rendered unconscious, and she was severely bruised. brought to Honolulu on the Kinau For sale by all Dealers and Druggista. Physicans.

CUT DOWN INSTRUCTION

CAZETTE THE SDAY SEPHEMBER 29, 1903 SPANNE

But Sale of Schmidt's Mrs. Brunson Will Begin Her Classes Next Wednesday.

Instruction in lace making, under a special appropriation made by the legislature, is about to be added to the branches of handicraft taught in public schools of Honolulu. Mrs. Cora T. Brunson will begin teaching classes in that art on Wednesday next.

A cottage has been fitted up in King street for the main school of lace-making. Besides teaching there a portion of every school day, Mrs. Brunson will give lessons at the Girls' Industrial school one hour in the morning and to special classes of the Normal School two hours in the afternoon.

There are between thirty and forty pupils ready to take lace-making lessons known to A. T. Atkinson, Superintendent of Public Instruction. It has not yet developed how many more girls may be placed under instruction by the Hooulu and Hoola Lahui Soclety, whose directors, with Mrs. F. W. Macfarlane at their head, were instrumental in obtaining the appropristion.

The hope of the promoters and the educational authorities is that systematic instruction in lace-making will result in the creation of a profitable local industry, besides conferring great benefit upon the girls in giving them skill of handicraft along with a refined source of livelihood

DONORS TO THE KAIULANI HOME

Kalulani Home wishes to thank the following persons for donations: Mrs. Henry Waterhouse for two bunches of bananas; Mrs. H. P. Green for box of apples; Mrs. May Wilcox for basket of fresh guavas and dozen assorted jellies; Mrs. S. E. Bishop for Youth's Companion: Mrs. Yarndley, Harper's Monthly; Miss Johnson, two ferns; Hopp & Co., nice rocking chair.

Our twenty-six girls are doing faithful work both in school and out and we would be grateful for donations of books, papers, magazines, pictures, plants, or rockers for our parlor. Any thing to make our home pretty and

S. D. HEAPY,

BULLETIN BLUNDERS IN JUST ONE DAY

The Bulletin says that the salary of Delegate Kuhlo's secretary is "\$100 per

The Hongkong Maru did not sail yesterday morning at eleven o'clock ton, and Jimmie Boyd. I want to give him a chance," was the alleged re-twelve o'clock.

Miss Rose Davison did not return from Hilo yesterday as stated by the The Merchauts and Planters had nothing to do with the selection of Morris Kechokalole to accompany Delegate Kuhlo as is erroneously intimated in the Bulletin. He was the choice of Kunio alone.

CIVIL SERVICE **EXAMINATIONS**

The following is a schedule of examinations for civil service positions which will be held in this city on the dates indicated below.

For further information consult Mr. McCoy, or Mr. Kenake at the Postoffice, Prof. Alexander of the Geodetic Survey, or Mr. R. C. Stackable or Prof. A. B. Ingalls at the Custom

No application for any of these positions will be received later than Oct.

October 21-22, 1903. Interpreter, Roumanian and Slavic, in the immigration service at Baltimore, Md., at \$1200 per annum.

Chinese Inspector in the Department of Labor and Commerce at Pittsburg, Mr. Bishop's gift to the Queen's Hos- Pa., at \$4.00 per diem; and Mechanical pital is a worthy one and will be out Draftsman in Ordnance Department at to good use. All of Mr. Bishop's bene- Large to fill six vacancies at Washington, D. C., three vacancies at Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., and one vacancy at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N J., at a salary of \$1200 per annum each.

HOW TO AVOID THE DANGERS OF A COLD,-Everyone must realise the dangers attending a severe cold, and that it is always prudent to remain in-doors until the danger is passed. Many, however, do not feel able to loss the time and will be interested in knowing that a severe cold may be broken up and all danger avoiced by the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It not only cures, but cures quickly and counter-She was acts any tendency toward pneumonia. resterday and is under the care of Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

HOME RULERS HEARD FROM EMMA SQUARE

Home Rulism was spouted last night that when he became assessor, forget the old time Wilcoxian style. It was the beginning of the "old hat brigade" campaign, but the rain kept the expect-

ed crowd down to small proportions. Kalauokalani presided—it's always Kalanokalani, or his gas-tank confrere who wields the gavel,—and he gave Jimmie Boyd, the Republican deserter; laukea, the "Spotted Skirt" candidate; plaints about the administration.

told the audience that the Republicans had a cell provided for him in the prison, but they couldn't put him in it. Curtis Iaukea, who wants to be Asses-

rom the Emma Square bandstand in ting to say "if," he would lower the taxes.

Caypless said that the reins of government of the Island would be in Home Rule hands if the natives only used their votes for the Home Rule ticket. He stated they would be fools if they did not take what their votes would give them. Speaking of the various opposition candidates, be said Elder Fernandez, Caypless and Kuma- something about Testa, evidently iniae, another Republican deserter; an tending to use the word "pololei," (all opportunity to air their woes and their right), but used "pololi" instead, which means hungry. Testa was in the audi-In the drizzling rain Jimmle Boyd ence, and he called back, "as, I am hungry-for a good government."

Elder Fernandez spoke of the Board of Health and the Board of Education, saying that Hawalians were kept out sor, said that the policy of the present of each. There were as brainy men administration was to tax the people as amongst the Hawaiians, he alleged, as high as possible, and for the govern- among the hacles, and the Hawaiians ment to sue the poor people who owed could do ust as good service on these taxes and let the rich ones go. He said boards as the others.

TRUCE DECLARED IN STRIKE ON HONOLULU PLANTATION

vesterday morning by the strikers on reasonably asked. Yesterday morning Honolulu Plantation. The mounted the conferences were started anew. police returned from the scene of the and about noon an agreement was trouble yesterday afternoon, at which reached by which negotiations were time the noisy mob of Japs which had been surrounding the plantation office to return from Kaual. for, a day and night had dispersed.

The conference between the commit-plantation yesterday, about three tees from the several camps. Manager o'clock and arrived in the city an hour Low and the Japanese Vice-Consul later. They reported that the Japanese started about seven o'clock Friday strikers had appeared to be pacified night and was continued until three and were starting to work in the fields o'clock yesterday morning. At that with hoe and rake. The situation at hour no agreement had been reached, Honolulu Plantation will hardly be

A twelve days' truce was declared | tion had already done all that could be postponed for twelve days by which time Consul General Salto is expected

The six mounted policemen left the Manager Low insisting that the plants- changed until Consul Saito returns.

BISHOP LIBERT OFF TO MOLOKAL

sions departs in the Lehua tomorrow Bishop will remain at Kalaupapa and for Kalaupapa to pay his first pas- Kalawao for a week.

Bishop Libert of the Catholic mis- toral visit since his consecration. The

MARINES RECOMMENDED FOR NAVAL STATION

When the Pacific naval squadron comes to Hawaiian waters for its war game maneuvers, as has been rumored, the Honolulu Naval Station may be equipped with a marine garrison.

Admiral Terry has made a recommendation to the Navy Department for a marine garrison, with a minimum strength of one hundred men. The recommendation was recently made, but as such matters are considered with extreme caution, a reply may be deferred for many months.

The proposition of the installation of a marine garrison at this station requires considerable study, as it means the selection of a site for the garrison, erection of quarters for the officers and men, equipment and storage buildings, and a good sized parade ground.

The establishment of such a garrison would elevate the station to the dignity which it has already attained in having for its commandant a Rear Admiral. Admiral Terry is in favor of having a marine guard established here as early as the Navy Department can see its way clear to arrive at a favorable conclusion in the premises.

"I have made the recommendation," said Admiral Terry to an Advertiser man. "I would like to see marines stationed here. Not only does such a garrison assist in making a naval station impressive, but it is becoming necessary here. We have a great deal of property, and much will accumulate, and it needs to be guarded, and marines, of course, are the police of the navy.

"And then, too," he added, "it means business to the merchants here."

PROMOTION COMMITTEE WORK IS APPEARING

The Saturday Evening Post contains a short pictorial advertisement of Hawaii with this text:

Sunny Shores and Sunny Slopes

HAWAII

Unrivalled in Equable Climate Unequalled in Variety of Scenic Resort Unexcelled Tourists' Accommodations Unsurpassed in Fertility of Soil Before fixing your Winter or Summer Itinerary

HEAR OF HAWAII!

Full information from all railroads, or HAWAII PROMOTION COMMIT-TEE, representing the Territory of Hawaii Chamber of Commerce Merchants' Association, Honolulu, T. H.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CARLEGRAMS)

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 27.—Turkey is preparing a great army in Macedonia for the purpose of striking a quick blow at Bulgaria and Servia in an effort to dissolve the recent alliance between the two Balkan

SALONICA, Turkey, Sept. 27.—The mobilization of sixty-four batteries of Turkish troops has been ordered for operations against Servia and Bulgaria.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 27.—Fifteen thousand members of the Macedonian society in Bulgaria today paraded the streets of the Bulgarian capital everywhere calling forth the greatest enthusiasm.

KOBE, Japan, Sept. 27.—The steamer Australian, one of the fine vessels running between Japanese ports, Manila, and Australia, is ashore

The steamship Australian is a fast passenger vessel. She carries a crew of Chinese. This is one of the fleet carrying the mails from Japan to Australia.

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 27.—A balloon today made the journey of from Paris, France, to Hull, England, across the English channel in eighteen hours. The distance covered in the flight was over four hundred miles.

CAMPAIGN TO START

Republicans Will Hold Three Meetings.

The Republican Cornty and Executive Committee and candidates recently nominated on the ticket held a meeting last night at headquarters. of the most important of its joint acts was the decision to commence the campaign on Monday evening when meetioga will be held at Waikiki, Kakaako and one in the Fifth district. Another result of the meeting was the appointment of a committee to select an auxiliary committee of seven members to ald the county committees, although those present who are veterans in local politics did not believe in such a committee. The meeting was well attended, and was presided over by Chairman Wm. Henry.

J. A. Gliman said that every man should take his coat off and work hard with the candidates. There was no need of a barrel of money to go into the election, but it was the duty of every individual to give his time and efforts gratis, and he felt with this assistance, the party would win out in the end. Jack Lucas said he intended to get out and do his own work and if he couldn't win he would "kick the

Frank Pahie said the coming election was to be as difficult in some respects as former ones, owing to the habit of many Hawaiians to say yes today and no tomorrow. Speakers should be sent out from headquarters to visit all Hawaiians in outside districts and ex-

plain the situation to them. Mark Robinson thought the business community would back the campaign liberally. As soon as the fund was ready, the committees should all put their shoulders to the wheel and work. E. C. Peters thought it would be wise

to have members of the executive committee work with the county committees as many of the members of the latter were without experience in poli-With relation to finances, he said the rule in portions of the United States was to have the candidates put forward sums of money for use in the campaign. The candidates expect to have help from the business men, but the business men also ask, "What are the candidates doing themselves?" There were fourteen candidates and if each put up \$100 there would be \$1400

to start with.

J. A. Gilman did not agree with the preceding speaker, arguing that all the candidates would not be able financially to meet this obligation.

W. W. Harris gave a suggestion as to the collection of campaign funds. The suggestion had been made to him by a business man that the business houses should be rated, for the larger business houses would give more liberally and cheerfully, if the smaller houses were pro-rated. The latter were almost as vitally interested as the larger ones.

J. W. Pratt was opposed to having an auxiliary committee on the ground that it would be a slap in the face of

A motion was finally put through appointing Mark Robinson, J. W. Pratt, W. F. Fleming and Wm. Henry, a special committee to appoint an auxiliary committee of seven to act in con junction with the executive committee. The auxiliary committee will be an-

main committee.

nounced in a day or two. A meeting of the executive and county committees was held after the adjournment of the general meeting, at which wave and means were dis cussed as to the methods of conducting the campaign all over the laund. It was generally conceded that present workers should be sent out immediately to feel the pulse of the various piecincts, and ascertain as soon as possible the Republican and opposition strength.

Geo. Renton advocated getting the machinery of the election oiled and started and the sooner the better.

A. I. C. Atkinson talked practical politics. The keynote was organization-knowing just the men who could be relied upon in each precinct to get out among the voters and bring in reliable reports. He did not believe in auxiliary committees. The fewer the men in these committees the better. Big committees were unwieldy.

Chairman Henry suggested that men in the different precincts present him with the lists of the men in the precincts who could be relied upon to work to obtain as nearly exact information as possible. He suggested these be in

A motion was presented to have the secretary of the executive committee notify the chairmen of the precinct committees to send in three names each of good workers, the chairman to appoint others to proceed with the gath-

ering of data. Charence Crabbe advised the committee to tackle the election problem at once. The funds would come in later. The campaign was not going to be a There were fourteen candisoft anap. dates and they should be sent out into the field at once. There were to be tours of the island. He felt sure of the election of almost every man on the Republican ticket, but it would only be accomplished by hard work. There were weak places to be bolstered up, The Young Men's Republican club

could be counted upon to assist. J. A. Gilman, Sam Johnson, Major Zeigler and others spoke against the motion, and it withdrawn, and a substitute was offered giving the chairman full power to appoint when and how many persons he wanted to work in the precincts, and this carried.

R. N. Boyd was appointed a committee of one to arrange for public meetings next week, when the campaign of oratory and persuasion will beactually

Senator Crabbe created enthusiasm by making a rousing speech, calling cluded.

CONGRESS WILL SOON **ASSEMBLE**

Important Matters Concerning Hawaii Will Be Acted Upon by the National Legislators.

(MAIL SPECIAL TO THE ADVERTIGER)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—The extra session of Congress, which President Roosevelt has just stated anew he intends to call November 9, is now only six weeks distant. The national capitol is already putting itself in readiness for that event. The President will himself be reacnes Honolulu and his office in the little white walled building under the shadow of the state, war, and navy building will again become the Mecca of thousands of politicians and office seekers. The trend of travel will again set in towards the city by the Potomac. The various departments will accordingly soon be tackling new questions affecting administration. Consultations about prospective legislation, which have been carried on only spasmodically at Oyster Bay, will be taken up anew and more earnestly. There is an outlook all in all for the greatest of the part would be deliant to be much per month, about twelves of course there are the last four years. back in the White House from his long vacation about the time this reaches Honolulu and his office in the little white walled building under

Of course, there are two matters which may come before the extrasession of concern to Hawaii. One is the Cuban treaty, which, as has been stated in previous letters, will apparently become the law of the land by the passage of the resolution to be offered in the Senate and House. There has been nothing new regarding that treaty of late. Some resistance is anticipated and prolonged debate, but such things from all one can judge, will not affect the result. The other is the Isthmian canal question. However, it is not at all certain the extra session will consider that. Official Washington now believes the canal treaty with Colombia is dead and that the Congress at Bogota will adjourn without ratifying it. That may prove not to be the fact before two weeks have passed, but all indications now point to the defeat of the treaty. It is well understood here that the mercenary motives of the Colombian Congress are chiefly the cause of delay in ratification. The expectation was that the United States could be prevailed upon to pay a higher price for the concession and the Colombian Congress has gotten itself in such a tangle from that mistaken notion that it probably will not be able to set itself straight and accept the big price already

C. R. BISHOP'S GIFT TO THE QUEEN'S HOSPITAL JUDGE LITTLE MAY

Charles R. Bishop has made a gift of \$35,000 to the Queen's Hospital and the substantial donation is to be used in the extensive improvements planned for the hospital. The gift was made by Mr. Bishop some time ago, but was only paid over to the trustees of the Hospital in July last, at the time that Oahu College was enriched by a gift of \$50,000 from the same source.

The trustees have decided to add a new wing to the hospital, with the money so generously placed at their disposal. The contemplated improvements will cost about \$45,000 and Mr. Bishop's gift will be used to pay nearly all of this expense. The remaining money is to come from the funds of the institution.

The new wing will be built on the Ewa side of the hospital building, the present wing being torn down to make way for the improvement. The new wing will be between sixty and seventy feet long and about forty feet wide. It is to be three stories in height and will be built of brick and concrete. There are to be thirty-six private rooms in the new building and an operating room at the top. There will be no wards in the wing.

TARS ARE LEARNING TO HIT WITH RAPID FIRE GUNS

Mimic warfare is being carried on daily at the Naval Station by the sailors of the United States Tug Iroquois. The two rapid-fire guins The proceedings brought by George of the saluting battery which point seaward from the town on the A. Davis of Honolulu as guardian of Waikiki side of the Commandant's office-building, are being used in the estates of Murlel Campbell and this little behind-the-scenes war and the supposed hostile war vessel the trustees under the will of James on which the guns are being trained is only an 8x8 inch end of a Campbell, deceased, to set aside the cracker box, suspended in air by cords attached to pulleys.

This opera-bouffe war of the Iroquois sailors is being waged with tate, was dismissed by Judge Hyland one definite purpose. The Navy wants every man who treads a war- Friday, thus ending the litigation conship's deck to be able to handle its modern guns, large and small, and cerning that estate in this county. The better and faster than the jackies under any other flag.

The effort to cultivate accuracy in sighting these guns at such Campbell-Parker, mother of the minmovable objects as war vessels, has developed a novel method for doing ors, and the parties in interest were GRADUATES FAILED this work on terra firma. First of all the guns were swung around until their muzzles pointed toward Punchbowl. Then two tall posts were erected, one at each outer side of the guns. Cords received through Abble Campbell-Parker, Joseph O. Carpulleys attached to the top of the posts hold an 8x8 inch board suspended before the muzzle of one of the guns. On the right hand side are two crude windlass drums of wood, about which are wound two ropes leading from the wooden target. One drum operates a cord which lifts the target up and down. The other causes the target to move from side to side. The gun is loaded with a sub-caliber shot, discharging a leaden pellet. A jackie puts his shoulder behind the shoulder-piece of the gun and squints his eye along the barrel. Two sailors operating the drums, begin moving the target upwards and downwards and sideways, the idea being to imitate the motions of a vessel at sea. The tural Station, leaves tomorrow for a man-behind-the-gun makes a bold effort to follow the target's elusive visit to the Hamakua district to inmovements with the evenly balanced and pivoted gun and when he thinks spect the tobacco growing experiment rest. he has a head on the target, he fires.

It is in this manner that Uncle Sam labors to make his sailors the best fighters on the high seas.

upon the candidates to begin at once with their campaign. It was then decided to hold a meeting on Monday evening in "Sam Johnson's district" in Kakaako, and another in Waikiki. A meeting will also be held in the Fifth

weaker-"Bust 'em all up," he con-

Called to Japan University.

SANTA ROSA, September 18 .- Rev. A. MacKengie and his wife and family left here yesterday morning for Japan, where Mr. MacKenzie goes to accept an important position in the Imperial University. He has been rector James Shaw knew where there were of Emmanuel Episcopal church in this weak spots in the Home Rule ranks city for some time and only after urand these should be attacked and made gent requests resigned to go to Japan and take a professorship in the Uni-

JAPANESE STRIKE ON JUDGMENT HONOLULU PLANTATION IS SETTLED

Nearly Five Hundred Men on Profit Sharing Basis Quit Work When Demand for Big Guarantee Is Refused.

Five hundred Japanese, working for ed with carbines. The ride down was Honolulu Plantation on the profit-sharing basis, quit work yesterday morning when their demand for increased pay was refused by Manager Low. The men refused to go to work in their fields until their demands for a guarantee of \$20 monthly had been complied with, but the attempt to start a sympathetic strike among the day laborers

The strike it was said by some was become due them when the cane is harvested and sold to the plantation.

Instead of going to work in the fields esterday morning, about five hundred Japanese gathered in front of the plantation office and voiced their demands an additional clause to the contract guaranteeing them an average of tweny dollars per month, the reason for the ceed. terpreters, informed the Japa that he

made in about three-quarters of an hour and the Japs were at once quieted by the sight of the armed police. Discussion continued between the la-

borers and plantation men for an hour or more, until finally the Jabanese Vice-Consul, Yamanaka, arrived, together with Interpreter Katsamura of the Immigration office.

Katsumura addressed the assembled Japs at some length and he was followed by the Japanese Vice-Consul. The laborers sired their pricyances against the management, and finally after an hour or more of talk, it was decided that a committee be selected from each camp to discuss with Man-ager Low and the Uspaness Commit their grievances.

MANAGER LOW'S STATEMENT.

"The whole trouble is that the Japanese want the plantation to guarantee them more than can be paid," said Manager J. A. Low to an Advertiser reporter at the plantation last evening. "About 450 or 500, Japanese who are working on the profit-sharing basis refused to go to work this morning until for more money. They insisted upon their demands had been complied with They also tried to induce the day laborers to join with them, but did not suc-

demand being the small returns they! These Japanese have signed a con-have received from the came already tract at a certain figure and now they harvested. Manager Low, through in- want a guarantee that they shall each receive at least twenty dollars per could not agree to their requests. The month, which is four dollars higher Japs insisted and remained gathered than the regular wage schedule. The around the office the entire morning, men are getting \$1.25 and \$1.35 a ton some of them leaving to attempt to in- for their cane but want us to guarantee fluence the remaining Japanese to join in addition that they shall receive the strike. Finally along about noon twenty dollars per month, although they became threatening in their at they don't want the agreement to work titude, and in the afternoon Manager both ways, and have the plantation get Low telephoned to the police in Hono- all in excess of that amount. The new lulu for assistance. Deputy Sheriff agreements have been in force now for Chillingworth dispatched Lieutenant two or three months, and naturally Lesile with five men to the scene of the plantation can't make any guaran trouble. They were mounted and arm- tee of the kind asked by the Japanese.

Mililani Street Widening

Case.

Satisfaction of decision and judgment in the matter of the extension of Mililani street, with relation to the appeal of the trustees of the B. P. Bishoo Estate, was filed by Attorney General Andrews yesterday. The judgment of the commissioners essessed a total in three cases of \$3933 against the Bishop Estate for betterments. The consideration of compromise consists of one dollar and an exchange of land which the Government acknowledges from the Bishop Estate trustees:

INJUSTICE PREVENTED.

No scoper were seven Koclau fisher-men and seven mider indictment for malicious liftury yesterday morning than Attorney General Andrews asked that a holle prosequi be entered. for all of them. He stated that he would have advised the grand jury against bringing in a true bill had he known the facts sooner and been aware that an indictment was being considered. According to his kiformation the prosecution arose but of a tangling together of the fishing nets of defendants and those of the prosecuting wil lesses while the nets were being hauled ashore.

Judge Gear, in granting the request, emarked that a mistake had evidently been made by the Attorney General's department in allowing the indictment, John Ah Sing, David Ah Sing, Moke Kaansana, Kalihi, Kaivaliilii, David Pake and Kaulahea were the defend-

ants thus sent away rejoicing. The prosecuting witnesses were Thomas W. and James Watson.

MAGGIE PLACE TESTIFIES. The Chilton trial was resumed before Judge Gear and, at 4 p. m., continued until Monday morning. Maggie Place the child alleged to have been harbored. by defendant after having been stolen by her son Harry, was giving evidence when the court adjourned. There was nothing new elicited beyond what was published at the trials of former cases about the same subject. Objections and exceptions fell upon the record all day aimost as thickly as questions and

QUESTION OF HEIRSHIP.

ORDER REGISTRATION The Godrey-Rowland ejectment trial occupied Judge De Bolt throughout the day. Dr. Wood gave expert evidence upon a material point. Rev. Mr. Fir. custodian of the register of births and marriages of St. Andrew's Cathedral, was called but the record he offered of the baptism of Thomas Metcalf, one of the plaintiffs, was refused by the court. The evidence of F. J. Tests, who stood as godfather for four Metcalf children in 1881, was also ruled out because witness admitted that he could not fix the date and had refreshed his emory from the register. This testi mony was offered to rebut that of women who testified of the death of a child, a year or two before the allexed baptism of the young man in court, who, had he lived, would have been the heir that this young man claimed to be. Mr. Testa confessed, to the amusement of bench, bar and jury, that he had been remiss in looking after his godehildren, 'like too many church-

COMMISSIONS.

Defendants in the suit of S. M. Damon, H. E. Waity and S. E. Damon, copartners under the name and style of Bishop & Co., vs. H. W. Schmidt, E. H. Paris and W. R. Castle, Jr., move for a commission to take the testimony of defendant Castle in Boston, Mass. In the assumpsit suit of Scott & Mag-

ner vs. W. C. Achi & Co., Judge De Bolt has issued a commission to A. A. Sanderson of San Francisco for taking the testimony of Joseph Magner,

MOTIONS.

Lucy Peabody by her attorneys, Frank Andrade and J. J. Dunne, moves to amend the complaint in her action to quiet title against Emily P. Judd, Julia Swanzy, F. M. Swanzy and Helen Far-

Defendant's motion for a new trial of the ejectment case of Kapiolani Estate, Ltd., vs. L. A. Thurston was continued by Judge Robinson until Saturday, October &

HEIRS MAKE ELECTION.

In the matter of the estate of August Kraft, deceased, the legatees by their, attorney in fact, Hawaiian Trust Co., Ltd., elect to take the real property. which the will directs to be sold in lieu of the proceeds of a sale thereof. Their names are Fritze Pardon, Ernest Pardon, Herman Kraft, Ferdinand Kraft, Otille Hoerle and Emily Schulthels.

EXCEPTIONS ALLOWED.

Judge Robinson has allowed defendant's bill of exceptions, in the case of F. H. Redward vs. J. O. Lutted, to judgment for plaintiff in the total sum of \$332.73 rendered on November 26,

NOTHING LIKE EXPERIENCE.-"One truth learned by actual experience does more good than ten experiences one hears about." Tell a man that Chamberlain's Colle, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will cure cholera morbus and he will most likely forget it before the end of the day. Let him have a severe attack of that disease, feel that be is about to die, use this remedy, and learn from his own experience how quickly it gives relief. and he will remember it all his life. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for

Registration to sit. ADVERTISER STORY SMALL BAIL

(WIRELESS TELEGRAM TO THE ADVERTISER)

HILO, September 25.-A writ of mandamus will be sued out

here asking Judge Gilbert F. Little to compel the Board of

Registration to register citizens entitled to vote at the county

election, but who are not now on the lists. This is in line with

the action of the Kauai Republicans, Judge Hardy having granted

the mandamus as requested. It is belived that Judge Little will

follow the ruling of Judge Hardy and order the Board of

The following is from the San Jose Mercury of Sept. 13:

FULLY VERIFIED

decree of distribution made in the esdefendants in the case were Abigaii the trustees under the will of James Campbell, deceased. The trustees are ter and Cecil Brown of Honolulu.

JARED SMITH TO **INSPECT TOBACCO**

Jared G. Smith, Special Agent in charge of the United States Agriculnow under way there.

The experiment in the Hamakua district has now been under way for nearly a month, Mr. Frank Conter being in charge of the work. So far, the reports from the Mr. Conter have been very encouraging, and the experiment in tobacco growing promises to be a success.

Mr. Smith returned last week from a visit to Kauai, where he inspected the four plantations about Linus. This was Mr. Smith's first visit to Kausi and he was much impressed with the beauties of the Garden Isle.

While on Hawaii Mr. Smith will also attend a meeting of the Hilo Agriculturn! Society and will make an ad-

FOR GAMBLERS

Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth, raided a gambling joint yesterday and captured a number of Chinese, who were booked at the station on charges of gambling. Each was released on depositing \$6 cash ball. This is about the lowest sum asked for ball, and as it is lower than some fines imposed, the greater number may fail to respond to their names in police court, and the island treasury will be the gainer from the new method.

TO ORGANIZE

A meeting of St. Louis /College graduates was held yesterday morning for the purpose of organizing an alumni association, but action was deferred to a meeting to be held later. The organization was to have been effected yesterday, but owing to a difference of opinion over the constitution proposed by a graduate, which did not seem to meet with general

The Mational Anthom.

The Navy Department has issued an order declaring "The Star Spangled Banner" the national anthem, and directing whenever that composition is played that all officers and men shall stand at attention unless they are engaged in duty that will not permit them to do so. It is required that the same respect shall be observed toward the national air of any other country when played in the presence of official representatives of such coun-

Americans have few holidays, and the commemoration on one day in the year of the mightiest power on earth is appropriate and com-mendable. Thoughtful men, however, constantly seek for some definition or adequate description of labor, and very few who take part in the annual celebration have a true and definite comprehension of its

Labor is a force that produces, that consumes, that capitalizes. For nourishment and accumulation it works up the original contributions of creative power for the use of man in all his parts, body, mind and soul. At the bottom, the distinction between capital and labor is a conventional fallacy, a purely assumed basis for argument or for antagonism. The primitive capital of the world represented the labor of the Almighty and consisted of its various substances and surroundings, solid, fluid and gaseous. Capital, as it exists today, is the product of these free gifts, as tranformed by labor and stored essentially in the same way that the squirrel stores its winter food.

And, within itself, labor is almost infinite in its varieties. In no case is it purely muscular or purely intellectual, and the relative proportions of each sort of energy are as numerous and as different as pursuits and employments. The humblest peasant, the hardest toiler in the fields or in the marts of trade, commerce or manufacture, carnot be merely automatic, but must exert some degree of intelligence. The erison & Wilder for the respondent, greatest ruler or statesman, even the abstracted philosopher, by whom and C. F. Peterson, commissioner of the roar of superficial life is unheard, must employ his physical or—Mr. Robertson read the exce gans or he could not exist. The function of digestion is common to all men and hearing, smell, sight, taste and touch were as essential to lished in Friday's Advertiser. Shakespeare or Dante as they are to the stevedore on the wharves of Honolulu.

Not only is the assumption of a radical or fundamental difference witnesses and produced an affidavit between labor and capital a fallary, but the mordinate and exclusive by W. M. Minton, real estate dealer, pretensions of structurally different phases of labor are equally who said that he thought the property illogical and far more absurd. An aristocracy of muscle would was worth \$40,000 but, at the date of be worse than an aristocracy of birth or money. Labor rises in dignity, ditions of depression, would not bring precisely as it exerts the brain and widens its/horizon. Among the more than \$25,000 at an auction sale false sayings of Poor Richard, the most obvious was when, referring for cash, nor would it bring any highto a property qualification of five hundred dollars annexed to the exercise of the elective franchise, he propounded the conundrum, when a man deposited his ballot on account of his ownership of a jackass confirming the sale and fixing the comworth five hundred dollars, whether the man or the jackass voted. The plain answer was that the man with the jackass voted because he had acquired it through an intelligent industry that a man without son had asked for \$600 as his own fee a jackass or its equivalent did not possess.

There is not, and under American institutions there cannot be, an oligarchy either of muscular or intellectual labor. All labor produces, Judge Robinson heard and adjudged whether its fruits are material and visible or, except to the discerning the case of Mrs. Thomas Lack vs. S. mind, invisible. The President of the United States, the Professors in Colleges and Universities, members of the learned or segregated classed wage-earners, are alike laborers, and exactly equal before the plaintiff, as prayed for in complaint, law, although, according to the quality and products of their work, for \$355 and possession of the premises.

differentiated socially and in power and influence. Lawful combinations of every character that do not infringe the rights of individuals or of the public, which are essential to the main- mission to take the testimony of W. R. tenance of the social bond and of political organization, are the pre- Castle, Jr., in Boston, Mass. rogatives of labor in all its forms, of which capital is one. But of The motion to amend the complaint late years, self-asserted discriminations in favor of particular and rescalls in the action to quiet title of Lucy K. late years, self-asserted discriminations in favor of particular and usually Peabody vs. Emily P. Judd et al., was inferior kinds of labor, as in the San Francisco strikes of 1901, have also continued until Monday. disturbed the peace and orderly progression of civilized nations, and, Judge Gear appointed John & Prenin the United States, the people at large, more than nineteen-twentieths dergast executor of the will of Eleanor of the entire population, have been compelled to seek for and are rapidly finding an effective remedy. There was no excuse or even palliation for vicious, oppressive and violent monopolies, whether of brawn or of money, in a country which can almost supply the food deficiencies of the world, and where the most inferior laborer can have a comfortable home, plenty to eat and drink and free education for his children, and can

sport valuable jewelry and smoke good cigars. The efforts to reduce the hours of labor, which have met with considerable success, and which, in principle at least are in the line of Charle Clark, who draws a good of developing citizenship, nevertheless present many practical diffi- salary from the Public Works departculties, which are hard to adjust, and which will not be settled on boycotting or other coercive lines. No thoroughbred American will Home Rule nominee. Hard upon this dispute the proposition that eight hours in each secular day, with a information, comes also the announcereasonable intermission, is long enough for any man to work. But there ment that C. B. Wilson, the Road Suare few men who actually labor eight hours per day. Apart from pervisor, will undergo a similar investigation, and a recommendation "soldiering" or "sparring for time," which is too common for the good "soldiering" or "sparring for time," which is too common for the good may be made to have both of them dis-of industry and individual character, there is scarcely a known occu- charged from the positions they hold

pation without frequent breaks, that mean rest and change, and this under the Republican administration. is especially true since the ruder strains on human endurance have been virtually obliterated by machinery. In this age, it is not easy the Home Ruler. Upon the authority to conceive of even one hour's unintermittent labor being performed of leading men in the Republican counanywhere. In this respect, the differences between occupations are cils, the following conversation is said so great, that it sometimes appears impracticable to find an equitable rule, just both to employers and employed.

But the twentieth century has commenced with a general impulse asked on moral lines, and the problems which affect industry, accumulation, and above all character, are being probed to the centre by trained, educated and impartial minds. For the incongruities and clashes in ply. this throbbing and aspiring age, remedies can be found through American brotherhood, entrenched by the Constitution and the laws. But, now and ever in enlightened nations, preeminently in the United States and in Great Britain, charlatanism, ignorance and violence must fail. There are many labor unions in this country, which deserve and receive of prominent Republican committeegeneral respect. Clap-trap demands, however, chiefly inspired by for-

eigners, and held by walking delegates in the inelastic grasp of selfishness, will speedily be denied and their narrow-headed advocates ground into dust under the resistless tread of American civilization.

GLADYS WINS ROUND

The sloop Gladys, T. W. Hobron skip- , wind and start at the word. None of per and owner, arrived first at the spar | the yachtsmen knowing. Waislus harbuoy, the finish of the Around-Oahu bor or having visited it before, it was race, passing that point at forty-one agreed that the yachts should stand up minutes and thirty-three seconds past until a Washington light placed in the seven, having made sixty-two knots in hotel grounds, was abeam at a distwelve hours. The La Paloma was sig- tance not greater than two miles. Time nalled off Diamond Head at 8:45. The was then to be taken and for that pur-Helene was forced, to put back into pose a member of the regatta commit-Waishus with a split jib yesterday tee accompanied each boot, The pro-Captain Fred Whitney brought the sail up to town for repairs and will bring up his yacht later.

The race was one of 102 miles; sailed from Pearl Harbor to Waisius and thence, after a day's stop at Haleiwa, around on the windward side to the started to set spinnakers succeeding in spar buoy off Honolulu. The vachts the following order: Helene, La Paloand crews competing were as follows: ma, Gladys. All three then stood away La Paloma, Commodore C. W. Macfar- for the sunset, the La Paloma before lane, 22 tous, with Delegate Kuhlo, the wind soon setting a lead. The Cushman Carter, Regatta Committeeman Frank Halstead, one regular help the Helene getting the better of it as and Captain Lewis and another island long as spinnakers were set. At 10 the skipper. Helene, Captain Pred Whitney, 14 tons, Frank Hatch; Mark Rob- abreast of and to leaward of the inson, Jr., George Jorgensen, Regutta Gladys, Committeeman George Turner, and the baffling calms to Kasna Point, in which regular yacht attendant. Gladys, Captain T. W. Hobron, 8 tons, with Oscar White and Regatta Committeeman Allan Dunn abourd, joined later at Walsius by George Rentoh.

Arrangements were made for a start off Pearl Harbor on Priday in the early evening, all yachts to be abreast in the fessional island skippers on the La Paloma were thoroughly acquainted with Waislus harbor but none of the amateur crews or owners were,

An even start was made at 6:5:40 off Pearl Harbor. At the word the craws Helene and Gladya kept well together, La Paloma was shead and the Helene Then succeeded a series of the Gladra got the better of the intermittent winds. All three bosts made Kaena Point hard on midnight.

The Giadra, steering laid out company courses, picked up the lights of Wal-

(Continued on page 6.)

Property Confirmed By the Court.

The dispute over the foreclosure sale of the Beretania street property of H. W. Schmidt was decided yesterday after two hearings by Judge De Bolt. Smith & Lewis appeared for the Lunalilo Estate trustees, mortgagees; Robsale, on his own behalf...

Mr. Robertson read the exceptions to the commissioner's report, as pub-Smith objected to the fees of the commissioner and the auctioneer as being too high. Mr. Peterson called several sale and since, under the present coner price if offered again for cash within the next few weeks.

The court rendered an gral decision missioner's fee at \$625, over all expenses of sale, he to pay the auctioneer out of that amount. Mr. Peterand \$250 as the auctioneer's. The mortgagees were the purchasers at the

W. A. Whiting appeared for plaintiff, while defendant made no appearance. Judgment was given for In Damon et al. vs. Schmidt et al., Judge Robinson continued until Monday morning the motion for a com-

K. Prendergast, without bonds.

PUBLIC WORKS MEN ARE HOME RULERS

The Republican Executive Committee may begin shortly an investigation ment, but is said to be a hard worker in the interests of James H. Boyd, a vestigation, and a recommendation Wilson is said to have openly avow-

to have taken place a day or two ago: "Wilson, who are you going to work for, on the Supervisors' ticket?" was

"Well, I'm going to work for Renhim a chance," was the alleged re-

Republican workers are indignant over a situation where a supposed Republican has ben given one of the most. lucrative positions in the Public Works department, upon the recommendation men, and has declared himself in fa-

vor of a Home Ruler. It was reported at the time Wilson was appointed Road Supervisor that he was required to hand in a signed but undated resignation; the date to be filled in whenever it needed a date.

Col. McFariane May Go to Cubs.

As will be seen in our advertising columns, Mr. G. W. Macfarlane, has disposed of his interests in the John Fowler & Co. Steam Plow Agency to The Honolulu Iron Works Co.

It is reported, that Col. Macfarlane, will denote himself in the future to Fowler & Co.'s interests in California and Cuba, where Steam Plows have lately been successfully introduced.

With a permanent guard of marines, and a squadron already coming | our way, Hawaii will be more than ever disposed towards self congratulations over the assignment of Admiral Terry to command in Honolulu,

pital is a worthy one and will be out Draftsman in Ordnance Department at to good use. All of Mr. Bighop's benefactions here have been marked by sound discretion as well as a charitable at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N.

Miss Ethel Barr, who accompanied Mrs. Braymer to Maui a couple of weeks ago, was seriously injured on Monday afternoon last near Walkapu by being thrown from one of Col. Cornwell's horses. Miss Barr was riding "Creeper," an old and well known horse in the Cornwell stables, when the animal boited on the road from Lahaina to Walikapu. The rider struck upon the back of her head, and was rendered unconscious, and she meverely bruised. brought to Honolulu on the Kinau

CUT DOWN INSTRUCTION

But Sale of Schmidt's Mrs. Brunson Will Begin Her Classes Next Wednesday.

Instruction in lace making, under a special appropriation made by the legislature, is about to be added to the branches of handleraft taught in public schools of Honolulu. Mrs. Cora T. Brunson will begin teaching classes in that art on Wednesday next.

A cottage has been fitted up in King street for the main school of lace-making. Besides teaching there a portion of every school day, Mrs. Brunson will give lessons at the Girls' Industrial school one hour in the morning and to special classes of the Normal School two hours in the afternoon.

There are between thirty and forty pupils ready to take lace-making lessons known to A. T. Atkinson, Superintendent of Public Instruction. It has not yet developed how many more girls may be placed under instruction by the Hooulu and Hoola Lahui Society, whose directors, with Mrs. F. W. Macfarlane at their head, were instrumental in obtaining the appropriation.

The hope of the promoters and the educational authorities is that systematic instruction in lace-making will result in the creation of a profitable local industry, besides conferring great benefit upon the girls in giving them skill of handicraft along with a refined source of livelihood

DONORS TO THE KAIULANI HOME

Kalulani Home wishes to thank the following persons for donations: Mrs. Henry Waterhouse for two bunches of bananas; Mrs. H. P. Green for box of apples; Mrs. May Wilcox for basket of fresh guavas and dozen assorted jellies; Mrs. S. E. Bishop for Youth's Companion; Mrs. Yarndley, Halper's Monthly; Miss Johnson, two ferns; Hopp & Co., nice rocking chair.

Our twenty-six girls are doing faithful work both in school and out and we would be grateful for donations of books, papers, magazines, pictures plants, or rockers for our parlor. Any thing to make our home pretty and

S. D. HEAPY.

BULLETIN BLUNDERS IN JUST ONE DAY

The Bulletin says that the salary of Delegate Kuhlo's secretary is "\$100 per month, being all that is prescribed by the Organic Act for this position." The Organic Act does not specify anything in regard to the delegate's clerk. He is provided for under the general law which allows each Congressman \$100 per month for clerical hire.

The Bulletin is in error in its account of the around the island yacht race. The Gladys and not the La Paloma was the first of the yachts to arrive at

The Hongkong Maru did not sail. yesterday morning at eleven o'clock as stated by the Bulletin. She sailed ton, and Jimmie Boyd. I want to give shortly after her schedule time of twelve o'clock.

Miss Rose Davison did not return from Hilo yesterday as stated by the Bulletin. She was only to Lahaina

The Merchauts and Planters had nothing to do with the selection of Morris Kechokalole to accompany Delegate Kubio as is erroneously intimated in the Bulletin. He was the choice of Kuhio alone.

CIVIL SERVICE **EXAMINATIONS**

The following is a schedule of examinations for civil service positions which will be held in this city on the dates indicated below.

For further information consult Mr. McCoy, or Mr. Kenake at the Postoffice, Prof. Alexander of the Geodetic Survey, or Mr. R. C. Stackable or Prof. A. B. Ingalis at the Custom

No application for any of these positions will be received later than Oct. 7th, 1908.

October 21-22, 1903. Interpreter, Roumanian and Slavic, in the immigration service at Baltimore, Md., at \$1200 per annum.

Chinese Inspector in the Department of Labor and Commerce at Pittsburg, Mr. Bishop's gift to the Queen's Hos- Pa., at \$4.00 per diem; and Mechanical Large to fill six vacancies at Washington, D. C., three vacancies at Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., and one vacancy J., at a salary of \$1200 per annum each.

HOW TO AVOID THE DANGERS OF A COLD.-Everyone must realize the dangers attending a severe cold, and that it is always prodent to remain in-doors until the danger passed. Many, however, do not feel able to lose the time and will be interested in knowing that a severe cold may be broken up and all danger avoided by the prompt use of Chamber-lain's Cough Remedy. It not only cures, but cures quickly and counter-She was acts any tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all Dealers and Druggista. yesterday and is under the care of Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for

HOME RULERS HEARD FROM EMMA SQUARE

the old time Wilcoxian style. It was the beginning of the "old hat brigade" campaign, but the rain kept the expected crowd down to small proportions, Kalauokalani presided—it's always Kalauokalani, or his gas-tank confrere

who wields the gavel, and he gave Jimmie Boyd, the Republican deserter; laukes, the "Spotted Skirt" candidate: Elder Fernandez, Caypless and Kumalae, another Republican deserter; an opportunity to air their woes and their plaints about the administration.

had a cell provided for him in the prison, but they couldn't put him in it. Curtis Iaukea, who wants to be Assessor, said that the policy of the present administration was to tax the people as high as possible, and for the government to sue the poor people who owed taxes and let the rich ones go. He said boards as the others.

Home Rullsm was spouted last night | that when he became assessor, forgetrom the Emma Square bandstand in ting to say "if," he would lower the texes

Caypless said that the reins of government of the Island would be in Home Rule hands if the natives only used their votes for the Home Rule. ticket. He stated they would be fools if they did not take what their votes would give them. Speaking of the various opposition candidates, he said something about Testa, evidently in-tending to use the word "pololel," (all right), but used "pololi" instead, which means hungry. Testa was in the audi-In the drissling rain Jimmie Boyd ence, and he called back, "As, I am told the audience that the Republicans hungry—for a good government."

Elder Fernandez spoke of the Board of Health and the Board of Education, saying that Hawaiians were kept out of each. There were as brainy men amongst the Hawaiians, he alleged, as among the haoles, and the Hawaiians could do ust as good service on these

TRUCE DECLARED IN STRIKE ON HONOLULU PLANTATION

A twelve days truce was declared | tion had already done all that could be yesterday morning by the strikers on Honolulu Plantation. The mounted the conferences were started anew. police returned from the scene of the and about noon an agreement was trouble yesterday afternoon, at which reached by which negotiations were time the noisy mob of Japs which had been surrounding the plantation office

for a day and night had dispersed. The conference between the commit- plantation yesterday, about three tees from the several camps. Manager o'clock and arrived in the city an hour Low and the Japanese Vice-Consul later. They reported that the Japanese started about seven o'clock Friday strikers had appeared to be pacified night and was continued until three and were starting to work in the fields o'clock yesterday morning. At that with hoe and rake, The situation at hour no agreement had been reached, Honolulu Plantation will hardly be

reasonably asked. Yesterday morning postponed for twelve days by which time Consul General Saito is expected to return from Kauai.

The six mounted policemen left the Manager Low insisting that the plants- | changed until Consul Saito returns.

BISHOP LIBERT OFF TO MOLOKAL

sions departs in the Lehua tomorrow Bishop will remain at Kalaupapa and for Kalaupapa to pay his first pas- Kalawao for a week.

Bishop Libert of the Catholic mis- | toral visit since his consecration. The

MARINES RECOMMENDED FOR NAVAL STATION

When the Pacific naval squadron comes to Hawaiian waters for its war game maneuvers, as has been rumored, the Honolulu Naval Station may be equipped with a marine garrison.

Admiral Terry has made a recommendation to the Navy Department for a marine garrison, with a minimum strength of one hundred men. The recommendation was recently made, but as such matters are considered with extreme caution, a reply may be deferred for many months.

The proposition of the installation of a marine garrison at this station requires considerable study, as it means the selection of a site for the garrison, erection of quarters for the officers and men, equipment and storage buildings, and a good sized parade ground.

The establishment of such a garrison would elevate the station to the digwhich it has already attained in having for its commandant a Rear Admiral. Admiral Terry is in favor of having a marine guard established here as early as the Navy Department can see its way clear to arrive at a favorable

conclusion in the premises. "I have made the recommendation," said Admiral Terry to an Advertiser man. "I would like to see marines stationed here. Not only does such a garrison assist in making a naval station impressive, but it is becoming necessary here. We have a great deal of property, and much will accumulate,

and it needs to be guarded, and marines, of course, are the police of the navy. "And then, too," he added, "it means business to the merchants here."

PROMOTION COMMITTEE WORK IS APPEARING

The Saturday Evening Post contains a short pictorial advertisement of Hawaii with this text:

Sunny Shores and Sunny Slopes

HAWAII

Unrivalled in Equable Climate Unequalled in Variety of Scenic Resort Unexcelled Tourists' Accommodations Unsurpassed in Fertility of Soil Before fixing your Winter or Summer Itinerary

HEAR OF HAWAII!

Full information from all railroads, or HAWAII PROMOTION COMMIT-TEE, representing the Territory of Hawaii Chamber of Commerce Merchants' Association, Honolulu, T. H.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 27,-Turkey is preparing a great army in Macedonia for the purpose of striking a quick blow at Bulgaria and Servia in an effort to dissolve the recent alliance between the two Balkan

SALONICA, Turkey, Sept. 27.—The mobilization of sixty-four batteries of Turkish troops has been ordered for operations against Servia and Bulgaria.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 27.—Fifteen thousand members of the Macedonian society in Bulgaria today paraded the streets of the Bulgarian capital everywhere calling forth the greatest enthusiasm.

KOBE, Japan, Sept. 27.—The steamer Australian, one of the fine vessels running between Japanese ports, Manila, and Australia, is ashore

The steamship Australian is a fast passenger vessel. She carries crew of Chinese. This is one of the fleet carrying the mails from Japan to Australia.

LONDON. Eng., Sept. 27.—A halloon today made the journey from Paris, France, to Hull, England, across the English channel in eighteen hours. The distance covered in the flight was over four hundred miles.

Entered at the Postoffice of Monolulu H. T., Second-class Matter. SEMI-WEEKLY. 166UED TUESDAYS AND PRIDAYS. walter 6. Smith, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Per Month

Payable Invariably in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON, Manuger.

TUESDAY : :

HENRY E. COOPER.

The Advertiser does not agree with the Bystander in his estimate of the character and public services of Henry E. Cooper.

That Mr. Cooper has convictions and courage was evidenced by his accepting the chairmanship of The Committee of Safety which overthrew the monarchy. That he is of versatile ability is shown by the variety of public offices that he has filled, and filled well. That he is a man of high executive ability and untiring energy is unqualifiedly admitted, even by those who are opposed to

He has at times done things which the Advertiser did not approve, and it has not hesitated to say so, nor will it fall in the future to criticise his public acts and policy when it deems that the public interests require such criticism: but the Advertiser has had presented to. It no evidence that Mr. Cooper is other than an honest and efficient public officer who is giving the public good service. That he spends more time in attending to the duties of his office, than in kow towing to political committees is to his credit rather than otherwise,

Mr. Cooper deserves well of this community, and if his ambitions lead him. to seek higher political office than he now holds, there is no reason why be should not do so.

If he is ever appointed Governor of Hawali, the Territory will be certain of an energetic, progressive and businesslike administration of affairs.

GOATSKINS IN DEMAND.

A new industry is offering itself to the farmers and manufacturers of the United States. The fact that 25 mil-States, and that her enterprising manufacturers are now obliged to send half way around the world for a large share of them, suggests that the farmers of the country have a great opportunity to put a large share of this sum into their own pockets, and that the entire sum may be divided between our producers and manufacturers.

A statement just presented by the Department of Commerce and Labor, through its Bureau of Statistics, shows that importations of goatskins into the United States are now running at the rate of 25 million dollars per annum, and that a large share of these are brought from India, China, Arabia, and southeastern Russia. The increas. ing popularity of certain classes of kid leather for footwear, as well as gloves, has increased very greatly the demand for goatskins in the United States within recent years. In 1885 the value of goatskins imported was about 9 millions, by 1898 it was 15 millions, in 1900 it was 22 millions, and in 1903, 25 mil-

Of this large sum of money sent out of the country to purchase goatskins, million dollars went to India, nearly 2 millions to China, 2 1-2 millions to France, 1 1-2 millions to Russia, 1 1-2 millions to Brazil, 1 million to Argentina, and another million to Arabia. From India, which took less than 5 million dollars' worth of merchandise of all kinds from the United States last year, and has increased her purchases from us less than 2 million dollars in a decade, we have increased our importations of goatskins alone from 2 million dollars in 1892 to 7 1-2 million dollars in 1902. From Brazil, which has reduced her imports from the United States from 15 million dollars in 1895 to 10 million dollars in 1903, our purchases of goatskins last year were 1 1-2 million dollars. France, Russia, the United Kingdom, Turkey in Europe and Turkey in Asia, Arabia, China, southern Africa, Argentina, and Mexico also contribute liberally to the supply of goatskins to make up the 25 million dollars' worth of this product brought into the United States an-

The farmers of the United States are apparently making no effort to reap any part of this golden harvest for themselves. The census of 1900 showed the total number of goats in the United States to be less than 2 millions in number, and when it is understood that the skins of probably 20 million goats were required to make the 25 million dollars' worth imported last year, it would be seen that the supply from the United States could have formed but a small share of the total consumption. Yet the fact that a large share of our supply of this important import comes from India, China, France, and Mexico suggests that there are large areas in the United States which might produce gonts succesafully and in sufficiently large numers to supply the entire home demand.

When people want to see the agriculture of Hawaii at St. Louis they should be able to find its products in the agricultural building, where they belong. It is not wise to ask tired sight seers to go in search of a Hawaiian building which is tucked away among a multitude of others. Nothing at a World's Pair has fewer visitors, excepting home people, than a State or Territorial exhibit structure.

Does anyone pretend to say that a better advertising use cannot be made of \$20,000 than to put up a stucco building with it in the midst of a world's fair filled with greater attractions?

All the unities are preserved when

AN IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT. Honoiclu's citizens have on different

A A

memorable occasions proved that united andeavor is powerful as faith when their heads together, hold mass meatings, have a few heart to heart talks, elect a general committee, organise district brigades, send out canvassers for money-to effect almost anything that the immediate safety or welfare of the community demands. It is unnecessary to revamp the records of stole a march on the town or ending any other common menace,

- Reference is only made to exploits. of the past for service in discussing an emergency of the present, the importance of which does not seem yet to be sufficiently realized by the mass of intelligent residents. Some people who SEPTEMBER 29 know Honolulu well might almost bepardoned for wondering that there is a living and stinging mosquite in town today, after the time that has elapsed since the citizens were called in mass meeting with the watchword, "Go forth and slay," proclaimed against the pestiferous creatures. The reason for the slow progress made in the campaign is

not hard to find, but it rests in a variety of facts. In the first place the evi sought to be removed is not one that has come upon the community with any sudden and rousing impact. It has been endured for so many years by the older residents that they have become resigned to it as a matter of course. the annoyance being found mitigable to some degree by various protective devices. Then the overwhelming numbers of the enemy have made a large proportion of the people scentical of success in any effort however great for routing it. Moreover, the evidence is inconclusive that, apart from the direct hurt of the mosquito's proboscis, the pest did any particular damage to hu-

Honolulu in action as one man against the mosquito, therefore, are those of information and agitation. For the first, no doubt the circulars scattered broadcast in several languages have done and are yet doing much good. As to the second, the movement is gradually having effect through the incidental efforts of the sanitary inspectors. There is ground for believing that the inertia of the community is all but overcome and that the means of the warfare will shortly be adequately provided by the freewill offerings of the people. The results already made manifest from the partial removal of lion dollars' worth of goatskins are now the causes of mosquito fructivity are annually imported into the United the most powerful factor in overthrowing scepticism of ultimate success. Fever or no fever from our particu-

monly heard.

lar breed of mosquitoes, there is motive enough for universal seal in the campaign from the mere interest of human comfort. Public and private money is being liberally expanded for the attraction of tourists and settlers to these islands. There are clashes of counsel on this subject regarding the methods best to be employed. Yet one is that equal in importance to bringing people here is making for people's comfort and pleasure after they come. Hence, taking it from both the positive and the negative points of view there is nothing pertaining to the advertising of the Territory of Hawaii for pleasure, health and profit more important than the effort to have it capable of being said with truth, "There are no mosquitoes in Hawaii."

OUR TOURIST ADVERTISING.

It is unfortunate for Hawaii that the large advertisement published by the Promotion Committee in The Outlook and at least one other magazine, should be headed "Snowy Slopes." "Sunny Slopes" is the phrase which went from here, but the art house which makes the cuts for the periodicals mentioned and which remodeled the "copy" to fit the exigencies of space, rendered "sunny" as "snowy." It is a slight mitigation of the offence that an inaccessible white peak was pictured rising far above a green and flowering shore, conveying the impression that What Islands, if farmers would work in the snow we have is too high in air to chill the lowland atmosphere. Still, where tourists are being sought

among people who shun the cold and seek tropical warmth, an advertisement of snow is, to say the least, maiadroit. In Hawaii's case it is also misleading. Doubtless there will be an early correction of the magazine text; and it strikes us, considering and external treatment; the quarters old nurse. Both women were there where the blame lies, that the offending magazines should be asked to give pulously clean; a plentiful fresh water, have been detained as witnesses, While as many insertions of the correct advertisement free of charge, as they

Going further into the question of on Oahu and they are becoming, under patriotic hymn. "America." intended to advertising, this paper takes the lib- good care, a valuable asset. erty of urging that something be done with Mark Twain's prose-poem on Hawall—one of the most beautiful tributes ever baid by genius to a favored not a mere grubbing in the dirt. Men pianofortes and found to be a sweet SAILOR KILLED ON that a reading of that little poem created, in one Eastern-community, a livelier interest in Hawaii than anything else the people there had read soil. Happily we have better farmers Our plan would be to use the text in now than we used to have and a Unithe midst of a picture illustrating its ted States Experiment Station and a leaping cascades, its garlanded craigs, Board of Agriculture to help them. the pulsing of its surf-beat, its remote Hence a brightening outlook for diver- the Inter Island Steam Navigation Co. the foremast, while the vessel was ivthe cloud-rack," and print it on a full page of each leading magazine. ple always read Mark Twain and they believe in him; and any tropical place which arouses the enthusiasm of a ship would, a few years ago, have made man so widely traveled must necessarily be regarded with great curiosity by American sight-seekers who have

read his description of it. The Advertiser believes that the Promotion Committee can do no better than to reenforce its advertisement with Mark Twain's indorsement to claims.

Wilcox assures his friends that if elected sheriff he will not enforce the law regarding the arrests of lepers. Hawaii had not paid, but few reasons He might have added that he will not why it should not pay, enforce the laws against vice. For a law-breaking and law-evading widethey do their lynching at Lynchburg. | commend us to a Wilcox regime.

OUR COALING FACILITIES: "" One suggestion which Assistant

Superintendeni Marston Campbell byings from his tour of inspection on a mountain has to be removed. They the mainland should be heeded. This have shown that they need only but is the improvement in the facilities for coaling vessels in Honolulu.

The methods in yogue for the coaling of large vessels are crude, and entirely inadequate to the importance of Honolulu, as a port of call for the half dozen steamship companies which do business here. And until there is some improvement in the methods of handling vessels while in port, it will be difficult to convince other steamship lines that they can do business here.

At present coal is unloaded upon the wharves, then picked up again and hauled in carts to the storage piles. To coal a vessel it becomes necessary to "Princess" Theresa is reported to handle the same coal four and often five have stated yesterday that C. W. times, increasing the cost to the consumer at least ten per cent.

One of the chief obstacles with which the Merchants' Association met in arranging to get the transport service for Honolulu, was the lack of coal. And the only reason for not being able to furnish fuel to army vessels at a satisfactory price, is the cost of handling it. While there is not such a difference in the actual quotation on coal in Honolulu, as compared to Ban Francisco, the cost of coaling is from seventy-five cents to a dollar per ton greater. As long as it costs three or four hundred dollars more for fuel at Honolulu than at other Pacific ports, steamship companies are not going out of their way to come here, not to mention the trans-Dorts which are run on the same busidess basis. Mr. Campbell recommends the construction of coal hunkers by the Territory, such as are now in use in San Francisco, New York and other ports where the shipping interests are important. In other cities private corporations have undertaken the establishment of coal bunkers in which fuel is stored, ready to be loaded directly nisulty—that is, the species having into a steamer at minimum cost, and here its habitat. "It is not the kind without delay. In the reconstruction of without delay. In the reconstruction of that spreads fever," is a dictum com- the wherf system for Honolulu, the coal bunkers should be provided, if not The two lacking essentials for setting by private enterprise, then from the public purse. Even if operated at a loss, up-to-date coal bunkers would be a paying investment for the Territory, and the project is one to which the commercial bodies should give their immediate attention with an assurance that it would be well repaid.

IMPROVED FARMING METHODS.

Wahiawa is soon to have a market of Clark Farm company, the other products of the colony will be displayed. The Advertiser welcomes the birth of sons it will afford of the success and profits of small farming.

Agriculture, apart from sugar, is be-

ginning to get at Wahiawa and elsebenefit of science and of trained inthe one result of failure. But what without assistance. kind of experiments were they? The The papers in connection with the choice of altitude, marked the usual produced here in the past, does not af- A. H., Crook was admitted to practice all. In fact past ex eriments in almost tion of A. S. Humphrevs. everything but sugar have mainly been. The quarterly meeting of St. Clemnot do well at first. There were abun- the parish house this afterno dant failures to get a good crop. But o'clock. the planters did not let themselves be- Chief Justice Frear will adjourn the come discouraged. They worked and on millions which they made come to sociate Justices Galbraith and Perry. reward their faith and patience. In a small way the Wahiawa colony has! taken the same course. Its members Kinel proposition. The Pala stockholddid not find a soil to suit them but they improved it; they devised ways and means to battle with insect pests; they are making a good living now and have a surplus of things to sell to the people repeated over and over again in these

same way. not a success here. suburbs of Honolulu, especially at an altitude in excess of 200 feet, chickenvertisement free of charge, as they ed with red peppers; the mongoose is floor like kittens.

relentlessly hunted and trapped. The Ladies' Home Journal for Octo-

who would succeed in it must know composition. There is a strong bass what they are about not hold them- in it. selves down to traditions which grew

A case of bubbnic plague on the Nippon Maru or any other visiting this city seethe with excitement. Now it scares nobody. Under the perfect sanitary regulations this place enjoys, the plague, if it happens in, becomes a matter of public indifference. Most people would rather see it in port than the whooping cough but for the effect the malady might have on the tourist trade.

W. inney in a paper read before the knew many reasons why farming in Transcript.

"Snowy Slopes" of Hawaii is good.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

No attention was paid to the Gear decision in police court yesterday. Drunks were sentenced as usual

H. L. Herbert is trying, with good prospects, to muster a cricket team for a match with players on the island of

A New York manager has obtained a concession at the St. Louis Exposition for a Hawaiian hula and musical aggregation on the midway.

Henry Weterhouse, who has been confined by illness for several days at his Peninsula home, was reported to be very much improved last evening,

Booth, nominated by the Home Rulers for Treasurer, will be "thrown down."

The marriage of Charles R. Frazier and Miss Fannie Osborn will take place at St. Clement's church next Wadnesday evening, to be followed by the marriage of E. Heard Cocke and Miss. Florence Osborn,

Since their candidates have been repulsed by the Home Rulers, the Democrais will probably withdraw their straggling candidates for Oahu county offices. A meeting of the executive committee will be held on Monday evening, at which it is expected a graceful retirement will be ordered.

The Federal authorities have added another case to the string of Japanese charged with importing women for immoral purposes. Deputy Marshal Whater made the latest arrest, being that of Togunaga for whom the search had been long. It is said the mesters and slaves both are scampering for the Coast in terror of pursuing justice.

(From Monday's Pally)

The Earl of Lonsdale was entertained while here last week by Hon. A. S. Clegnorn,

Bishop Libert leaves for Kalaupapa today in the steamer Lehua to pay his first pastoral call as bishon.

working under its new rate of ten cents once more and swing round, delaying per word and it minimum for a mass her several minutes. The Gladys took sare tomorrow.

The postoffice is issuing time table No. 28 giving dates of arrival and sailing of all mail steamers from October 1 to December 31. Rev. Mr. Kincaid will begin a series

of addresses at Central Union church its own in this city where, apart from next Sunday upon Egypt. They will the sale of milk and cream by the be illustrated by stereopticon views. The body of a Japanese boy, a few

hours old, was discovered yesterday this retail enterprise for the object-les- afternoon on the bank of the Kalihi stream. The police took charge of the body, and are investigating the matter.

A white man, whose name was not where what it never had before the obtained by the police, jumped from a moving electric car near the park telligence. Those who carp at small late yesterday afternoon, and airuck farming delight to say that experi-, against a pole. It was thought for a ments have been made here in diversi- while that he was injured. The manfied agriculture for fifty years with but came to his senses, and left the place

of the North Temperate zone without to the Kapiolani Estate have been filed a scientific classification of soils or in the registrar's office. The agree-

fect the prospects of the experiment at in the Federal court yesterday on mo-

Supreme Court for a certain time next studied and experimented until things; Monday, when the new session is due came out right and the millions piled to begin, owing to the absence of As-

Pais and Haiku plantation companies held meetings yesterday to consider the ers appointed a committee to investigate the matter on the ground and report to a later meeting.

Mrs. Kina Kalolohia died at Wajajua of this city. The same story might be yesterday morning. She was a native of that place and 55 years of age. The funeral will be held from the Protestant church, Waialua, at 3 p. m. today. There is the question of fowls. It Mrs. Kalolohia leaves four childrenis the fashion to say that poultry is Deputy Sheriff Andrew Cox, Oscar P. not a success here. Yet all over the Cox, Mrs. Annie Keahapaka and Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Annie Keahapaka and Mrs. Lina Kaululaau,

Jung Hing, the Chinese woman who raising is profitable. That is because lately figured often in the courts, came some study is being given to the sub- to U. S. Marshal Hendry's office yester-Screhead is cured by internal day with her two little ones and the occupied by the fowis are kept some paid \$1 a day each for the time they supply is maintained; soft food is mix- they waited, the kids frolicked on the

Treated properly chickens are all right ber has a new music setting for the distinguish the hymn musically from The success of small farming rests the British national anthem, also to upon trained intelligence, not upon give it more intelligent emphasis. It guess-work; agriculture is a science, has been tried on some Honolulu

On account of the increase in busiup under cold skies and in a harmer ness with the various plantations on Hawaii the Honolulu Iron Works Co. have established a branch office in Hilo, which is in charge of Mr. A. W. Keech, Samples and a moderate stock of the principal goods used on the plantations will be always carried on hand. The office and salesrooms will be with Theo.

In the near future: Domestic-"Don't you want to go out this afternoon, Mrs. Manning?" Mistress-"Yes, Mary, I should like to go out; but I'm afraid it will incommode you." Domestic-"Oh. never mind me, marm; it's so long since you've had an afternoon off I must insist that you take one today. But be sure and come home early. I may have callers, you know, and I shall want Agricultural Society of Hilo said he somebody to tend the door."-Boston

An absorbing narrative: First Philadelphian-"How is that book? Excitopen policy of police humbug and graft. The flowery vales of Labrador should sat up all day reading it!"-Town ing?" Second Philadelphian-"Why, I , Topics.

GLADYS WINS ROUND

(Continued from page 3.)

alua camp and the hotel light shortly before two o'clock. The course was a beat, the Gladys's best point of sailing and she made fast time. At two thirty the light was abeam, but Hebron Wight and Committeeman Dunn thought another tack should be taken inshore to ensure coming within the limit. At 2:67:48 the lights of houses near or at the hotel were seen and the time was taken. The Gladys then stood off to sea and cruised till day. light Yetching some miles to windward

as the day broke. The La Palome with the guidance of her professional assistants felt safe to stand close in, having indeed taken the windward and shoreward position throughout the race. She fetched the light one-half a mile from shore at 4:45. Captain Whitney misunderstood or was not informed of sailing directions and did not attempt to bring the light abeam.

The La Paloma fired her gun which was heard ashore. The Gladys with a much smaller cannon and the wind blowing off shore some two miles away did not fire. The Helene had no gun aboard. The boats finally anchored in the harbor as follows, the crews disembarking: Gladys, 7:25. La Paloma, 7:40. Helené, 7:48. Saturday was spent azhore at Walalus.

The La Paloma owner and crew refuse to believe the statement of T. W. Hobron, Oscar White and Allan Dunn as to the arrival of the Gladys and claim that they were the first to arrive. This unfortunate occurrence is being thrushed out by the committee.

The start home was made yesterday morning at 7:41:30, five minutes after a starting gun. The La Paloma broke out and left the harbor entrance fifty yards ahead of the Gladys. The Helene, forced to beat to windward in order to The Wireless Telegraph Co. begins get out, was obliged to drop anchor the weather, gauge of the La Paloma at 7:47 and sailing close, soon left the hig sloop to leeward. The Helene, starting at last, stood up excellently and was doing well when the first of her two accidents occurred; Mark Robinson, who was working on the bowsprit, being swept overboard He coolly floated until the Helene put about and then swam to and climbed aboard. This delayed the Helene for nearly half an hour. She was still to windward of the La Paloma when her ifb, which had been broken on the night before, sollt from top to bottom, rendering her hard to manage. In the heavy sees, Captain Whitney decided it was best to out

Meanwhile the Gladys was rapidly getting a lead on the La Paloma. The wind was easterly and the course more of a beat than was expected. Gladys passed Kahuku point at 11:45 and Punalnu at 2:30, making six tacks proposition cannot be gainsaid and that planting of the seeds of the products loan of the German Savings & Loan Co. Paloma was then flye miles astern and to leeward. The passage between Bird Island and Mokapu Point was ment, which is dated at the time the made at 3:45, the schooner Kawallani procedure. For the first time and under the direction of the U.S. Experiment station, Hawaii is planting tobacco with skill and foresight and the fact that rank tobacco has always been ment which is dated at the time the made at 3:45, the schooner Kawaiiani under the direction of the U.S. Experiment Savings Co. to collect rents on Here a heavy rain squall was met with the that rank tobacco has always been to the control of moderate. Makapuu Point was passed at 5:15,

the thirty-four knot stretch from Kahuku taking five hours and a quarter. hap-hazard and abortive. Sugar did ent's Woman's Guild will be held at The last dozen miles constituted a not do well at first. There were abunt the parish house this afternoon at 3 reach, the first twenty a beat. The average sailing was seven knots. The La Paloma was not seen after passing Mokapu when she was some five miles astern. From Mokapu on the reach and run home from Makepun the La Paloma gained. Koko Head was passed at 6:01 and the

Dismond Head light at 6:57, abreast and half a mile away. Off Koko Head the Gladys's jib sheets were carried away necessitating a heaveto of fifteen minutes. Off Mokapu her preventer stays left the spreaders, necessitating alow sailing while Captain Hobron climbed the mast. Between Koko and Diamond Heads a heavy rain squall overtook the yacht.

The spar buoy and finishing point was passed to windward and a gun fired at 7:41:33, just twelve hours after the start.

On the round trip of 102 miles the times, according to the officials placed board for recording purposes, are: Gladys Pearl Harbor to Walalua forty miles, 8h. 52m. 43s. Waislus to Honolulu, sixty-two miles, 12h. 6m. 38s. Aggregate time, 20h, 53m, 16s.

La Paloma-Pearl Harbor to Watalus, 10h. 40m. Waislus to Honolulu, 13h. 40m. (approximate and within a few minutes). Aggregate time, 24h. 20m.

The Gladys has thus some three hours and thirty minutes the advantage.

THE KE AU HOU

A Japanese sailor on the Inter-Island steamer Ke Au Hou was instantly killing at the dock. The Japanese hadclimbed aloft for the purpose of making fast the cargo pennant. He fastened H. Davies & Co., Ltd., Waishnenge St. his chair to the halyards with a small piece of rope, and when the Jap tried to cut the line holding the pennant, he' sizshed the rope attached to his how- shout one hour earlier than at Honoswain chair instead. He fell a distance of about sixty feet and struck the deck, death resulting instantly. No inquest was held.

> Dr. Holt of the marine hospital service was a passenger to, Manile and was bedecked with left.

Hackfeld & Co. have been notified of the sailing of the steamer Siberia from Yokohama for Hopolulu. She has 800 tons of freight for this port, and will have plenty of room for pasi sengera.

Distress THE ISLAND RACE After Eating

Nausea between meals, beiching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it. Hood's Sarsaparilla

and Pills Radically and permanently cure it-

strengthen and tone the atomach and other digestive organs for the natural performance of their functions. Accept no substitute for Hood's.

"I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no helpuntil I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, neburning and no distress," Mrs. Windraw G. BARRETT, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. L. Hood's sarsaparilla promises to ours and keeps the promise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Hones

A. SCHABFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honola-it, Hawalian Islands. LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 415 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every descrition made to

MONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, September 28, 1908. NAME OF STOCK Capital Val Hig. Brewer & Co. B. Kerrio, Lid.: 100 50 law. Agricultural Co. law. Com. & Sug. Co. aw. Sugar Co. mokes 18% alku..... Lipanira Koloa Koloyde Sog. Os. 1.4 Oalis Sugar Os. Onusias 334 Onmass
Ockala
Olas Sugar Oc. Lid.
Olowato
Pasuhan Sugar Plantation Oc.
Parise
Prisa
Pripasine
Pripasine 129 Walalua Agr. Oc. Walinku Walmanajo STEAMERIT CO'S Wilder S. S. Go. Inter-Island S. S. Go. MINCELLAR MOUN Haw'n Electric Co. H. E. T. & Co. P.M. Hon, R. T. & L. Co. C. Mutual Tel. Co. C. R. & T. Co. Hile R. B. Co..... Raw. Gor. & p. b Haw. Ter. 4 p. c. (Fire Claims). Hon. R. T. & L. Co.

Bra. P. T. & L. Co.

Bra. Plu & D. S.

O. R. & L. Co.

Oaks Plu & S. C.

Oaks Plu & S. C.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

100%

By the Government Survey, Published Every Monday.

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Barometer corrected to 23 F. and sea level, and for standard gravity of lat. 45 This correction is -06 for Honoluin.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Days.	Sept Oct	High side	Bt. of Tide	Trans.	Large,	Bone Tide			and bear
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MOR. H LOD 1 4 2 00 9.15 9 19 5 19 5 44 E.CO. First quarter of the moon Sept. 28th, Times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Sur-

ver tables. The tides at Kahulul and Hilo occur belu.

Hawaiian standard time is IJ hours 20 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees 30 minutes. The time whistle blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, & hours & minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.

An unfair deal: "Tried to skin me, that scribbler did!" "What did he want?" "Wanted to get out a book jointly, he to write the book and I to write the advertisements. I turned him down. I wasn't going to do all the literary work!"-Baitimore News.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Gear Put Hall in a Spendthrift Trust.

FOR A FEE

Goerge Davis han brought suit in the District Court against Willie Hall for \$155 alleged to be the balance due on a \$1,000 attorney's fee.

And thereby is disclosed a tale, or perhaps only a curious coincidence of how nicely things work together when Attorney Geo. A. Davis and Judge Geo. D. Gear happen to be in the same judicial district.

Willie Hall was a spendthrift. That is. Judge Gear declared him one and almost immediately Geo. Davis came around with a petition to have him released. If Gear and Davis hadn't been such intimate friends and former law partners, probably nothing would have been thought of a few coincidences which seemed to have providentially occurred so that the judge might make possible a \$1000 fee for his former law partner.

Hall is a young native boy, who had been in court on a suit to set aside a deed given to C. Winam, as having been without consideration. The testimony at the tripl led Judge Gear to say that the boy should have a spendthrift guardian appointed to protect his property, and the boy consented after the matter had been fully explained. Geo. R. Carter was appointed the guardian and the trust had exist ed but a few months, when through some influence George Davis got hold of Hall, and appeared in court with petition to have the trust dissolved. Judge Humphreys heard the matter and denied the motion, saying that two months was not sufficient for the reformation of the boy. Davis next appealed from this decision, and within a few days withdrew the appeal, and brought in a new petition to have John F. Colburn appointed in place of Carter. This motion was also denied. and a few months having elapsed Davis presented another petition for the dissolution of the spendthrift trust. The petition was presented while Gear was away, and Judge Robinson offered to hear the matter. Davis objected and insisted on bringing the matter before Gear, Robinson consented and when Gear returned he granted the petition and Hall was released from the care of a spendthrift guardian by the same judge who had found it so necessary to give him a guardian a short time before.

George Davis of course profited by the coincidence and according to the suit filed in the District Court has been paid all but about \$155 of the 11,000 fee which he was to get for his

EDGAR HALSTEAD'S MOVE TO MEXICO

Edgar Halstead, whose intended departure for Mexico has been already published, is going to take possession of the Santa Crus ranch in the State of Chibnahua, which he has purchased. The estate contains between 27,000 and 28,000 acres and is situated on the line of the Mexican Central railway, only seventy or eighty miles from El Paso, Texas. The ranch is at an elevation of 3000 feet, is well watered and possenses a bracing climate.

Mr. Halstead has spent the greater part of his life in the Hawaiian Islands and he and his family will be greatly missed from the community. From youth well into manhood he and his brother Frank assisted their late father, Robert Halstead, in conducting the old Waialus plantation.

PEARY'S EXPEDITION.

Explorer Peary, who is to go North on another hunt for the Pole, mista have been successful the last previous time if he had been supplied with enough men and stores to establish a long chain of supply stations. This time he will go equipped. Hampered as he was three years ago, he yet ascended to the point highest North In the American Arctic, but his base was so far South-350 miles from the Polethat before he could travel very for the short summer had nearly ended and he was compelled to hurry back to camp.

The plan now is to put the ship as for North as possible and then, before the long Arctic night is over, advance to Grant Land on the shores of the frozen ocean, establishing stations enroute, and making a dash for the Pole on the morning of the first sunrise. Of Grant Land little is known; every mile from there beyond where Nares stopped in 1876, will be hitherto unexplored territory; but the distance to the goal is not great said three weeks of rapid eledging should enable the explorer to pluck out the heart of the Polar mystery.

There is, of course, no great utility about the Pole, save as its discovery would inform scientific men upon minor points which are yet in dispute, but to find it where so many have failed, is an honor which any American may profit. Commander Pearr deserves to he the Columbus of the north, for no explorer has shown a more resolute will than be.

habaway-''I am afraid after all, old in, that I don't love that girl the way nght." Cleverton-"What makes you nk that?" Dashaway-"Well, I've on engaged to her aix months now, And I haven't done a single thing I regret."-Town Topics.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE WANTS CLARK "FIRED"

Charlie Clark, the ex-boss of Kalihi Dwight had been removed by Cooper. lican Territorial Committee has any influence with Superintendent of Public Works Henry E. Cooper. A meeting of asked to explain why he had appointed the committee was held in headquarters a man who had just been removed for yesterday morning at which it was decided to withdraw the indorsement through which Clark got his job. Clark is only a road luna under Charles B. Wilson, Road Supervisor for Honolulu, but the Republican Executive Committee is hot after his scalp. They charge him with being a Home Ruler and Clark doesn't deny the insinuation by any means, but freely admits that he is working for J. H. Boyd for Supervisor.

Clark was fired from his position as superintendent of the Kalihi camp by Supt. Cooper for failure to account for rents collected by him. There was a shortage which Clark explained by saying that he had given the money to B. H. Wright as chief clerk, under J. H. Boyd. He didn't exhibit any receipts in proof of that assertion but for some him. A smaller shortage, he admitted to Republican leaders that he is supwas due to an error and he made up porting "Jimmle" Boyd. He also rethe difference.

supervisor for Honolulu after C. B. utive Committee,

smp, will lose his job if the Repub. One of his first official acts was the appointment of Chas. Clark as a luna. Then it is related that he was called upon the carpet by Supt. Cooper and irregularities in office. Wilson was asked to explain. He did. He pulled out of his pocket an endorsement of Charlie Clark, by the Republican Territorial Committee for the position as luna. Cooper, who appointed Wilson upon a similar endorsement, said no

> The committee, at the meeting held Clark had been withdrawn, which is the committee's polite way of demanding that Clark be asked to quit. The request would have gone to Wilson, to whom the original endorsement was made, but the committee has doubts about the acceptance of their suggestion by C. B. Wilson, who also has Home Rule tendencies.

It is probable that action will be taken upon Wilson's case at a later meetreason no action was taken against ing. He is also said to have confessed ceived his appointment upon the rec-C. B. Wilson was appointed road ommendation of the Territorial Exec-

PACIFIC MILL CO. SUIT IN THE PORTLAND COURTS

Honolulu Firm Trying to Get \$163,000 for Alleged Breach of Contract by Inman, Poulsen & Co .--- Counter Claim Is Presented.

The \$163,000 damage suit of the Pacific Mill Company, of Hono-Iulu, against Iuman, Poulsen & Co. for alleged breach of contract to ship Oregon pine lumber to the Hawaiian Islands, and to take certain vital force stock in the mill company, was placed on trial before Judge Sears and a jury yesterday. The trial is expected to last about a week.

A summary of the plaintiff's contentions is that on August 3, 1901 Inman, Poulsen & Co. entered into a contract with the Pacific Mill Company to extend over a period of ten years to ship Oregon lumber to Honolulu. The Mill Company was to increase its capital stock from \$12,000 to \$50,000, and of the increase of \$38,000 was to dispose of \$23,000 stock in Honoluly. The remaining \$15,000 of stock was to be M. Phelps by Julius A. Schlermacher subscribed by Inman, Poulsen & Co. The Pacific Mill Company, it was stated, obtained a valuable franchise from a railroad company so that it could transport lumber from the wharf to its yard much cheaper than any opposition concern. The contract was originally made to H. R. Duniway in behalf of Inman, Poulsen & Co., and was afterwards approved in October, 1901, by another agent of Inman, Poulsen & Co. Counsel said the contract was broken without cause, and that Inman, he had been given the best of care. the intent of inducing them to make they refused to dispose of to the Pacific Mill Company, but, instead, sold the shipment to the lumber companies of Honolulu. There is a large margin of profit in Oregon pine lumber in the Hawaiian Islands, from \$10 to \$15 per thousand feet. Calculating the profit that would have been realized had the contract

been carried out, Mr. Duniway thinks \$163,000 is about the proper he was, as the ship was in such dan- the Montreal paper's article: verdict for his clients, to receive at the hands of the jury.

Johann Poulsen, manager of Inman, Poulsen & Co., was the first witness called for the plaintiff and was questioned regarding a contract entered into by his firm to sell lumber in China, Japan, Australia and the Philippines for one year beginning October 1, 1900.

Later it was shown that H. R. Duniway stopped at Honofulu on his way to the Orient and that Mr. Poulsen was aware of the fact. Next it was shown that H. R. Duniway returned to Portland in July, 1901, and showed a letter to Mr. Poulsen which he received soon after he arrived here, from W. P. Barry, secretary of the Pacific Mill Company at Honolulu. This letter referred to the plan to increase the capital stock to \$50,000, the franchise the mill company had secured from the railroad company and the scheme to take Inman, Poulsen & Co. into the deal. Mr. Duniway, Mr. Poulsen admitted, was advised by him to write a favorable answer. Just before court adjourned for the day, Attorney Duniway introduced in evidence the contract between the Pacific Mill Company and Inman, Poulsen & Co.

The answer filed by Inman, Poulsen & Co. recites that in July, 1901, the Pacific Mill Company asked Inman, Poulsen & Co. to establish a lumber yard in Honolulu, representing that there was the finest kind of an opening and that the mill company could carry lumber from the ships to its yards \$1 to \$1.10 per thousand cheaper than any other lumber firm in Honolulu. The mill company proposed to increase its capital stock to \$50,000 from \$12,000 as paid-up stock and to secure did you pass east or west of Valpasubcriptions for at least half of the remainder of \$38,000 in Honolulu. raiso?" Inman, Poulsen & Co. were to take the balance of the new stock.

The answer states that Inman, Poulsen & Co. sent their agents to Honolulu to enter into arrangements and so on, and the mill company agreed to sell \$23,000 worth of stock to responsible persons to be paid for in one, two, three and four months as called for. Upon compliance with those conditions Inman, Poulsen & Co. were to subscribe for \$15,000 worth of stock to be paid for in shipments of Oregon pine lumber. Every alternate cargo was to be paid cash for by the mill company, and the other cargoes applied on the stock subscriptions.

Inman, Poulsen & Co. allege further that upon investigation they ascertained that the Pacific Mill Company did not possess assets amounting to \$10,000 as claimed by it, or assets in excess of its indebtedness, and was insolvent. The allegation is also made that the mill company failed to obtain responsible subscribers for the \$23,000 worth of stock las seems to have met with a sudden on or before September 1, 1901, and the subscriptions were not collected as agreed.

On December 16, 1901, Imman, Poulsen & Co., terminated the

Inman, Poulsen & Co. have presented a counter claim for \$7000, the expense of sending three agents to the islands, and loss on the lumber

The Pacific Mill Company in its reply denies all these allegations.-Portland Oregonian.

Talks to the Women. A large number of the members of

the Pacific and the Olive Branch, Rebekah lodges, I. O. O. F., attended the services at Central Union church last evening in a body, occupying pews in the central section of the auditoriyesterday morning, decided to notify um. The occasion was the observance

Supt. Cooper that the endorsement of of the fifty-second anniversary of the founding of the Rebekah branch of the Odd Fellows order, and the sermon by the pastor dealt with the position women occupy in the world today, the title being "What Women Owe to Christianity."

During the course of his address, the pastor referred to the social du-ties of life, which seemed the special province of women to foster, and he made the statement that 'women in the churches are running too much to meetings and missionary societies, and in the manifold duties caused by these, they forget the fact that people should become known to each

The pastor prefaced his address by expressing pleasure in welcoming so many sisters of the Rebekah lodges, so intimately connected with the L O. O. which he designated as one of the noblest lodges in our midst. Taking up his subject, Mr. Kincaid said that woman today owes her position to that great force we call christianity, and how much emancipated womanhood has been able to do for the bringing in of better conditions in the world. Every student of history will simit, that through christianity woman has been emancipated from degradation and oppression.

This was sufficient to prove the superiority of the religion of Jesus Christ over all other religions. Women were among His powers during his ministry and they were His first converts in Europe. Today women occupy a position equal in honor and freedom to man. In the higher education of women today, woman's opportunities were as pronounced in Wellesley, Smith and Vassar as in Harvard and Yale. In politics woman is today a

HEARING CASE AGAINST PHELPS

Commissioner Douthitt yesterday began taking testimony in the \$10,000 libel suit brought against the Erskine The first mate of the yessel, W. Helbron, was on the stand nearly the entire afternoon for the plaintiff, but his testimony was more favorable to the defendant. He denied absolutely that the injured sailor had been neglected, and said that Captain Graham had put mittee amongst the first party of the man under his charge entirely, and Canadian excursionists going south, to FRANK VIDA SUN-The mate testified that the man had some little stopover in these islands on been injured at a time when the Pheips their return. The effort might at least was in danger, and that he then called have the effect of testing the sincerity the captain and told him of the acci- of the recent disclaimers by the dent. Graham wished to come down Canadian-Australian steamer officers of and take care of the man, but the any discrimination against Honolulu in mate insisted that he remain where their advice to tourists. Following is ger, that it could not afford to lose . "The C. P. R. is planning a series of two officers. The mate testified that winter trips to the other side of the he had gone to the man and given him world, by the Canadian-Australian line a dose of laudanum and whiskey to of steamers, which will be used in conease the pain. He had used the sound junction with the C. P. R. rail system. leg as a splint with which to bind up The idea is a new one, but the company the injured member. The next day he is tolerably sure that it will be success had set the broken leg and had proper ful. There are increasing numbers of splints made by the carpenter. The people in Canada and the United States mate testified also that the captain who desire a warm climate in the winhad asked Mrs. Graham to provide lint ter, and being able to pay to obtain it, for the wound.

On questioning from Mr. Dunne the at a season which is rigorous in northmate also denied that the vessel could ern latitude, offers beautiful summer have made Valparaiso or Tahiti in or- weather in the countries mentioned. der to give the man medical treatment. Calls will be made at Samoa and Fiji The witness thought reflections were on the way, while the return will he being cast upon his seamanship in made by way of California. Mediterseveral questions and refused to an- ranean trips in the winter have been swer questions, but finally did so when highly successful, and it is believed requested by the court.

"Now a strong westerly wind would large measure of support. The first have taken the Phelps to Valparaiso?" trip will be made early in November. asked Mr. Dunne.

swered the mate.

"I won't answer such a question." "I don't mean anything disrespect-

ful," said Dunne, "Please ask some other seaman." The witness finally said he passed westward of Valbaraiso, but insisted

that he could not have made the port.

The examination was continued uptil

this morning.

and shining light.

fact that Mr. Jonah Kumalae not only entered the grocery business while serving in the Legislature but was able there were a dozen of the biggest men access of prosperity during the early part of the year for which, we trust, be has given appropriate thanks in the church of which he is an official

Towns-"I suppose you have heard in death, ch?"—Philadelphia Press.

KUMALAE'S MEETINGS BEER BILL

Central Union Pastor The Home Rule States- Tells Natives He man Paid It and Suit Is Withdrawn.

Representative Jonah Kumalae was made the defendant in a suit for numerous kegs of beer, bottled beer and other wet goods furnished him by the Honolulu Brewing & Malting Co. The suit was discontinued yesterday afternoon before Judge Dickey by Representative Chillingworth, attorney for hot air promise and the natives implaintiff; who stated that the account plicitly believe every word of it. None bad been settled.

The suit against Kumalae was for beer furnished to him, allegedly for the Walanuenue saloon. The total amount asked was \$299 and all the "booze" was furnished since June, 1903, which was during the closing days of the special session of the legislature. There are some thirty or forty items in the itemised bill furnished to Kumalae and the "booze" was generally supplied in mall amounts.

The complaint sets forth:

That the said Jonah Kumalae, defendant, is indebted to plaintiff in the sum of two hundred and seventy-nine dollars, being the purchase price of goods, wares and merchandise, propery of plaintiff, and supplied and delivered to defendant at his special instance and request. Demand for payment having been repeatedly made without avail, and the defendant having falled to pay said amount or any portion thereof, and the said amount being now due and owing as per bill of particulars hereto attached and made a part of these proceedings, plaintiff prays judgment of court in its favor for said amount of two hundred nine ty-nine dollars and costs."

CANADIAN PACIFIC **TOURISTS COMING**

Whatever the Canadian-Australian line people may say about cutting out Honolulu in their tourist business, certainly the Hawaiian Islands are left severely unmentioned in the following news article regarding winter excursions in the Pacific about to be insugurated by the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is from a late issue of the Daily Witness, Montreel, where the head offices of the Canadian transcontinental line are situated.

Some good missionary work may be done by the Hawaiian Promotion Com-

would gladly patronize a project which that this new departure will receive a Indirectly, these trips will have the ef-"We couldn't make Valparaiso," and fect of furthering trade relations with Australia and New Zealand, which "Going from Cape Horn to Honolulu countries can take much more of our products than Canada has as yet found a way of putting upon these markets." It is to be hoped that the enterprise of the Canadian Pacific people may

prove contagious with the United States transcontinental lines. THE PRINCE OF PEACEMAKERS.

Before the Spanish-American was there were numerous conferences be tween the leaders of the senate and house in Washington, usually held at the residence of some cabinet mem-A beer suit in court has revealed the ber. At the most exciting stage Senafor Allison, of Iows, the great compromiser, came into a conference where in the government. "Well, Allison," said Secretary Hay, "which side have

you been helping today—those who

want war or those who do not?" Sena-

tor Allison rubbed his hands. "I have

been dwing a liftle for both," he said.

How it happened: Rooney-"Where that old Lawrer Sharpe is lying at did re git th' black eye. Molker the point of death?" Browne-"No. Clancy-"Why, Tim Dolan's just back Well, well, the ruling passion strong from his honeymoon—an' 'twas me advised Tim C git married."-Judge.

Will Not Arrest Lepers.

"If I am elected sheriff," Bob Wilcox is reported as telling the Hawsiians in recent speeches, "I will get rid of the leper hospital at Kalihi, and I promise that if elected, I will not arrest any one suspected of being a leper."

Wilcox is making the most of this of them evidently have taken the trouble to ascertain whether the "gastank" soldier could fulfill the promise.

Even if Wilcox should by any circumstance be elected, and which he will not be, he would soon discover that he was not supreme in the police affairs of this island.

The Organic Act has been studied a good deal of late by those who are absorbing the provisions of the County Act, and they have come to the conclusion that no matter who is elected as sheriff this officer will be subject to the command of the High Sheriff, who will still hold office.

Section 79 of the Organic Act says: "High Sheriff-That there shall be High Sheriff and deputies who shall have the powers and duties of the Marshal and deputies of the Republic of Hawaii under the laws of Hawaii. except as changed by this Act, and subject to modification by the Legisla-

The section following provides for the appointment by the Governor of territorial officers, including the High Sheriff, * * * "who shall hold office for four years."

There is no provision providing for the abolishing of the office of High Sheriff. The Organic Act refers to the matter only as "subject to modification by the Legislature." Modification already made as those who have studied the matter have concluded, does not imply a wiping out of the office of High Sheriff, nor does the County Act say anything about it. It is admitted that the Couny Act provides the same or similar duties for the sheriff as now appertain to the High Sheriff, but it does not cut the latter out.

"Suppose for the sake of argument," said a prominent Republican committee officer, that Wilcox was elected and made no arrests of lepers, the High-Sheriff could arrest them himself.

SIKUCKAI SHANGHAI

Frank Vida, formerly of this city, suffered a sunstroke at Shanghai at the conclusion of a polo game wherein he distinguished himself. Mr. Vida's work is thus described by a Shanghai paper: "Vida's play for the winners was a feature of the game; he showed to greater advantage than in his previous essaya and his work was at times brilliant. P. Crighton for the losers was also in great form."

Mr. Vida has sufficiently recovered to send on the news of his sunstroke. He says at the time the heat was 101 in the shade. The railroad locating party he has been with encountered an even higher temperature it being 107 degrees fahrenheit at 11 o'clock at night on the deck of a river houseboat.

BIDS FOR STEAM **ROLLERS OPENED**

Bids for furnishing steam road rollers to the Department of Public Works were opened at noon yesterday. The contract is not yet awarded, as the question of relative efficiency between the different types of machine offered is to be considered. Th higher bidder for all sises has furnished the department with most of its road machinery heretofore for some years past. Following are the bids:

Henshaw, Bulkley & Co., represented by A. L. Young-6-ton, \$2429; 15-ton, \$3600; 19-ton, \$3855; 20-ton, \$4055. Buffalo Steam Roller Co., represented by John H. Wilson 5 ton, \$1995; 15-

ton, \$8255; 20-ten, \$3517.50.

"PAT" LANNAN WILL VISIT US

P. H. Lannan, better known throughout the Rocky mountain region as 'Pat" Lannan, and until recently the principal owner of the Salt Lake Tribune, of Sait Lake City, Utab, will shortly visit Honolulu enroute to Japan. Mr. Lannan was identified with the Tribune during the long period of Hon, C. C. Goodwin's editorship. Mr. Lannan disposed of his interest in the Tribune a couple of years ago to Perry Heath, formerly First Assistant Postmaster-General, and to Thomax Kearns, at present United States Senstor from Utah. Mr. Lampan has been identified with Utah and Nevada pubile affairs for the past thirty-five

Contractors Offer to Accept the Bonds,

"We will be able to turn the wheels pretty scon." Such was Superintendent H. E. Cooper's comment upon an important Rem of news he gave out yesterday.

"Since President Roosevelt has approved the Loan Act the contractors are ready to take the bonds in payment for any government work awarded to them by contract," Mr. Cooper said, adding: "I have received several offers of that kind. So we will be able to furn the wheels pretty soon. I hope. "I have extended the contract for the new road from Pahala to the Volcano House, so as to include sections 2 and 3, which means practically the completion of that road at no distant date. "Tenders for leving the curbs in the

front of the Judiciary building grounds have been called for. The work in the rear cannot very well be done until after the proposed extensive repairs to the building itself will have been accomplished. In doing that work a good deal of debris would have to be removed through the rear of the grounds."

Whar improvements to the extent provided for in the Loan Act, together, with the new asylum, schoolhouses and other much-needed public buildings may be counted on among the improvements earliest to be undertaken whenever the bond issue becomes available.

INSURANCE BUREAU IN WORKING ORDER

The office of the Deputy Insurance Commissioner, George E. Smithles, in the front tower room facing the office of Treasurer Kepolkai, ex-officio Commissioner, has been neatly furnished in readiness for business when the new insurance law comes into effect on October 1.

The nucleus of an insurance library is already existent in the office. Mr. Kepcikal bought two insurance year books for 1903-04, one bound in blue relating to life and miscellaneous, and the other in red to fire and marine insurance. They are handsomely got-up volumes and form a pretty complete encyclopedia of insurance information. Another volume which has been received with the compliments of the Spectator Co., New York, publishers, is entitled, "Fire Insurance Laws, Taxes and Fees," being a digest of statutes in the United States and Canada relating to fire insurance companies and agents, with many quotations from the laws in question. This book also contains a compliation of county and municipal taxes and fees, the whole being revised up to August 1, 1903. There is in the work an ample abstract of the insurance law of the Territory of Hawall enacted by the Legislature of 1903,

SEASON'S BASE

The total receipts of the baseball leogue this season exceeded \$7,000, which breaks the record for Honolulu baseball. Of this amount one-fourth goes, to the league teams, of the balance about \$3,000 will go towards diminishing the \$9,000 debt incurred by the trustees in the establishment of

President Paul Isenberg of the Board of Trustees is very much gratified over the success of the baseball mission to this country, either as re-gards collection of head tay on their rons of the game for their constant attendance.

Alternative to Exhibit.

Superintendent Cooper was asked if there was any talk by the Hawalian Exhibit management about sending a Hawaiian militia company to St. Louis. His enswer was that a company might be sent if the general exhibit failed. In that case it would be the best drilled company of the Hawaiian National

Traveler (from Podunk)-"Is this here th' bureau of information?" Railroad clerk-"It is." Traveler-"Well, about six hours ago a feller took my watch an' saighel around th' corner to git my hame engraved on 'em, so they wouldn't git lost, an' I wanter know if the engravers of this 'ere town are

When Bill Nye one day happened on the modest sign of the late Major Pond, the lecturer manager, in a window of the Everett House, in New York, he said to a friend who accompanied him: "Here's the man that incites the lecturers, let's go in and see if we can't induce him to lead a better life." Entering, Nye removed his hat and ran his hand over his bairless expanse of head, and, after staring about for a moment, said: "This is Major Pond, I believe." "Yes, sir. What can I do for you?" answered the Major, T want to get a job on the platform," "Ab-yes," said the Major slowly; "have you had experience?" "Well, I've been before the "Yes? May I ask in what capacity?" "Twe been with Barnum. Sat concealed in been with Barnum. Sat concealed in a permanent cure. It never falls and the bottom of a cabinet and exhibited is pleasant to take. For sale by all

Danger aboad ! The engineer doesn't see the broken rail.

> you if you pay no attention to your wask throat and lungs. **Ayer's**

give way. Some extra strain, as a fresh cold, and you are down with bronchitis or pneumonia. Better strengthen these weak places before it is too late. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral heals these irritable throats, gives tone to the relaxed membranes, and imparts strength to the lungs,

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.
Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

Prepared by Br. L. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

Hollister's Roach Food KILLS COCKROAGHES **25**c TRY IT

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.,

FORT STREET.

MOANA HOTEL.

WAIKIKI BEACH

RAPID TRANSIT ELECTRIC CARS arrive at, and depart from, the main entrance to the Moana

MOANA HOTEL CO., LTD.

TOTAL CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR ASSESSMENT CHAS, BREWER CO.'S NEW YORK LINE

BARK NUUANU Sailing from NEW YORK to HONOLULU November 5th 10th, FREIGHT TAKEN AT LOWEST RATES, For freight rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO. 27 Kilby St., Boston,

Dodging a Subject.

OB C. BREWER & CO.,

'I was in Madrid, Spain, six months

after the close of the war," said the American tourist, as quoted in an exchange, "and wanted to take a run" down to the old city of Toledo. I had heard, however, that the feeling against Americans was very bitter in the latter city and it struck me that it would be a good thing to get a little advice. The landlord had been very kind and courteous, though a Spaniard, and I put the

case before him. "Senot," he replied, after a bit, "if you went to Toledo would you mention anything about your Admiral Dewey

and Manila bay?" "I should not," I replied.

"Nor Santiago and Admiral Samp-

2011 T" "No."
"Nor the fight on San Juan hill and

General Torral's surrender?" "No."

"And would you refer to our loss of Cuba and the Philippines?" "Not a refer."

"Well, I think you can safely go to Toledo," he said, after looking me over, but my advice to you, in case the painful subject is touched upon is to may that you expected Spain to whip the United States within thirty days, and you can't tell why the devil she

THE IDEA which some people have that chronic diarrhoea is incurable is mistake. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy not only gives immediate relief but will effect my head as the largest estrich egg in Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawail.

took three months to do it!"

to Mothers of Growing Girls. I The entire Tramways system has now passed under the management of the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co., and interchangeable transfers will The deed transferring the real estate of the Hawaiian Tramwaye Co. to the Rapid Transit Co. for \$20,000 was filed yesterday morning, and the deed

immediately on changing the old road. The intention at present is to start trouble began with the first critical building at the lower end of Fort street to connect with the waterfront line. time of her life. "From the time I The electric line will be carried up Fort street, probably to Beretania and then branch out to Nuuanu, thence out to Bates atreet. To meet the objection to suffered constantly from female weakthe electric cars on narrow Fort street, it has been decided to run the motors at a very slow rate of speed, so that they will hardly be as objectionable as

The tram line will be maintained for the present, both on Nunanu and Beretania streets. What will be the future policy of the Rapid Transit Co., in regard to the Berstania street line is still a matter of conjecture. For the present at least electricity will not be substituted on Beretania street line, and vous and grew constantly worse. the horse cars will be maintained as usual. Manager Ballentyne will issue Then I began to have palpitation of orders immediately for transfers from the electric cars, good on the trans, the heart and my blood became in a and vice versa.

now be given on the electric and tram cars.

the horse cars now are.

The remaining property of the Hawalian Tramways Co. in Hawaii, was turned over by Mr. Pain to Manager Ballentyne and L. Tenney Peck, treasurer of the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Co. on Friday morning, Manager Pain receiving an order to that effect by cable, from the London management. Mr. Ballentyne will manage both the horse and electric lines; Sidney Pain, a cousin of the former manager, being designated as superintendent of the

The deed of transfer put on record yesterday is signed by C. M. Davidson chairman of the Board of Directors in London, F. L. Clark, secretary and Charles C. Erickson, a director. The deed was signed in London on July 28th, and is attested by H. Clay Evans, American Consul General. The consideration was \$30,000 and the property conveyed consists of the Punahou barns, the Palolo Valley lot, Kalihi stables and all the right of way and other real property which was owned in the Territory by the Hawaiian Tramways Co. The personal property, franchise, etc., will be conveyed in the deed to be filed to-

The deal was closed in San Francisco by E. H. Rollins & Co., on September 17th, the deeds arriving here Friday evening on the Hongkong Maru. The my friends know what good Dr. Wiltotal consideration was \$300,000, of which one-half was paid in Rapid Transit liams Pink Pills for Pale People have

The Hawaiian Tramways Co. has already decided to go into liquidation and it has appointed one of the best known chartered accountants in the city of London to act as liquidator. It will be his duty to receive and distribute the assets of the company pro rata to the shareholders of the Hawalian Tramways. Co. These number about 600. About one-third of the stock is held in the ple. No discovery of modern times islands, and the balance is owned in Great Britain.

For the present the officers and employees of the Hawalian Tramways Co., will be retained by the Honolulu Rapid Transit Co.

P. C. JONES, BANKERS' DELEGATE.

P. C. Jones has been chosen to represent the members of the American strength and health in the exhausted Bankers' Association in Hawaii at the annual convention to be held next patient when every effort of the phymonth in San Francisco. Mr. Jones will carry with him an earnest invitation sician proves unavailing. from the island bankers to the men present at the convention to extend their Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale journey to Hawaii. Mr. Jones leaves for San Francisco on October 13th, and People have become famous over the the bankers are confident that he can represent them at the convention as no other man can. The convention date is October 21st and Mr. Jones willtry to prevail upon some of those present to return to Honolulu with him. The following correspondence by cable passed between Secretary Carter and Treasurer Kepoikai yesterday:

Rochester, N. Y., September 26, 1903. Treasurer Kepoikai, Honolulu.

The stock market is in a critical condition and I fear delay. Does not Act The stock market is in a critical condition and I leaf delay.

of Legislature prevent private sales of Territorial bonds? Answer New clark, Washington.

CARTER. Willard, Washington.

The following answer was cabled to Washington before noon: Treasurer's Office.

Honolulu, September 26, 1903. G. R. Carter, New Willard, Washington. Tenders for bonds advertised to open here at 12 o'clock noon on October

19, 1903. Insert the following tenders in such papers as deemed advisable: Territory of Hawaii, Office of Treasurer Sealed tenders will be received by the Treasurer of the Territory until 12 o'clock noon of Monday, October 19, 1903, for the sale of Territorial five per

cent, bonds issued under provisions of Act 42, Session Laws of 1903, to the amount of \$750,000. Payments to be made as called for between the first day of November and the first day of January. Tenders to be in sums not less than \$1,000 each, payable in United States gold coin. No tender will be accepted at less than 98 per cent. of par value. These bonds have been approved by the President of the United States to the amount of \$1,229,108.63. A. N. KEPOIKAI,

According to Pacific steamer schedules, the foregoing notice would only Treasurer leave four or five days for New York bidders to forward their tenders in time. Governor Dole's attention was called to this fact yesterday afternoon and he immediately took it into consideration. There does not appear to be any reason, however, why New Yorkers cannot bid by cable in one word through

Superintendent Cooper said the question Secretary Carter raises about private sales need not be an obstacle to what he mentioned in the Advertiser interview yesterday—the acceptance by contractors of bonds in payment on Public Works contracts. It might perhaps be necessary for the contractors to bid a price at which they would accept the bonds and if that was not below

par it would be satisfactory.

LAND SALES YESTERDAY.

A series of judicial land sales was conducted by James F. Morgan, suctioneer, yesterday noon at the front entrance of the Judiciary building. There scribed by section 1 of the act approved March 3, 1903. was a large attendance and the prices realized are considered by real estate men good for the times. For W. O. Smith, administrator of the estate of Ethel P. N. Gay, deceased,

a seventh interest in two pieces of land at Wailuku, containing respectively 68-100 acre and 7.13 acres, was sold and fell to Arthur F. K. Gay for \$209. Next came sales of property in the estate of M. G. Silva, involved in foreclosure, divorce and bankruptcy complications to the amount of about \$8900. F. H. Loucks was commissioner of sale in these cases.

A lot in Kuakini street of 3425 square feet, having a substantial house on it, was sold for \$450 to A. K. Ozakawa. A lot at Kapaakea, near the baseball park, of 51-100 acre was sold for

'\$1100 to A. K. Ozawa.

A lot at Wilder avenue and Makiki street of 39,110 square feet was sold

George Lucas, commissioner of sale in the foreclosure suit of W. F. Allen against S. K. Kane and wife, had property sold as follows:

Lot at Kalia, Waikiki, 6234 square feet, for \$275, and lot at Palikea, Nuu-

anu, 1.61 acres, for \$1000, both to F. W. Mactarlane.

Lot at Kalia, 5981 square feet, for \$325, and lease of lot in King opposite South street, 302 fathoms, nine years to run at annual rental of \$100, for \$600, both to J. A. Magoon: An eld native named Kalaeokekol entered a written protest to the sale of the lease, which was read before the lease was

More than an hour was taken up in the foregoing sales, dwing to the reading of decrees and advertisements, and at their conclusion and the disappearance of nearly the whole crowd the Commissioner of Lands, by a clerk. sold the lease for five years of 162 acres at Kawainui, Onomea, for \$480 per annum, and the lease for 21 years of 322 acres of forest land for \$50 per annum, both to the Onomea Sugar Co., represented by George H. Robertson, the figures stated being the upset prices.

Notwithstanding objections backed by affidavits that the price was too low, one expert saying by more than half, the foreclosure sale of the Schmidt property for \$25,000 was confirmed by Judge De Bolt.

Onomea still leads in exchange sales. Altogether there were reported total sales of 555 shares, the week end seeing the quotation at \$34, an increase of two points. There were sales of 255 at \$32, which was the closing quotation of a week ago, the sales the laster part of the week being 325 & 84 Company, have returned to Japan Honokaa was quite active during the weak, the demand for the etock, due to from an interesting visit to Ocean Isithe good reports from the plantation forcing the price from \$13.3-4 to \$14. and. The visit was made for the pur-There was one sale of 100 at \$12.75 and later in the week of 340 at \$14.

Other sales during the week were: Hawaiian Sugar 60 at \$24. Ewa 60 at

\$23, Olas 50 at \$10 I-4, Wailukn 20 at \$275. In Walalus there was one sais of about 15,000,000 tons. Mr. Toshino, it There was one sale of H. R. & T. bonds reported, \$5,000 at \$104 1-4, which

is believed to have been of the bonds sent to San Francisco in the Tramways the working of these deposits, for supexchange. A number of small sales in Pioneer Mill were also reported. Dange. A number of small sales in Pioneer Mill were also reported.

A cablegram to the Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd. resterday gives there. The quality of the phosphates quotations on Hawalian Sugar stocks in San Francisco as follows:

The postponed meeting of the Pais and Haiku plantations will be held the islands in the Indian Ocean. Ocetomorrow morning to complete the details of the deal which has now been in an Island, which is a coral island, is

The Inter-Island Telegraph Co. has now opened communication with Hilo Ltd., of London and Sydney, and is over its new line. The telegraph from Mahukona to Hilo has been in opera- situated to the south-west of the Giltion for a week or more, and now the auditor will be asked to issue a warrant for the first \$1,000 voted to the wireless as a subsidy.

Assessor Pratt is beginning to get in a few registered warrants for taxes, are received at Sydney from Ocean The warrants are accepted at par in payment of taxes or any other debt out Island for local use and export.—Syd-BRE 18 PER RELEGIOUS DEF Herald.

"Mothers cannot be too careful of girls who are approaching womanhood," says hars. D. F. Dowd, of Nephi City, Utah. She speaks from the for the personal property will be recorded tomorrow. Work will be started fullness of experience, for her own ness and my present good health is due entirely to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as you will see. I caught cold," she continued, "at a critical time and endured tortures as a consequence. the heart and my blood became in a wretched condition. I felt tired and languid all the time and was hardly

able to get around at my work. "None of the medicines that I tried made any difference in my health. I was nearly discouraged when I heard from my uncle, Mr. J. Brandon, Sr., of Logoch, Manitoba, telling me that he had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with the greatest benefit for nervousness. Then I decided to try them myself, with the result that after taking two boxes, I found I was much better. A few boxes more made me feel like an entirely different person and now I am

done for me." Any woman who is ailing with the troubles peculiar to her sex should try D. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale Peohas proved such a blessing to women as these wonderful vegetable pills. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, invigorating the body, regulating the functions, they restore the

world on account of the wonderful results they have accomplished. They are not like ordinary medicines and cannot be imitated. In order to protecf the public against substitutes, the genuine pills are sold only in boxes bearing the full name in the form of a trade-mark. They may be had at all druggists, or direct by mail at fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half, from the Dr. Williams Medical Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

KEEP TAB ON ALIEN SEAMEN

Secretary Cortelyou of the Department of Commerce and Labor, has sent out instructions to Immigration and Shipping officers, to make such an investigation of every vessel arriving from any other than a mainland port as will enable them to ascertain the alien members of the crews, as well as to learn the intentions of such aliens in seeking land. In his letter of instructions Secretary Cortelyon says:

"Alien seamen who seek to land the regular course of their pursuit, with the bona fide intention of departing as soon as practicable upon some outward bound vessel, are not to be held for examination touching their right to land under the various acts regulating immigration into the United States, nor shall the masters of the vessels upon which they come to a port

"Allen seamen who are discharged orare to be discharged, or who have deserted their vessel at a port of the United States with any other object in view than departing as described in the preceding paragraphs, are in no respect to be distinguished, on account of their prior calling or occupation as seamen, from other aliens seeking adgards collection of head tax on their account or as respects the examination and determination of their right to remain, under the various acts regulating immigration.

"All other aliens signed on the ship's articles of any vessel arriving at a port of the United States shall be examined, and in all respects regarded as alien passengers, on account of whom the head tax shall be collected and who should be admitted or ordered returned to the countries where they came, in accordance with the laws and regulations governing immigration."

Ocean Island.

News was brought from Japan by the Japanese mail stehmer Kasuga Maru yesterday to the effect that Mr. Y. Suzuki, an official of the Bureau of Commerce in the Foreign Office, and Mr. K. Yoshino, the technical adviser to the Tokio Artificial Manure pose of inspecting the vast deposits of is stated, is of opinion that Japan will benefit to a very great extent by produced at the island is described by the Japanese visitors as unsurpassed and as very much superior to that obtained from America, Africa, and bert group in lat. 52 S. and long. 189.25

BALL RECEIPTS Hotel every ten minutes.

the new baseball grounds.

all out on strike."-New York Weekly.

returned Nre. public for a couple of years." captivity."

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MARINE INSURANCE.

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds £3,975,000.

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The very best Lime and in the best containers.

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SUGAR FACTORS. AGENTS FOR The Ewa Plantation Company. The Waialua Agricultural Co., Ltd.

The Kohala Cugar Company, he Walmes Sugar Mill Company. he Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo. The Standard Oil Company. The George F. Blake Eteam Pumps. Weston's Centrifugals. The New England Mutual Life Insur-

ance Company, of Boston, The Actna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn. The Alliance Assurance Company, of

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-LIMITED.-LIFE and FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

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Atna Life Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION. This successful THERAPION. This successful and popular related, used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan Johert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the deciderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything attherto employed. THERAPION NO. I maintains its world-wnowned and well-merited reputation for derangements of the kinders, pains in the back, and kindred ailments, affording prompt relief where where wither well-tried remedies have been powerless. THERAPION NO. 2 for impurity of the blood, equivy, pimples, spots, blotches, mains and swelling of Joints, gout, theomatism, & all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, assessparilla &c., to the destruction of sufferers teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body. THERAPION NO. 3 for exhaustion, siceptenance, and all distreasing consequences of dissipation, worry, overwork, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigor to those suffering from the enervating influences of last and all distreasing the sufficience of the three numbers is resulted, and which of the three numbers is resulted, and observe that the word "Therapion" appears on the British Government Stamp (is white letters on a red ground) affixed to every penuine package by order of His Msjesty's Honclessmissioners, and without which is to a forgery. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

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in Connection With the Canadian-

Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Panff, Glacier, Mount Stephens

Vancouver.

and Fraser Canon, Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver lickets to All Points in Japan, China India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information Apply to TREO. R DAVIES & CO., LTD. Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Lina Canadian Pacific Railway,

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Asty.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'se 🕏 OF BERLIN.

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The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are dangers of the seat at the most reason-

> F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

Beneral insurance Co. for Sea River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. FIA. SCHAEFER & CC.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

YOUR SUGAR CROP

Depends on the right quantity and quality of Ammoniates it has to feed upon, Nitrogen (Ammonia) being the principal material removed from the soil by sugar cane.

As few dollars' worth of

fed to each acre of growing cane will give surprising results.

Planters should read our Bulletins giving results of Agricultural Experiment Station trials. They are sent free. Send name on Post Card. -

WILLIAM S. MYERS, Director, 12-16 John St., New York, U. S. A.

THE CLIFTON

T. K. JAMES, Proprietor.

Private apartments, en suite and sinsle. Finest appointed and furnished house in Hawaii. Mosquito proof throughout. Hotel street, near Alakes.

REGIMENTS ORDERED TO PHILIPPINES Atwood has new music, and with a fine plane just installed, the class will have

the mainland and in the Philippines on Monday evenings at 7:45, free of will begin to take place next month, and as the transports Manila-bound are ordered to make port here, the town should be a financial gainer. It is believed also that transports en route to San Francisco will also call here. With several regiments of soldiers from Manila in town, considerable coin is certain to be left here, as the homeward bound soldiers generally have pretty full purses.

A general order assigning the Twenty-second Infantry to service in the Philippines has been sent to army headquarters at Omaha.

The order requires the Twenty-secand to report to the commanding general of the Department of California at San Francisco in time for embarkation on a transport which sails on or about October 31.

.The Twentieth Infantry has been ordered to San Francisco to embark December 10. Both regiments will be recruited to full strength, and will be fully armed, equipped, and clothed for the campaign before leaving their

Jack's Shore Clothes.

The American man-of-war's-man es not look natty enough when he goes ashore, some naval officers think, and they are urging the Navy Department to increase his wardrobe, the increase suggested to consist of what is known as a muster jacket. It is a sort of bobtail dress coat, made of blue cloth and decorated with brass buttons. Years ago, before any fiving naval officer can remember, the men of the United States Navy had a moster jacket, which got its name from being always worn at Sunday morning inspection. Pictures of blue-jackets of the War

of 1812 show them wearing this garment. A sample of the proposed muster jacket has been made and was recently examined by the officials of the Navy Department. Foreign menof-war's-men have such jackets, and It is contended that they present, on that account, a much nattler appearance than the coatless American RESTORE

Little Ozro-'Paw, what is a charn-know what your maw's spare bedroom looks like"-Puck.

Homburg-Bremen Fire Insurance & CLASSES

Y. W. C. A. Is Ready to instruct its Members.

Young Women's Christian Association matters for the ensuing year are authorized to take risks against the being mapped out by Mrs. H. C. Brown, the general secretary. Classes in varisple rates and on the most favorable ous departments are being formed and the rooms, since the summer inactivity, are again busy. Next week the office and lunch room are to be given over to paper hangers. With this improvement and new floor rugs, sofa pillows, pictures, plants and new books, the rooms will have a cosier appearance than before.

Miss Edith Perkins will instruct a class in stenography, lessons being given one hour every day for which the tuition will be \$10.00 per month. Miss Perkins has taught in a business college in San Francisco and is a competent instructor.

An enthusiastic class in pyrography is already booked for a term of eight weeks, and a fee of 25 cents for each lesson will be charged. Miss Edith King, whose studio is in the Boston block, is the teacher of the class. Outfits have been ordered from the coast, and a number of new and atractive articles are being manufactured expressly for the use of this class,

The Association has been fortunate also, in securing the services of Mrs. H. H. Williams as teacher for the embroidery class. Mrs. Williams will meet with the class Friday evenings, at from 7:20 to 9, beginning October 1. The terms are \$2.50 for ten lessons.

Mrs. Robert More will have a class in china painting on Tuesday afternoons from 2 to 5. The terms are \$1.00 for a three-hour, lesson. Mrs. More's beautiful work has been exhibited in town and her pupils are very enthusiastic about her skill as an instructor.

The class in lace making this year will be conducted by Miss Lizzie Ahia, who taught last year at Maunaolu Seminary, Maui. Miss Ahia will also study this year under Miss Johnson, the new lace teacher who is, soon to arrive in the Islands.

A German reading class is one of the new features of association work which will be conducted by Mrs. French of Oahu College. The class will meet Friday evenings from 8 to 9, and the expense will be \$3.50 for ten lessons. This is not intended as a class for actual beginners, but for those who know a little of the language and would like to read under a competent teacher. Mrs. L. A. Atwood is organizing a Monday evening choral club for both ladies and gentlemen. This will meet on Monday evenings from 7:45 to 9, in the gymnasium, and the tuition will be \$1.50 for a term of ten evenings. Mrs.

ample opportunity to progress. An interchange of several infantry ha Girls' School has kindly offered to Nellie Rak and cavalry regiments stationed in assist ladies in learning Rafila weaving

THE DOCTOR IS RIGHT. "If men were bred as carefully

as domestic animals are, and if they would observe the laws of health, disease would be almost unknown." So declares a famous doctor. And it sounds very fine and easy. But most of us are not well cared for; we must toil and strive and take our chances. Hence a great variety of complaints assail us,-some from without and others created inside our own bodies. A certain kind of humor or impurity in the blood causes a fever; and from other causes arise pneumonis, and various bronchial or lung troubles. Then come disorders of the stomach and bowels; ailments of those important organs, and affections of the skin springing from foul matters in the circulation. The very acts of eating and drinking continually set up disorders of one kind or another; so that, turn where we will, we seem to walk amid dangers. To be safe we must be on guard. To resort to WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION on the first sign or feeling of ill health, can never be a mistake. This medicine covers the wide range of diseases resulting from causes that are most common. It is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. It arrests wasting and renews the whole system. Dr. G. G. Murray, says: "I take pleasure in certifying that I prescribe it for my patients. It has all the properties of cod liver oil with the advantage that it is easy to digest and very agreeable to the taste" One bottle proves its value Effective from the first

THE BYSTANDER

(From Sunday's Daily.)

I shall be in better shape to talk about the propriety of using the Public Works Department for the aid and comfort of Home Rulers if I can learn the politics of the Superintendent. If Mr. Cooper is a Republican then the use which is being made of his patronage for Jimmy Boyd and others of that Home Rule breed is inexcusable. But is he a Republican? Does any one know of his ever having done enything for the Republican party-entered its meetings, subscribed to its funds, worked at the polls, marshaled his forces in its behalf—done anything that good party men are eager and anxious to do for the common good? Is there a soul among us who knows what Cooper's views are on any political question wave the future of Cooper himself? If so let him speak up.

True, I have seen the Superintendent of Public Works in earnest conversation now and then with certain factional Republicars when they were busiest putting up schemes against the administration of which he formed a part. The Bulletin is the only newspaper in Honolulu except Theresa's weekly paper, that has, of late years, expressed political confidence in him, and doubtiess these journals had good reason for doing so. Certainly Therese's paper is his warmest admirer—it always has something "sure kela" or "sure Molke" about "the Hon. Henry E. Cooper;" and Theresa was the one who got the Legislature—Home Rulers and the Solid Thirteen as sponsors—to endorse his administration of the Board of Public Works. She slipped up, doubtless to the deep disgust of the man who put her up to the scheme, in the effort to get the Legislature to pass a vote of want of confidence in Mr. Cooper's colleague, the Republican Secretary of the Territory. Only the other night Theresa was raising the roof to get the Home Rulers to indorse Cooper for Governor and they would have done it save the intimation, from some man of political sense, that the appearance of Cooper as the choice of a Royalist, anti-American, anti-Republican and anti-haole party for Governor would probably kill his chances at Washington. Thinking Home Rulers made up their minds that they could help him most by keeping still.

Doing his politics through the lowest element of the Home Rule party,

giving employment to Home Rulers indiscriminately, keeping aloof from the Republican party, having no political friends who are also friends of good government as it is represented by the sime and objects of the Dole administration, what, I ask again, can be thought of the politics of this "sure kela" statesman? My private opinion is that Cooper has no politics but Cooper; that the man is so eaten up with ambition to erect a personal machine which will help to make him Governor that he is ready to join any party which will afford him voting numbers. In this work his chosen lieutenant is-Theresa! Great God, fellow citizens, isn't a politician to be judged as to his political leanings, as other people are about their personal likings, by the company he

No man who knows the ins and outs of the present grand and petit jury system of Hawaii has the slightest confidence in it. Indeed the jury system of the whole country is in a state of decay and publicists have begun to enter the magazines and reviews to argue for a permadent bench of jurors in each county and district, men of as good character and as highly paid as the best

Hawaii in particular needs such a bench. I sympathize fully with the juror who complained the other day that culprits with clear cases against them were being allowed to go without indictment because of the influence of this or that juryman who was averse to having justice dove. We all remember the packed grand juries of Humphreys' time; but I make bold to declare that no grand jury ever sat here which did not contain certain men who were staked out for certain purposes. For instance in the last previous grand jury an effort was made to investigate the legislative voucher scandals, but just enough men were there, who were friends of the native legislators, to stop all punitive proceedings. May we not infer that they were put there for the purpose, or if not, that the drawing of a mixed jury will always work to the parpose, or it not, that the drawing of a mixed jury will always work to the advantage of implicated natives? I put the question squarely: Is it not true that a native Hawaiian juror, grand or petit, will always vote to acquit a native and convict a white man? Men who have served on juries here know that to be true; and being true it indicts our whole jury system and reveals it as a powerful instrument of injustice and fraud.

While one of the coast steamers was in port, the Bystander noticed a dapper-looking man standing on the pier which runs into Walkiki bay from the Moana Hotel. The traveller swept the crescent-shaped beach with his eyes, critically observed the hotel and resort section, and then freed his mind to the Bystander.

"Say," and I knew him to be a New Yorker, the instant he opened his mouth, "say this is a great place—this Wykicki—tall palms—rolling surf—sandy beach—plenty green in background—fine place—great reaort—all-winter hathing—great—but say, there isn't a Coney Island attraction along the beach—town ought to wake up. I tell you what, a board walk, duplicate of Atlantic City promenade, cught to be built. Spoil the beach? Not a bit of itgreat attraction—well, so long, I've got to get aboard my steamer." And another visitor who had sized up Honolulu's alleged shortcomings in two hours, bolted for a trolley car.

By the way: Was George A. Davis an American citizen when he served as an alderman or councilmen in Canada? . Was not he a British subject? In that event is he an American citizen now? Has he naturalization papers to show or is lie merely practicing American citizenship on the same basis that he claims to be practicing law—without a license? May I seek a simple answer to this query without getting into the plight of the man who turned a spigot for a drink of water and got a shower-bath instead? Question!

There is a heap more in that Humphreys-Hoyt story than my editor was willing to admit. The Bulletin, in behalf of Humphreys, said that Judge Hoyt is an officer of the Episcopal church. That is not true. He is an ardent, a devout and a useful Catholic, as Judge Humphreys very well knows. I suspect that the denial of my story was made to draw out my evidence. But the name of the informant is eacred and it stands for a much higher, level of veracity than that of the man who formally assured the Attorney General that he was not the controlling owner of the late Daily Republican, that he did not write editorial articles for it and that he had nothing to do with politics while he was on the bench.

Hiring an architect is a mighty ticklish piece of business—quite as much so as hiring a lawyer. I had occasion, about six months ago, to employ one for my buildings out Kalihi way. He was to be paid in the usual fashion. such a percentage on the whole bill. It became his blessed privilege and his business venture, thereby, to make the bill as large as possible by means of extras. First thing he did was to put my tanks on stilts far above the level of the water supply. Then he took them down and added \$60 to the account. He made my carriage room too small to hold a surrey and my horse stall so narrow that the horse couldn't turn around. The changes to right dimensions cost me an extra \$75. After the plans had been drawn but before work had At times the 'rritation , was very anbeen started, I told him to make the windows long and narrow, running noying, especially at night, and in the horizontally rather than tall and perpendicular, as the plan had them. He warm weather. I applied some of "forgot" that but remembered to figure the subsequent aite ations into his commission. He wanted to be paid for superintendence and was so paid, but he and I am pleased to say that it gave let the carpenters run unseasoned lumber and cast iron nails into the job. he permitted the oflers to botch the inside finish and the painters to defraud ing disease. me on the outside work. One of his contract items was the building of a chicken house. He was told plainly enough what I wanted, but instead of giving me a low, convenient structure, easy to whitewash inside and out, he built a sort of chicken hotel with a basement. The superstructure was so high that I am thinking of dividing it into storeys and using the attic chamber as a roosting place for eagles. It is now a breeding place for chicken lice, boxes have made a complete cure, of for a cargo of nitrate, then returning Foolishly enough I had given the building contract to one of the architect's pets-a fellow who probably paid him a commission on it-and had the pleasure of paying \$500 on a mechanic's lien. Afterwards I heard that the lumber covered by the lien had not been used on my account at all but had been ordered in my name and used in another house—built by the same architect. The well paid "Superintendent" had not noticed the omission of several thousand feet of lumber from the amount delivered on my contract.

The Brigham-Damien row is not over. Having declined to give Curator Brigham his walking papers because of his free talk about the maftyr-priest of Molokai, the trustees of the Bishop Estate are threatened with a sort of church aprising against them on the mainland. Now I think better of the wise men at the Cathedral than to believe that they will make a religious issue. against free speech. It would be a most impolitic act, seeing that Hawaii now belongs to America. There is nothing that Americans resent more than are on board the ship for Hawalian any form of religious interference with their vested rights as citizens. They merchants and ten passengers have are ready, however, to bow to the discipline of the courts and so, if Catholics are of a mind to have Curator Brigham punished for slanders of the dead, the legal way is open to them. Perhaps a Supreme Court judgment upon the character of Father Damien would be a good thing to get. As for reaching, Hawaii, who have been enjoying a vathe Bishop Estate trustees that is impossible and ought not to be attempted. They do not hire Curator Brigham because of the scorpion twist of his tongue or of the poison glands in his larynx; but for his scientific worth. His recklessness of speech they deplors; but that is his business and the law's, not son, wife of the leading merchant of

Casey—"Shure, they do be tellin' me that Big Moike Monohan wor knocked down be an autymobile, visterday; wor there any bones broke, I dunno?" Conley-"Troth, an' there wor; th' owner av th' divil-wagon got his nose broke, th' chawfer got his jaw broke, an' Big Moike broke th' sicond knuckle av his roight fisht!"-Puck.

Bigby-"I'm saving up money to go to Europe." Highy-"Indeed! How are you getting on?" Bigby—"Fine! I've already got to-gether enough for the tips, and as soon as I can scare up traveling expenses I'm off."-Chicago Daily News.

Had won her: The chronic bachelor finally turned to the quiet be instituted. In the meantime all ofdoes. "You cannot be disap. man, who had taken no part in the discussion. "Would you, sir." fenders coming before the police court be said, "marry the best woman in the world" "I did," was the will be committed for examination by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for chemists here and everywhere, reply-Judge.

Hair 55 Inches Long Grown by Guticura.

NEWSERY & Sons, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Square, London, E. C., a strand of soft, glossy hair cut from her own head and measuring fifty-five inches in length,

of which the annexed drawing is a photographic fac-simile. She attributes her magnificent head of hair to frequent sharepers with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings of Curicuna gently rabbed into the scrip. Previous to the use of Curri-CURA, her hair was dry, thin, and lifeless, and came out in handfuls to such an extent that she feared she would lose soon it.

This is but one of many remarkable cases of the preservation and restoration of the hair in seemingly hopeless cases by warm shampoos with Curiouna Soar, followed by light dressings of Cornerate purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, clears the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandroff. soothes irritated, itching surfaces, summlates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow on a clean, sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp, when all else fails.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN use Currouna Soar exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Erry Humour.

Consisting of Currepra Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the Consisting of Cufficher Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, Cufficher Ointment, to instantly allay incling, inflammation, and irritation, and sbothe and heal, and Cufficher Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. A Single Set is often sufficient to cure the most northing, disfiguring, and humilisting skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the wolld. Aust. Depot: R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot. Lennon Ltd., Caps. Town. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free. Potter Drug and Chem. Coep., Sole Props., Cufficher Remedies, Boston, U. S. A.

DR J COLLIS BROWNE' CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Coughs, olds, esthma and Bronchitis. DR. J. COLLIS PROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant. Freeman. was deliberately untrue, and re regretted to wy it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1854

DIN J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITH-OUT PEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARBHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon. Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely

Dr. Gibon., Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLJC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA. IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles. Sole-Manufacturers. J. T. Day, anort. I imited. London.

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WHAT A BLESSING NEW PRIMATE OF

Many People Are Learning to Appréciate in Honolulu.

What a blessing it is. Sought after by thousands. Honolulu is finding it out. Many a miserable man is happy now. Nights of unrest, days of trouble. Any itching skin disease means this. Itching Piles mean it.

to cure. But Doan's Ointment relieve at once, and cures all itchiness of the skin. A blessing to a suffering public. Here's proof to back our statement; Mr. H. Ryall, of No. 11, Grosvenor

St., South Yarra, a very old resident of Melbeurne, Australia, states complaint known as irritating piles. me the desired relief from this annov-

Doan's Ointment is splendid in all diseases of the skin: Eczema, piles, hives, insect bites, sores, chilblains, etc. It is perfectly safe and very ef- Kona to Chile. The men signed for a fective. Very frequently two or three year. The Kona will first go to Chile chronic cases that have not yielded to to Kahului and later going to the other remedies for years.

Doan Ointment is sold by all chemists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., agents for the Hawailan Islands.

Galbraith Coming Home.

The large ship Fells of Clyde, Captain Matson, is to sail this morning for Hile. Several thousand tons of freight been booked for the trip, the list including Judge and Mrs. Galbraith of cation in this city; A. P. Sissons, a retired merchant of Hilo, and Mrs. Ma-Hilo, with her two daughters, returning home from a visit to this country .-

Oriminal Law Muddle,

Governor Dole says he will not consider the matter of a special session of the Legislature to rectify the 'Infamous punishment" muddle until the Supreme Court has decided whether Judge Gear's decision is correct. The question can be taken up on an appeal in any habeas corpus case that may the grand fury.

Ministration of the same

EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Episcopalians here have noted the emoval by death of Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island, late presiding Bishop of the American Episcopal church, and the ascension to the primacy of Bishop Tuttle of Missouri, he being the oldest bishop in office in the church in the United States and its dependencies.

Eczema just as bad, and just as bad Thirty-six years ago Bishop Tuttle was ordained, and was made the bishop of Montana, with jurisdiction over Utah and Idaho. He left immediately upon being ordained for Montana. where he remained until 1869, in which year he went to Salt Lake City to For some considerable time Y have make his home. Bishop Tuttle rebeen a sufferer from that annoying mained in Utah until 1888, when he was made the bishop of Missouri, with headquarters at St. Louis Missouri will continue to be his home, although he Doan's Ointment, which I had obtained will be the head of the Episcopai church in America.

Native Sailors Shipped.

Two Hawaiians were shipped yesterday for the long cruise on the schooner Sound.

Konala Baseball League, A four-team baseball league has been

formed among the plantation men in Kohala, and the first game will be played as soon as the grounds are in shape. The officers of the association are: J. M. Hind, president; George Blake, treasurer and secretary; managing committee, F. C. Patton, Rev. E. B. Turner, H. L. Hoistein, G. P. Tulloch, S. P. Woods, E. Quinn and Ban Zablan.

Great Race Begins.

The round-the-island yacht race began yesterday afternoon about 5 o'clock from Pearl Harbor. The yachts Gladys, La Paloma and Helene are in the race for the trophy. The expectation is that they will finish on Sunday. There will be a stop-over at Hafelwa.

COULD SCARCELY WALK - Mr. G. S. Purton, a resident of Kyneton, Victoria, Australia, says: "Some time ago I was attacked with severe pains and stiffness in my legs, which affected me so that I could scarcely walk, when I was recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Baim by our local chemist, Mr. Stredwick, I have used it once a day since, and have experienced worderful relief. I am indeed grateful for the good it has done me and shall be happy to recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm to anyone